

Thailand

Wats and Waterfalls

A Greentours Trip Report

3rd to 18th December 2023

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Daily Accounts and Systematic Lists written by Paul Cardy

Summary

For all of us this was a memorable butterfly tour. From the first morning on which two of the group told me was their best morning ever, throughout the tour, on every day were special highlights.

Mud puddling was superb with discrete assemblages of swallowtails, pierids, crows, and blues especially packed so densely it was stunning. The highlight for most of us was the scarce and very special Glorious Begum, a well named nymphalid, we saw it on two consecutive days at Khao Sok.

Nymphalids were myriad with Sergeants, Sailors, Commanders, Cruisers, Lacewings, Leopards, and Yeomen. Grandly named forest floor limenitidids featured, with Barons, Counts, Marquises, Archdukes, and Viscounts.

Hairstreaks were unusually numerous, with Sapphires, Silverlines, Oakblues, Plushblues, Imperials, and the wonderfully named Common Posy and Fluffy Tit.

More memorable highlights were Wizard, at least two species of Gem, Jungleking, Eyed Cyclops, Blue Dandy, Green Commodore, all four Map species, Maplets, all three Assyrian species, the distinctive blue *Una usta*, Common Faun, and the amusingly named Common Duffer. I've never seen so many Autumn Leafs (leaves?) anywhere. The metalmark White Punch was rather common at Doi Suthep, and Punchinello was seen at various sites.

Birds struggled to compete, but highlights were White-crested Hornbill (together with the more usual Great and Oriental Pied Hornbills), Violet Cuckoo, Collared Kingfisher, five Black Bazas lined up on a wire, Golden-bellied Gerygone, and Ruby-cheeked Sunbird. The mixed flocks on Doi Inthanon were as always active and seen closely, comprising the now split endemic Doi Inthanon Sunbird, as well as Black-throated and Gould's Sunbirds, Ashy-throated Warbler (only here in Thailand), Dark-backed Sibia, Rufous-winged Fulvetta, and Bar-throated Minla.

Hard to believe we saw two Sun Bears in one day, but we did! The first was a great surprise, and a bonus, seen so closely and for so long. But a few hours later to see a second bear was just remarkable. That one we watched for as long as we wanted. This was near to where we'd chanced upon a Leopard on my previous visit!

Gibbon calls gave a memorable soundtrack at Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok. Dusky Langurs were seen closely, and Long-tailed Macaques and Stump-tailed Macaques remarkably closely. Kitti's Hog-nosed Bat, the world's smallest mammal, was found by venturing into a cave.

Fine damsels and dragonflies were a feature, alongside a great variety of other insects and invertebrates. Among the damsels were *Aristocypha fenestrella*, *Rhinagrion mima*, and *Megalestes kurahashii*, and notable was the distinctive dragonfly *Pseudothemis jorina*.

Days 0 and 1 Monday 4th and Tuesday 5th December Arrival and Chiang Mai

I had spent a few days in Chiang Mai, also visiting Chiang Rai, before the group arrived on Monday evening. Soon all were assembled at the airport, our hotel a short drive from there, a new one for us this year, and excellent, a beautiful Lanna style hotel, with attractive gardens. We enjoyed an excellent dinner, the restaurant having stayed open for our late evening arrival this year. The food was excellent with an extensive choice of Thai dishes, other Asian fare, and even European choices.

Above the city rise the fine forested slopes of Doi Suthep National Park. Centred on the eponymous temple, the main attraction here for most visitors, the park comprises mixed oak/magnolia forest, dipterocarp forest, waterfalls, and caves. Tuesday morning saw us heading up here for the day, and in less than an hour we were in fine tranquil habitat. Our hotel was ideally situated for visiting Doi Suthep, and we avoided long traffic light queues and were very soon in the park.

We first visited a waterfall amid fine forest, with few other visitors. Butterflies began immediately with the skippers *Iton semamora* and *Iambrix salsala* and the metalmark White Punch, of which there were several, and Punchinello. Red-base Jezebel was attractive and Cruisers settled on waterfall rocks. New species came one after another with *Neptis miah*, Knight, Common Nawab. Red Lacewing, Siamese Black Prince, and Burmese Batwing. Two Awls taking salts on the road were the highlight, the stunning *Choaspes benjaminii formosanus*. Hairstreaks were represented by beautiful Common Posy and Common Imperial. There were many other invertebrates, including a mantid, a fine *Nephila* in its web, and the thorn spider *Gasteracantha doriae*.

We started to walk slowly down the beautiful forested road. Clipper was on the wing. Great Barbet had been calling since we arrived. Turning our attention to the birds, we saw Grey-chinned and Ashy Minivets, Flavescent, Puff-throated and Black-crested Bulbuls, a female Violet Cuckoo, Greater Racket-tailed, Ashy, and Bronzed Drongos, and Orange-bellied Leafbird.

Having reached the vehicles, a short drive took us a little higher on the mountain. Our next walk began with Commander, Red Helen, Common Earl, and the lovely *Yasoda tripunctata*. Here were a pair of the damsel *Coeliccia chromothorax*.

Beautiful butterflies kept coming with Striped Blue Crow, Grey Count, Green Dragontail, and Golden Birdwing. Cruisers nectared on an impressive Poinsettia. Among blues were *Lestranicus transpectus*, *Actyolepis puspa*, Common Pierrot, and Quaker.

We enjoyed a superb lunch at a new cafe, tables outside offering fine views of the city below. Independently two of the group told me they had just enjoyed their best butterfly morning anywhere, ever, it certainly had been very special.

We were keen to get back into the field as soon as possible. Butterflies continued with Tailed Judy, Red-spot Jezebel, Yellow Jezebel, *Koruthialos rubecula*, and *Cupitha purreea*. Velvet-fronted Nuthatch worked trunks. Striped Sun Skinks and Many-lined Sun Skink scuttled through the leaf litter.

The beautiful *Euploea mulciber* patrolled a leafy path, where Chocolate Soldier also flew. The lovely lycaenid *Heliophorus indicus* was admired. Among pierids were Indian Small White, Anderson's Grass Yellow, and generally higher flying Tree Yellows. Metallic Caerulean flashed blue and Common Caerulean and the Malayan were seen too. Purple Leaf Blue was admired. Among skippers Chestnut Bob was much in evidence and Common Banded Demon was here.

Among the plants, a distinctive branched species of *Commelina* awaits identification, *Castanopsis acuminatissima* represented the Fagaceae, there were *Canarium bengalense*, a species of *Argyreia*, and an *Impatiens*. Tortoise Beetles were admired, and various *Ypthima*, especially *Ypthima baldus*, flew low along the grassy edges.

Higher up the forested slopes, Common Windmill was on the wing. Today there was only a small selection of moths around the buildings here, many fewer than on recent visits. Among species were a clouded magpie *Abraxas lugubris*, the chocolate tip *Clostera fulgerita*, and the small uraniids *Acropteryx leptaliata* and *Orudiza prothecliana*. Sooty-headed Bulbuls were rather common, and another fagaceous tree was *Castanopsis diversil*.

Other butterflies today included Tailed Green Jay, Great Orange Tip, Banded Treebrown, Dark Brand Bushbrown, Rustic, Vagrant, and Common Sailor.

Back in town, now dark, we enjoyed another great dinner.

Days 2 to 4 Wednesday 6th to Friday 8th December Doi Inthanon

Time to say farewell to our beautiful hotel, we left Chiang Mai after another good breakfast. The morning was spent exploring a fine forested valley to the west of town where things began with a thorn spider, Common Maplet, a selection of dragonflies and damselfly, an emerald moth, and a tree gecko on tree. One tree was full of Leopards! The butterfly Common Leopard.

We walked a level easy path along the riverside and fine forest, seeing Chocolate Albatross, Glassy Tiger, Common Sailor, Common Castor, *Everes lacturnus*, and Common Tit.

Before long we were admiring the beautiful red winged dragonfly *Neurothemis fulvia*, a common species here. Cambridge blue Malayan Wanderers flew along the track, where Bowring's Slender Skinks moved through the leaf litter. The beautiful damselfly *Heliocypha biforata* flew at the water's edge. There were several fine *Argiope* in webs, another attractive thorn spider, and a fine selection of other invertebrates included various bugs and beetles. The fern *Lygodium* twined through the lush vegetation.

Butterflies continued with Common Fourring and Common Duffer, and Odonata continued with Sombre Skimmer and *Orthetrum pruinatum*. There were several forms of the lizard *Calotes versicolor*. On the forest floor were both the impressive Common Archduke and Black-tip Archduke, and Leopard Lacewing was admired. Male Danaid Eggfly was admired.

It was time to continue west, and we now headed purposefully towards Doi Inthanon National Park, at 2565m the eponymous mountain being Thailand's highest point. There was little to detain us on route and the pretty quiet highway meant we made very good progress. A short supermarket stop allowed for a few practicalities.

Soon we arrived in the tranquil gardens surrounding our lodge. We settled into the comfortable rooms. A huge lunch had been prepared for us, delicious, but rather too much food! The weather was fine and there was much butterfly activity, including impressive Great Mormons.

After a short break to get organised back in our rooms, we set out on foot to further explore the gardens, and walk into the surrounding dry forest. By the lake were a number of dragonflies including Orange-winged Groundling, *Orthetrum pruinosum*, *Potamarcha congener*, and *Rhyothemis variegata*. *Pseudothemis jorina* was especially distinctive with prominent white markings at the base of the abdomen, and *Pseudagrion rubriceps* was among the damsels. The impressive gomphid *Ictinogomphus decoratus melaenops* patrolled the water's edge.

Great Orange-tips nectared on bougainvillea, and Yellow Orange-tips were common. White-throated Kingfisher perched. An asclepiad vine with pale yellow flowers was probably *Telosma minor*. The dragonfly *Rhyothemis variegata*, with its distinctive yellow and black patterned wings, was in the air. We found a selection of impressive caterpillars. The butterfly variety continued with Common Palmfly, Tiny Grass Blue, Lime Blue, Long-tailed Blue, Commander, and Common Oak-blues. Western Striped Squirrels were acrobatic along wires, and a rhinoceros beetle was admired.

The late afternoon light was superb and we had fine views of Indochinese Roller, Blue-tailed Bee-eater, and Ashy Woodswallow. I stayed out until dusk, reaching lychee plantations. The 'black arches' seen was *Lymantria singapura* and the silvery white geometer was *Acropteris leptaliata*. Frogs at the small pool near the hotel, that always jumped in at close approach, were *Limnonectes taylori*.

The following day, a fine morning saw the start of our full day spent on the mountain. Birding around the lodge before breakfast produced a selection of common species but we were rather too early, with little activity yet!

Just a couple of kilometres drive and we were at Doi Inthanon park gates where I paid the entrance fee.

At the first stop was Common Archduke and the damsel *Copera marginipes*, with distinctive yellow legs, flew at the water's edge. The silvery geometer with short hindwing tails was *Micronia aculeata*, seen at several sites during the tour. The first of several interesting legumes were in flower. Cascader dragonflies frequented the waterfall, and there was a good selection of damsels, among them the lovely *Heliocypha perforata*. The grass yellows *Eurema simulatrix* and *Eurema blanda* were on the wing, and Grey Count was here.

Next we walked a path down through forest to a very impressive waterfall. The attractive *Mnais andersonii* and *Vestalis gracilis* were among the damsels. The flora was impressive, notably a lovely little *Sonnerila*, a large pink flowered *Melastoma*, a *Commelina*, and a lovely bright yellow gesneriacean. There was also a selection of grasshoppers, and *Nephila* in webs. Butterflies continued with Common Treebrown, Common Evening Brown, and White Punch. A highlight was a simply superb caterpillar. This interesting trail is now little used and it became so overgrown that the trail petered out and we had to turn back, but it was not so far to where we'd begun.

We made the short drive to the impressive waterfall, something of a culture shock as it was busy with visitors, unlike most of the places we stopped which we had to ourselves. Burmese Batwing was on the wing.

In the HQ gardens were *Orthetrum pruinosum* and the striking *Trithemis aurora*. Indeed this was an excellent stop for odonata, among the other species seen being many Oriental Greenwings, *Matrona basilaris*, *Agriocnemis femina*, *Agriocnemis pygmaea*, *Euphaea ochracea*, *Aristocypha fenestrella*, and *Aristocypha iridea*.

The great butterfly variety continued with Lilacine Bushbrown, Malay Baron, Common Tiger, Glassy Tiger, Chocolate Tiger, Indian Purple Sapphire, and Blue-banded Pierrot. Black-tailed Sunbird worked flowers and was seen closely. The very large ants here were *Camponotus gigas* and the spider *Argiope pulchella* was identified. Birds continued with Plain Flowerpecker, Purple Sunbird, and Golden-fronted Leafbird.

Nearby were fine views of another very impressive tall waterfall, and we walked to its base amid lush gardens with many tree ferns, and *Selaginella uncinata* forming lush mats on the forest floor. The impressive damsel *Megalestes kurahashii* was here at a reliable site for the species. *Faunis canens* was typical of the forest floor, and Common Castor, *Eurema blanda*, and Great Windmill were here. The wonderfully named Common Duffer was seen and female Plumbeous Water Redstart was seen well.

An excellent lunch was enjoyed in the HQ restaurant. We then drove purposefully towards the end of the road, and Doi Inthanon summit. There were sadly few moths by the checkpoint today, but we did see *Lymantria singapura*, and the attractive green/yellow geometer *Iotophora iridicolor*. We passed the twin chedis not far below the summit, from where fine views were afforded across the forested slopes. These chedis were built to commemorate the sixtieth birthdays of the king and queen.

Having reached the summit we turned our attention to the flora. The lovely yellow *Impatiens longiloba* was in flower, and *Rhododendron arboreum delavayi* was here. *Lithocarpus aggregatus* characterised the habitat, and there was a fine variety of ferns, including filmy ferns. *Schima wallichii* boasted attractive white flowers. Also here were *Helicia nilagirica*, a member of the Proteaceae, the ericaceous *Agapetes hosseana* with tubular red flowers, *Streptolyrion volubile* belonging to the Commelinaceae, and *Lyonia ovalifolia* in flower.

Flowery verges had much *Polygonum chinense*, a species of *Cyanotis*, the attractive *Hypericum hookerianum*, *Anaphalis margaritacea*, *Viburnum cylindraceum*, the gesneriid *Aeschynanthus hildebrandii*, and *Camchaya tenuifolia*. An *Oberonia* was commonly in flower, with sprays of tiny flowers. The single flowered orchid *Pleione praecox* was in flower atop a tree. The endemic *Coelogyne corymbosa Chiangmaiensis* was in fine flower.

This is the only site in Thailand for Ashy-throated Warbler and we saw the species closely. Bird activity is always a feature here and we had superb close views of many species, active mixed flocks containing Chestnut-tailed Minlas, Dark-backed Sibias, and Rufous-winged Fulvettas. Mrs Goulds, Green-tailed, and Black-throated Sunbirds nectared on the red tubular flowered shrubs.

A boardwalk took us through moss clad elfin forest, superbly atmospheric, and surprisingly we had the place completely to ourselves.

Unfortunately there were almost no moths at all this year where previously a tour highlight had been an amazing show, with hundreds of *Lyssa zampa* (an impressive large uraniid), many hawk-moths, and a fine selection of noctuids, tigers, prominents, etc. A phenomenon. I think that simply the very powerful lights here had not been lit recently. There were however a few moths inside the small display room.

Back in the vehicle we headed slowly down the mountain after another very productive day.

Friday was a long driving day and we left as early as feasible for the all day journey. Interesting of course as we moved from the north to the centre of the country through some seven provinces, and varied vegetation zones and scenery. There was little time for stops however, other than rest and snack stops.

First we headed for Tak, then Kamphaeng Phet, Nakhon Sawan, and from there Suphan Buri, and onwards to Kanchanaburi. En route were many Asian Openbills, and Chinese Pond Herons. At the lunch stop were Red-whiskered Bulbul, Lime Butterfly, and Tawny Coster. A short stop later in the journey beside paddies had Asian Pied Starlings, Red-wattled Lapwings, Yellow-bellied Prinia, and Black-browed Reed Warbler.

In the dark we arrived in Kachanaburi and our stylish hotel. The rooms were superb, and we enjoyed dinner on the banks of the River Kwai.

Days 5 to 7 Saturday 9th to Monday 11th December Kanchanaburi

Beautiful forested limestone mountains characterise the River Kwai valleys that rise above the provincial capital of Kanchanaburi, and continue west to the Burmese border and Tenasserim. This is where the ‘Death Railway’ was built by POWS under the Japanese, and some 100,000 tragically died. There are many memorials in the area, and the famous ‘Bridge over the River Kwai’ still carries trains across the river in town.

We spent two full days visiting two of the fine national parks in the area, and found much of interest. Erawan was excellent for butterflies, but boasting what is considered the most impressive series of waterfalls in Thailand it was extremely busy with visitors, especially as we were here at the weekend! We spent whole first day there, a very productive visit, and even returned the following afternoon.

As we approached Erawan Pauline saw a monkey at the forest edge, a Rhesus Macaque, and we would see others later, not something we’ve seen here before, and far from as common here as it is across much of its range.

Having parked, we set out on foot. Immediately were the first Red-spot Jezebels, a species that would be common today. In trees around the HQ buildings were Spangled Drongo, two male Koels, Green-eared and Coppersmith Barbets, and Short-billed Minivet. Studded Sergeant was admired. *Holarrhana pubescens*, belonging to the Apocynaceae, was in attractive flower. The dragonfly *Neurothemis intermedia* was attractive and a black, red, and white bug was impressive.

The walls of new buildings in the campsite already attracted a number of crows and tigers. Here were lantern bugs, probably *Pyrops candalaria*, and we would see a few more during the tour. Some twenty-two species occur in Thailand. They are so called from the mistaken belief that the rostral process emitted light! *Evolvulus nummularia* flowered on the lawns. Western Striped Squirrels scampered along branches.

Mud puddlers were already gathering, among them Common Albatross, Orange Gull, Common Gull, and Great Orange-tips. Swallowtails featured with Common Birdwing, Adamson's Rose, Common Rose, Lime Butterfly, Common Mormon, Great Mormon, Common Bluebottle, Tailed Jay, and several fine White Dragontails. *Neptis miah*, Dark Blue Tiger, and Glassy Tiger continued the variety, and Psyches fluttered weakly in the undergrowth. Among the lycaenids were Straight Pierrot, Banded Blue Pierrot, Plains Cupid, Gram Blue, *Syntarucus plinius*, *Castalius rosimon*, and *Actyolepis puspa*. Yellow Orange-tip, *Pareronia anais*, *Parantica aglea*, and Common Palmfly were all here too.

A highlight was a stunning swallowtail mimic, a moth, strikingly resembling a miniature Common Rose, complete with red markings on the body, and also mud puddling with its models. This was a False Windmill, *Histia flabellicornis*, a zygaenid.

Fine Paris Peacock mud puddled, and the *catilla* form of Lemon Emigrant was very distinctive. Among the many other species were Vagrant, Common Cruiser, Banded Lineblue, Common and Pointed Ciliate Blues, Common Line-blue, Tailless Line-blue, Dingy Lineblue, Forget-me-not, and nymphalids continued with Marbled Map, Little Map, and Common Map. Common Snow Flat, Moore's Ace, Pale Marked Ace, and *Sovia albipecta* were among the skippers. New species just kept coming, with Club Silverline, Common Oakblue, Common Tit, Copper Flash, and *Ypthima savara*.

I leave in this encounter from our previous visit, as it was such a remarkable experience. 'As I stood waiting to show various butterflies to the group, suddenly a King Cobra sped out of the bushes toward me, head raised and hood spread. Before I could take in what was happening it promptly stopped and made a 180 degree turn and sped back into the bushes from where it had come! I suspect it was getting away from mobbing birds, but this was quite an experience for both of us.'

Back to this year, the incredible wealth of butterflies continued with *Neptis clinia*, *Neptis miah*, Tawny Rajah, Leopard Lacewing, Rustic, Common Yeoman, Common Jester, Great Eggfly, Common Crow, Long-branded Blue Crow, Striped Blue Crow, and *Libythea celtis*.

Crested Goshawk flew across the trail in front of us and Sulphur-breasted Leaf Warbler worked the foliage.

Forest Crested Lizard was admired, and Many-lined Sun Skinks moved in the leaf litter. White-rumped Shama sang and was seen well. A large Water Monitor was impressive, and later two more were seen. Southern Sooty-headed Bulbuls were much in evidence.

A bridge over a stream with various emergent twigs had many damsels including *Libellago lineata*, *Copera marginipes*, *Copera vittata*, *Aristocypha iridea*, and *Calicnemia imitans*, and dragonflies including *Orthetrum chrysis*, *Orthetrum pruinosum*, and *Trithemis festiva*.

Rhesus Macaque was seen closely, the first time we'd seen it here, in trees near the waterfalls.

After a welcome delicious lunch in one of the restaurants at the entrance, I opted to use the golf carts to take us back to the most productive area to save time. There were still very many butterflies, and we had more time to appreciate the wealth of species.

Birds continued with Black-naped Monarch, Striped Tit-babbler, Buff-breasted Babbler, Short-billed Minivet, and Crimson Sunbird.

And yet more butterflies, Yellow Orange-tip, Common Wanderer, Anderson's Grass Yellow, Tree Yellow.....

An extremely large Water Monitor was raiding the bins, initially on them then actually inside them, it was amazing to stand and watch him crashing around.

Back at the hotel there was time to enjoy the fine rooms before another good dinner at the riverside.

The next day we visited Sai Yok National Park, and there we really could again get away from the crowds. This was another park centred on an impressive waterfall, where most of the few other visitors remained. Things began with Forest Wagtail, Yellow Featherlegs, a large skink, and two Green-billed Malkohas. Indochinese Rollers were much in evidence.

First we walked down to the riverside and stood on a bridge over the Kwai Noi River, the views impressive. At a streamside the damsel *Prodasineura autumnalis* was new to us and the small dragonfly here was *Tetrathemis platyptera*. *Rhinagrion mima* was another new damsel, a very distinctive species belonging to the Megapodagrionidae, and *Onychargia atrocyanea* was here too. Along one trail were several of the terrestrial orchid *Habenaria lindleyana*, white flowered and in fine form. Dragonflies continued with *Trithemis aurora*, butterflies with Commander and mating Burmese Batwing, spiders with an *Argiope* and more than one salticid, and we found a stick insect.

Grey-headed Canary Flycatcher attended mixed flocks, Rufous-fronted Babblers and Yellow-bellied Warblers moved restlessly through the bamboo, and Forest Wagtail was typical of the habitat.

We walked to a cave that supports the very small endemic Kitti's Hog-nosed Bat. Those of us who ventured some way into the cave had fine views of this very restricted range species, perhaps the smallest mammal in the world, and some ten were seen today. There were several larger bats too, but as always difficult to identify, even though we had close views.

Last visit a bonus here had been a whip spider (*Phrynichus* sp.), and a cave cricket, but I had been most pleased to find the endemic Tiger Cave Gecko. None of these today though. Four species of Cave Gecko occur in the country, each known from a single site only. At first I thought we may have found a new species, so many thousands of cave locations are there in Thailand, but this turned out to be one of the four known species, and a Sai Yok endemic. Quite a find.

A beautiful buprestid actually landed on me and Club Silverline was seen. White-rumped Shama was seen, and *Mycalesis mineus*, *Mycalesis intermedia*, and *Lethe europa* flew at the forest edge. A feature in the park was the interesting selection of fungi.

An interesting lunch was eaten at a good roadside place.

Back in the vehicles, the drive to the intended Sri Nakharin Dam was taking so long (the drivers didn't take the short cut I'd requested), I decided to again visit Erawan so as not to spend all afternoon in the vehicle. This was of course very productive again, and we saw many new species too. The right decision.

The birding was good this afternoon, with one group of trees especially favoured. We had great views of Black-crested, Black-headed, and Streak-eared Bulbuls, Lineated Barbet, Coppermith, Ashy Drongo, Chestnut-headed Bee-eater, Hill Myna, two more Green-billed Malkohas, Crested Goshawk, Indochinese Rollers, Asian Fairy Bluebird, Common Flameback, and Olive-bellied Sunbird.

Dragonflies included *Crocothemis servilia* and *Diplotaxis trivialis*, there was a variety of bugs, Dark Caerulean, Red-spot Jezebels still flying, Lime Blue, and the attractive geometer *Dysphania militaris*.

Our hotel in Kanchanaburi provided an excellent base, situated on the banks of the River Kwai, in which Water Monitors were seen. Collared Scops Owl called in the grounds, and White-breasted Waterhen frequented the lawns. Golden Birdwings nectared, and the dragonfly *Tholymis tillarga* was attracted by the hotel lights as was *Melanitis leda*.

Before we left on the last morning I offered a pre-breakfast birding walk in the gardens. This was productive and we saw White-throated Kingfisher, Black-naped Oriole, Black Drongo, Ashy Drongo, and Scaly-breasted Munia. The highlight, and a surprise, was a Red-billed Blue Magpie. Mango Baron was a good find.

Thursday was another travelling day, as we left Kanchanaburi and headed down to Kaeng Krachan, and our 'Boathouse' hotel at the northern end of the park. This was not such a long journey as the previous one and we arrived mid afternoon.

Before leaving Kanchanaburi we visited first the Bridge over the River Kwai in town, always busy with tourists but well worth the short stop.

Today's lunch stop provided a bonus as scrub supported a good number of open country butterflies and dragonflies. Here were many Plain Tigers, Tawny Costers, Painted Jezebel, Striped Albatross, and Peacock Pansy, and the superbly colourful ctenuchiid *Euchromia polymena*. Notable was the geometer *Celerena signata* seen today.

Arriving with time to explore before checking into the hotel, we made our first visit to Kaeng Krachan where in superb forest several butterflies were on the wing in the late afternoon sun. Kaeng Krachan is Thailand's largest park, comprising a vast area of rainforest that stretches west into Myanmar.

Having paid the entrance fees, on the lake near the gate were some fifteen Lesser Whistling Ducks. Butterflies began with Golden Birdwing, Striped Blue Crow, *Cirrochroa aoris*, and Autumn Leaf. Oriental Pied Hornbill was seen well and drongos featured with Black Drongo, Ashy Drongo, Hair-crested Drongo, and Greater Racket-tailed Drongo.

Not far away, our boathouse rooms were comfortable and characterful, and we enjoyed a welcome dinner overlooking the large reservoir. Lesser Coucal was at the waters edge.

A bizarre occurrence before dinner occurred whilst I was unpacking, I opened my kettle to make a cup of tea, to recoil, it was three-quarters full of a heaving mass of ants, complete with eggs! A colony, just how had they got in there? There was not a single ant in the rest of my suitcase. The whole colony was neatly esconced in the kettle. Weird and amazing, here I said goodbye to my trusty kettle!

Days 8 and 9 Tuesday 12th and Wednesday 13th December Kaeng Krachan

A short drive from the hotel took us again to the superb forest of the northern part of Kaeng Krachan. We made various stops as we worked our way up the road, walking ahead, the vehicle then catching us up. At the hotel were Little Cormorant, Anhinga, and Lesser Coucal again.

A productive day bird wise, some of the more notable things seen were Great Hornbills and Oriental Pied Hornbills whooshing overhead, Greater Flameback working trunks, Green-eared Barbet, Black-naped Oriole, Bronzed Drongo, Asian Fairy-bluebird, Black-headed Bulbul, Hill Blue Flycatcher, Thick-billed Green Pigeon, Chestnut-headed Bee-eater, Striped Tit Babbler, and Dark-necked Tailorbird.

White-handed Gibbons called, the eerie beautiful sound a feature today, we heard three widely separated troops.

Mud patches by a series of ponds proved a very productive spot. There was much recent elephant sign here, with a strong odour in the air and very recent droppings.

Among a fine selection of damsels were *Aristocypha fenestrella*, *Euphaea masoni*, *Coeliccia poungyi*, *Ischnura senegalensis*, *Copera vittata*, and *Ceriagrion auranticum*. Here were a good number of mud puddling swallowtails, including Great Mormon, and many Common Yeomans. Danaids roosting and puddling are always a feature of the park, and there were many Dark Blue Tiger, Glassy Tiger, Chocolate Tiger, Plain Blue Crow, Striped Blue Crow, Blue King Crow, Common Crow, Long-branded King Crow, Blue-spotted Crow, and Magpie Crow. Malayan Assyrian and Large Assyrian were both here, as were *Neptis harita* and *Neptis clinia*, and Small Leopard. Two Muntjak were at the forest edge.

We reached a campsite, an area that was very productive, especially the superb mud puddling, and we spent the remainder of the morning here. Among the many swallowtails were Paris Peacock, Tailed Jay, Common Rose, Red Helen, Common Mormon, Great Mormon, Common Bluebottle, and White Dragonails. Danaids continued numerous, and among the pierids were Plain Puffin, Lesser Gull, Orange Gull, Common Gull and Striped Albatross. There were very many Common and Tailless Line Blues, abundant, and other lycaenids included Common Pierrot, Banded Blue Pierrot, Straight Pierrot, Barred Lineblue, Dingy Lineblue, *Megisba malaya*, and *Una usta*. Marbled Map and Siamese Black Prince landed characteristically on the damp earth. *Graphium agetes*, *Graphium chironides*, Common Nawab, Tawny Rajah, Black-veined Sergeant, Grey Count, *Libythea myrrha*, *Bibasis sena*, and *Deudorix epijarbas* continued the remarkable variety.

Red-spot Marquis was rather common along a forested track, where Great Marquis settled on leaves too. The striking aroid *Typhonium trilobatum* was in leaf this year. As usual along this track we had close views of a troop of Dusky Langurs, and Masked Spiny Lizard was impressive. Autumn Leaf was unusually common.

Next we just had to visit the buildings around the campsite which were alive with butterflies. Danaids were dominant but there was much else besides. The danaids included Dark Blue, Chestnut, and Glassy Tigers, and Plain Blue, Blue King, Common, Long-branded Blue, Striped Blue, and Blue Spotted Crows, many of these abundant. Distinctive Magpie Crows stood out among them, but this was a great opportunity to study the subtle differences between many of these species. There were Red-spot Sawtooth and Autumn Leafs (leaves?), and Lavender Count.

Lycaenids were extremely numerous with many Common and Tailless Lineblues, Common and Pointed Ciliate Blues, Common Hedge Blue, a Malayan, and a few Singletons (if that's not a contradiction). Notable were two species of *Hyblaea*, rather noctuid like day flying moths, belonging to their own family, the Hyblaeidae.

Interesting butterflies continued with Common Acacia Blue, Common Tit, Common Small Flat, and Fulvous Pied Flat. A highlight was the stunning Common Gem, later photographed by Chris and Sheila allowing identification to species.

The numbers and spectacle of butterflies here was certainly a tour highlight.

Lunch was provided by Kampanat, I'd given him cash to buy a selection of fruit, 7-11 snacks, etc. and we enjoyed this in the shade.

After lunch, most of the group opted for the trip to the top of the road, five of us in travelling in an open backed truck. Most travelled inside, and Pauline and me in the back. It was a long roughish track, but we were well rewarded with what we saw.

Not far above the campsite was a superb area by a stream. Here were yet more great butterflies, among them very many pierids, seven *Graphium agetes*, *Papilio helenus*, Great Mormon, Common Bluebottle, and Red-spot Sawtooth. A little higher, near a small dam, were clouds of blues, Magpie Crow, and a Grey Wagtail that took a liking to the vehicle.

The drive took us through superb forest, the constant views of continuous fine forest sublime. Two Yellow-throated Martins on the track were a highlight.

The real highlight came at the top though and was completely unexpected. Thankfully I'd asked the driver to stop just before the viewpoint that he was intent on taking us to. Excited rangers at the HQ immediately beckoned to me, and following them, looking below us, there it was. Lounging in the grass, unbothered by the small crowd of excited onlookers, was a Sun Bear. I quickly alerted the group and there followed as long as we wanted admiring this superb animal, taking as many photos as we wanted, or just enjoying the experience. A real highlight.

We did then concede to head to the viewpoint where the views west to Myanmar were unbelievable, with hill range after hill range, remarkable, so much continuous pristine habitat obviously supporting a wealth of flora and fauna.

Margaret and I took a break on a couple of swings (!). A large owl/black witch moth was here, and another troop of Dusky Langurs.

Back at the HQ the bear had moved on but a selection of birds came close, namely Stripe-throated, Black-crested, Ashy, Mountain, and Grey-eyed Bulbuls, Yellow-browed Warbler, White-rumped Shama, and Verditer Flycatcher.

Cream-coloured Giant Squirrel was seen on the return drive and Emerald Dove was on the road.

Back at the campsite, Chris and Sheila had seen Siamese Raven, and photographed the Common Gem.

We were just about ready to go home when what should appear at the forest edge, but another Sun Bear, wow! This was an even better experience than the previous as it wandered unconcerned into the car park, and then proceeded to explore the clearing, and the buildings. Keeping a sensible distance we followed it quietly, but at one point it even approached us. We watched it for ages, remarkable. Two Sun Bears in the same day.

It was time to drive slowly back down the track.

On my last visit another surprise highlight had happened just as we'd left the camp site, and I leave in this paragraph for interest. 'The next highlight took us completely by surprise. Here in the afternoon heat, as we rounded a curve in the road, in front of us, in the middle of the road, was a big cat. A Leopard. We could hardly believe our eyes, in the mid afternoon sunshine. What a bonus.'

We had enjoyed another superb day. Dinner that evening was enjoyed at the boathouse.

The next day we travelled to the southern part of Kaeng Krachan, and there followed a very productive day spent around the Pala U waterfall, just over an hour's drive from the hotel.

There was again much elephant evidence in this area, especially as we reached the southern boundary of the park. Here was another of the best butterfly sites of the tour, where a track had many species mud puddling, and much else in the overgrown vegetation. The first of very many Danaids congregated on and around the bridge where we first stopped and like yesterday there would be many more today. Common Bluebottle began the swallowtails. The friendly rangers were keen to keep an eye on us, sensibly concerned about the proximity of elephants.

There was an *Amorphophallus* here. Dusky Langurs moved through the trees.

Great Orange-tip nectared, and other pierids included *Gandaca harina*, *Eurema sari sodalis*, and *Cepora iudith*. *Vagrans egista* was rather common, the attractive *Terinos clarissa* was in fine condition, and Common Yeoman remained common. A good number of Common Nawabs was notable, and there were Black Rajah, Common Tawny Rajah, Rustic, Little Map, and Lavender Count. Among skippers were Fulvous Pied Flat and *Scobura isota*. Malayan Yellow Nawab was a highlight. Beautiful Paris Peacock was here and we saw *Graphium agetes* again. The hawk moth *Callambulyx poeciles* was identified.

Again very many crows and tigers were attracted to the walls of the buildings, among them Dark Blue Tiger, Glassy Tiger, Blue King Crow, Striped Blue Crow, and Magpie Crow. The great variety continued with Malayan, Clear and Common Sailors, Commander, Knight, Clipper, Common Jester, Great Egfly, Autumn Leaf, and White-spot Beak.

A good find was Banded Swallowtail, and other swallowtails were Common Mormon, and Great Mormon. There were several Red-spot Sawtooths, Orange Emigrant, and Chocolate and Anderson's Grass Yellows.

There were many dragonflies here too including *Trithemis aurora*; *Neurothemis fluctuans* and *Neurothemis fulvia* both with red wings; *Neurobasis chinensis* glittering in wet gullies; the attractive damsel *Aristocypha fenestrella*; *Orthetrum pruinosum*; and *Orthetrum sabina*. Tiger Beetles regularly flew up from the paths, and Bowring's Supple Skinks scuttled over the leaf litter.

The black bug here with red and white spots, common at several sites we visited, was *Callitettix versicolor*.

We enjoyed a walk to the falls. White-handed Gibbons called but were difficult to locate behind the roar of the water. *Euphaea ochracea*, a damsel with reddish wings, frequented the rocky streams and the fine forest damsel *Indocnemis orang* was seen. Again there were very many butterflies, and yet more mud puddling. There were vast shoals of fish in the pristine water, including a very large catfish,

and the endemic Soro Brook Carp. One of the notice boards told us that 'there are fish antimony molehill' here!

Wizard was a fine butterfly highlight, and butterflies continued with Common Posy, Great Marquis, Common Tit, Fluffy Tit, Autumn Leaf, and *Celaenorrhinus aurivittatus*. Oriental Greenwing was beautiful in sunlight. *Tetrameles nudiflora*, belonging to the Datisceae, or its own family, Tetramelaceae, depending on classification, was a superb large tree with buttress roots. The footman *Cyana quadrinotata* was identified, one of a large genus. A very large skipper flew furiously around banana flowers, but did not stop to allow positive identification.

Back at the HQ buildings, still covered in butterflies, we ate lunch. Fine mud puddling had Banded Swallowtail, Jewelled Nawab, many Common Bluebottles, Red-spot Sawtooth, and two Tawny Rajahs. A just emerged tiger moth was an interesting find. Chinese White-fronted Drongo sallied for insects.

Nearby was a large reservoir and we made a short stop here, a new site for us. Here was yet more fine mud puddling, with Malayan Yellow Nawab, Orange Emigrant, more Bluebottles, many Great Orange-tips, Red-spot Sawtooth, and the *catillus* form of Lemon Emigrant. Anhinga was by the water.

It was time to head to the coast towards the hotel at which we'd spend the night. As we approached, wetlands had many egrets.

We settled into the very spacious bungalows and then had a walk in the grounds in the late afternoon light.

At least one species of *Macroglossum* humming-bird hawk-moth was nectaring at dusk (at least twenty-four occur in Thailand), together with a *Cephenodes* probably *Cephenodes hylas*, a bee hawk. Only two species of this latter genus occur but for reliable separation the foretibia should be examined.

We later enjoyed a good dinner in the restaurant at an adjacent hotel, the restaurant at our hotel currently closed.

Days 11 to 14 Thursday 14th to Sunday 17th December Khao Sam Roi Yot, and Khao Sok

Breakfast was great, again at the adjacent hotel. Green Bee-eaters and Scaly-breasted Munia were in the garden.

We spent the morning exploring the adjacent Khao Sam Roi Yot National Park, with its fine mixture of habitats comprising karst formations, mangroves, salt marshes, and beaches.

The first stop yielded several waders including Black-winged Stilts, Common Redshank, Greenshank, and Black-tailed Godwit, Brahminy Kite, Chestnut Munia, and Plain-backed Sparrow were here. Among the plants typical of the habitat were *Calotropis gigantea* and *Solanum trilobatum*. Open water had many Garganey and several Lesser Whistling Duck.

Some ten Painted Storks were on the saltpans, and waders continued with Pacific Golden Plover, Wood Sandpiper, Long-toed Stint, and Marsh Sandpiper. There were Brown-headed and Black-headed Gulls, Gull-billed Tern, Yellow Wagtail, Purple and Grey Herons, Yellow Bittern, and Little Grebe.

A visit to a beach yielded a few shells.

At the park HQ Crested Serpent Eagle was in the air and Golden-bellied Gerygone in the mangroves. Typical plants of the mangrove habitat were *Sesuvium portulacastrum*, *Suaeda maritima*, and *Lumnitzera racemosa*. On the limestone slopes above us were some impressive cycads, and a tree euphorbia. Serow occurs on these limestone crags but we were not lucky enough to see any today.

Long-banded Silverline was a great find. Just as we were ready to leave, a large troop of Long-tailed Macaques appeared and we had fine close views, watching them for some time, with several characterful youngsters, a fine experience. Here they feed on crabs.

We had to tear ourselves away from this interesting area and begin the long drive south. The drivers again did a fine job and we made steady progress, stopping regularly for rest stops. Lunch was quite an experience at a huge complex of excellent food stalls, very busy today. We enjoyed an excellent selection of muslim dishes.

Once past Surat Thani the scenery became beautiful and impressive, with striking forested limestone hills. A supermarket stop allowed us to stock up with supplies. Early evening we arrived at our hotel, at the edge of the extensive forest of Khao Sok, checked in, and later enjoyed dinner.

The following morning, having arrived in the dark, revealed the fine habitat around us, extensive forested karst scenery. The park boasts the largest expanse of pristine forest in southern Thailand. After breakfast we walked to the HQ, I bought tickets, and we spent the rest of the day exploring. Himalayan and Edible-nest Swiftlets were numerous in the air.

Being close to several of the most touristed beach and island destinations on the peninsula this park is very popular with backpackers. Here the more time one puts in the better it becomes, and we really saw some fine things here. We concentrated mainly on one trail, leading to the first series of waterfalls, but saw different things each time we walked it. The dominant bamboo here was *Thyrsostachys siamensis*, *Pandanus tectorius* was impressive, and a glaucous *Selaginella* was a feature.

Among butterflies was an interesting selection of forest nymphalids such as Malay Yeoman, Malay Viscount, and *Cynitia flora*. Small Leopard was rather common. Pierids included Malayan Albatross and Great Orange Tip, lycaenids included Banded Blue Pierrot and Common Caerulean, and among the skippers were Bright Red Velvet Bob and the lovely *Zographetus satwa*, Purple and Gold Flutter.

The variety continued with Magpie Crow, Common Maplet, *Eurema sari*, Red Helen, Great Mormon, and Bamboo Treebrown. Of special note were the unusual nymphalid *Laringa castelnaui* and the beautiful satyrid *Erites argentina*.

Long-tailed Macaques were much in evidence, and we had close views of several troops during the morning. Cross-bearing Tree Lizard was impressive. Olive-winged Bulbuls and Red-eyed Bulbuls fed in fruiting trees.

Nearing the first waterfall, the furthest point of our walk, came a highlight, of the day and the tour as a whole, that most special of butterflies, the superb Glorious Begum. We had great views of this very special charaxid.

A fine selection of dragonflies included *Neurothemis fulvia*, *Neurothemis fluctuans*, *Orthetrum glaucum*, *Onychothemis culminicola*, *Potamarcha congener*, and *Rhyothemis phyllis*. *Heliocypha perforata* was among the damselflies. An *Oberonia* species had sprays of small flowers.

The afternoon was quiet as we potted around the HQ area. Here were the lantern bug *Pyrops spinolae*, a raft spider, and the lycaenid *Flos fulgida* flying manically around a damp seep, very rarely stopping. Here a selection of moths and other insects had been attracted by the lights around the buildings and helipad. A night walk around the grounds produced a few frogs, *Sylvirana malayana*, *Polypedates leucomystax*, and a *Limnonectes* species.

The next morning at the hotel was Common Palmfly in very different forms, one a tiger mimic the other a blue crow mimic, and the leopard moth *Zeuzera indica*.

This second morning was again spent along the productive trail where several species were added to the lists. Oriental Magpie Robin and Orange-bellied Flowerpecker were seen at the hotel, and Grey Pansy was on the wing. Dusky Langurs were seen superbly and Long-tailed and Stump-tailed Macaques. Gibbons were heard again.

Common Rose, Common Mormon, and Great Mormon were among the swallowtails and the variety continued with Malay Yeoman, Malay Viscount, and Purple and Gold Flitter. A great find was two of the scarce White-crowned Hornbill seen very well.

Water Monitor was at the trackside. Again there was a fine selection of invertebrates, among them several beetles, heteropteran bugs, orthoptera, and hymenoptera, and I was very pleased to spot more than one very cryptic leaf insects, one of them the False Leaf Grasshopper, *Systella cf. rafflesii*, an incredible flattened leaf-like orthopteran. It was pleasing that some others walking the trail were interested in what I was pointed out, whilst most were simply walking to the waterfalls, an encouraging number were showing an interest in the fine details of the natural world that we were delighting in.

Butterflies continued with Royal Assyrian and Large Assyrian, several Great Marquis, *Chersonesia peraka*, Orange Albatross, Punchinello, *Mycalesis maianeas*, Tawny Rajah, and Autumn Leaf.

Among other reptiles were impressive Masked Spiny Lizard and Forest Crested Lizard, and Common Sun Skink and Long-tailed Ground Skinks common on the forest floor. A species of *Lepiota* was an interesting find.

This site always produces some fine lycaenids, among them today Shining Plushblue, two species of Posy, *Drupadia ravindra* and *Drupadia theda thesmia*, and *Poritia eryconoides phraatica*. Glorious Begum was in the same spot as yesterday, great to see it again.

Among many moths seen during our visit were the footmen *Barsine orientalis* and *Cyana determinata*: the yellow, white, and black diurnal geometer *Dysphania militaris*; the cossid *Xyleutes adusta*; the silk-moth *Cricula trifenestrata*: and the erebid *Euproctis scintillans*.

Small flowered *Begonia thaianum* grew on a wet bank, and flowers of a *Bauhinia* had fallen onto the track, in flower by the river. Vernal Hanging Parrots flew over calling distinctively.

On the second afternoon we set out to explore the boundary areas of the park, finding one interesting site in particular at the base of densely forested limestone outcrops.

A viewpoint allowed fine vistas of the limestone scenery. The last stop yielded some great birds, and was a fine end to the day. Greater Coucal flew closely over vegetation, five Black Bazaes were seen closely, and two Collared Kingfishers, Brown Shrike, Brown-throated Sunbird, and Dollarbird were here.

The hotel 'open-air' restaurant attracted many interesting insects in the evenings, such as cicadas, mantids, beetles, and moths. A huge longhorn beetle was a highlight.

On Friday morning we left Khao Sok and headed south to Krabi from where we would take the short flight to Bangkok in the afternoon. I'd decided to visit a new National Park for the tour, Thanbok Khorani, and this proved a lovely place to end the tour. Boardwalks and quiet paths led through lush forested limestone scenery, waterfalls, pools, and streams.

Golden-throated Barbet was seen closely, there was a pair of attractive Ruby-cheeked Sunbirds, and Blue Whistling Thrush was typical of the habitat. A great place for butterflies, we saw *Euthalia teuta*, Common Clubtail, Malay Yeoman, Common Earl, several Great Marquis, *Chersonesia peraka*, Little Map, Quaker, Dark Cerulean, Metallic Cerulean, and Common Posy.

Having time to spare we explored a park in town, bordering an estuary, with nearby extensive mangroves. Down by the shore were many fiddler crabs and mudskippers. *Euthalia adonia beata* was an excellent late addition to the butterfly list, and Richard's Pipit was seen.

At the airport we said our fond farewells to Kampanat and the drivers. Kampanat has been our main driver on the tour for years, but this year he had promoted himself to local leader and fixer, and did not do any driving at all! At the airport, check in was straightforward, and thankfully we all had priority check in so could simply bypass the lengthy queue. There was a slight delay. Hilarious when boarding finally neared, I was driven alone in a mini-van, being the only 'plus' customer on the flight (for luggage reasons) and I had to tell the driver we should maybe drive to the aircraft when the bus full of all the other passengers overtook us as we waited on the tarmac.

A miracle on arrival at BKK was that I managed to find our pre-booked taxi driver, spotting a small piece of card with my name on it displayed with literally hundreds of others in the meeting area.

In Bangkok we stay at a small hotel near the airport where we enjoyed dinner and reflected on all we'd seen during an extremely productive tour.

Day 16 Monday 18th December

Departure

We were departing on various flights and for each the hotel shuttle van took us to the airport. Chris and Sheila, and I, were on later flights and I'd suggested to them to pay the very modest cost of getting a late check out and keeping the comfortable rooms until the afternoon, an ideal arrangement.

Systematic List Number 1 Butterflies

The taxonomy follows ‘Butterflies of Thailand’ by Ek-Amnuay, 2nd revised edition, 2012. Species seen on previous visits but not this year are annotated with the year in which they were last seen. Species added to the list this year are annotated 2023. Of course all species with no year annotation were seen in 2023.

Papilionidae

<i>Troides helena</i>	Common Birdwing	Erawan
<i>Troides aeacus</i>	Golden Birdwing	Widespread in small numbers, e.g. Chiang Mai area, Kaeng Krachan
<i>Atrophaneura varuna zaleucus</i>	Burmese Batwing	Doi Suthep, Doi Inthanon, Kanchanaburi
<i>Atrophaneura dasarada</i>	Great Windmill	Doi Inthanon
<i>Atrophaneura polyeuctes</i>	Common Windmill	A few on Doi Suthep
<i>Atrophaneura adamsoni</i>	Adamson’s Rose	Erawan
<i>Losaria coon doubledayi</i>	Common Clubtail	Khao Sok
<i>Pachliopta aristolochiae goniopeltis</i>	Common Rose	Widespread and common
<i>Papilio demoleus malayanus</i>	Lime Butterfly	Scattered records
<i>Papilio demolion</i>	Banded Swallowtail	1 at Kaeng Krachan south
<i>Papilio castor mahadeva</i>	Siamese Raven	Kaeng Krachan north (CR and SR)
<i>Papilio helenus</i>	Red Helen	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Papilio nephelus</i>	Yellow Helen	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Papilio iswara</i>	Great Helen	At Khao Sok on 2 days, 2019
<i>Papilio polytes romulus</i>	Common Mormon	Widespread and reasonably common, mostly males seen
<i>Papilio memnon agenor</i>	Great Mormon	Widespread and reasonably common
<i>Papilio protenor</i>	The Spangle	1 at Kaeng Krachan 2019
<i>Papilio paris</i>	Paris Peacock	Doi Suthep, Erawan, and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Graphium agetes</i>	Fourbar Swordtail	Kaeng Krachan north and south, 2023
<i>Graphium aristeus hermocrates</i>	Stripe Swordtail	Kaeng Krachan 2014
<i>Graphium antiphates</i>	Fivebar Swordtail	1 at Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Graphium nomius swinhoei</i>	Spot Swordtail	Kaeng Krachan 2019
<i>Graphium macareus</i>	Lesser Zebra	Kaeng Krachan 2019
<i>Graphium xenocles</i>	Great Zebra	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Graphium sarpedon</i>	Common Bluebottle	Scattered records
<i>Graphium doson axion</i>	Common Jay	Kaeng Krachan 2019
<i>Graphium evemon</i>	Lesser Jay	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Graphium eurypylus</i>	Great Jay	Several at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Graphium chironides</i>	Veined Jay	Kaeng Krachan north, 2023
<i>Graphium bathycles</i>	Dark Veined Jay	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Graphium arycles</i>	Spotted Jay	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Graphium agamemnon</i>	Tailed Green Jay	Scattered records, widespread
<i>Lamproptera curius</i>	White Dragontail	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Lamproptera meges virescens</i>	Green Dragontail	Doi Suthep

Pieridae

Pierinae

<i>Delias agoranis</i>	Burmese Jezebel	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Delias pasithoe</i>	Red-base Jezebel	Doi Suthep
<i>Delias acalis</i>	Red-breast Jezebel	Doi Suthep 2016
<i>Delias descombesi</i>	Red-spot Jezebel	Doi Suthep, Doi Inthanon and Erawan, often common
<i>Delias agostina</i>	Yellow Jezebel	Doi Suthep
<i>Delias hyparete indica</i>	Painted Jezebel	Chiang Mai and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Leptosia nina</i>	Psyche	Widespread
<i>Prioneris thestylis</i>	Spotted Sawtooth	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Prioneris philonome</i>	Red-spot Sawtooth	Several at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Pieris brassicae</i>	Large White	1 Doi Suthep, 2015
<i>Artogeia canidia</i>	Indian Small White	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
<i>Talbotia naganum</i>	Dark-banded White	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Cepora nerissa</i>	Common Gull	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cepora nadina</i>	Lesser Gull	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cepora iudith</i>	Orange Gull	Erawan, Sai Yok, and common at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Appias lyncida vasava</i>	Chocolate Albatross	Day 2
<i>Appias libythea olferna</i>	Striped Albatross	On three days at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Appias nero</i>	Orange Albatross	Khao Sok
<i>Appias albina darada</i>	Common Albatross	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Appias paulina distanti</i>	Lesser Albatross	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Appias pandione</i>	Banded Puffin	Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Appias lalage</i>	Spot Puffin	Doi Inthanon 2023
<i>Appias indra</i>	Plain Puffin	Kaeng Krachan north
<i>Saletara panda</i>	Malayan Albatross	A few at Khao Sok
<i>Ixias pyrene</i>	Yellow Orange Tip	Widespread and often common
<i>Hebomoia glaucippe</i>	Great Orange Tip	Widespread, seen on 8 days
<i>Pareronia anais</i>	Common Wanderer	Widespread
<i>Pareronia valeria</i>	Malayan Wanderer	Scattered records
Coliadinae		
<i>Catopsilia pyranthe</i>	Mottled Emigrant	Widespread
<i>Catopsilia pomona</i>	Lemon Emigrant	Widespread, the distinctive form <i>catilla</i> at Erawan
<i>Catopsilia scylla</i>	Orange Emigrant	Kaeng Krachan south
<i>Eurema brigitta hainana</i>	Small Grass Yellow	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Eurema laeta pseudolaeta</i>	Spotless Grass Yellow	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Eurema hecabe</i>	Common Grass Yellow	Widespread
<i>Eurema simulatrix</i>	Hill Grass Yellow	Doi Inthanon
<i>Eurema blanda silhetana</i>	Three-spot Grass Yellow	Doi Inthanon
<i>Eurema sari sodalis</i>	Chocolate Grass Yellow	Khao Sok, Kaeng Krachan
<i>Eurema andersoni</i>	Anderson's Grass Yellow	Widespread, e.g. Doi Suthep, Kaeng Krachan, Erawan
<i>Eurema nicevillei</i>	Banded Grass Yellow	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Eurema ada</i>	Talbot's Grass Yellow	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Gandaca harina burmana</i>	Tree Yellow	Widespread in small numbers

Nymphalidae

Danainae

<i>Danaus chrysippus</i>	Plain Tiger	Day 7
<i>Danaus genutia</i>	Common Tiger	Doi Inthanon
<i>Danaus melanippus</i>	White Tiger	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2014
<i>Tirumala septentrionis</i>	Dark Blue Tiger	Widespread and rather common
<i>Tirumala limniace</i>	Broad Blue Tiger	Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Parantica aglea melanoides</i>	Glassy Tiger	Widespread and common
<i>Parantica melaneus</i>	Chocolate Tiger	Scattered records
<i>Parantica sita</i>	Chestnut Tiger	Doi Suthep
<i>Idea stollii</i>	Ashy-white Tree Nymph	Khao Sok
<i>Euploea modesta</i>	Plain Blue Crow	Abundant at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euploea crameri</i>	Spotted Black Crow	1 on Day 14, 2019
<i>Euploea caramalzeman</i>	Blue King Crow	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euploea core godartii</i>	Common Crow	Widespread and locally common
<i>Euploea algea limborgii</i>	Long-branded Blue Crow	Common at Kaeng Krachan, also Erawan
<i>Euploea doubledayi</i>	Greater Striped Black Crow	Scattered records
<i>Euploea eyndhovii gardineri</i>	Lesser Striped Black Crow	Khao Sok 2014
<i>Euploea sylvoester harrisii</i>	Double-branded Blue Crow	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euploea mulciber</i>	Striped Blue Crow	Widespread and often common
<i>Euploea tulliolus</i>	Dwarf Crow	Si Nakharam Dam NP 2014
<i>Euploea phaenareta</i>	Great Crow	1 at Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Euploea midamus</i>	Blue-spotted Crow	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euploea klugii</i>	Brown King Crow	Day 3, 2019
<i>Euploea eunice leucogonis</i>	Blue-branded King Crow	Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Euploea radamanthus</i>	Magpie Crow	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok

Satyrinae

<i>Melanitis leda</i>	Common Evening Brown	Seen on 4 days
<i>Melanitis phedima</i>	Dark Evening Brown	Chiang Rai (PGC) before the tour
<i>Melanitis zitenius</i>	Great Evening Brown	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Elymnias hypermnestra</i>	Common Palmfly	Widespread in small numbers, various forms seen
<i>Elymnias dara</i>	White-banded Palmfly	Sai Yok 2015
<i>Elymnias nesaea</i>	Tiger Palmfly	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Elymnias casiphone saueri</i>	Dried-leaf Palmfly	1 at Khao Sok 2019
<i>Lethe europa</i>	Bamboo Treebrown	Khao Sok and Kanchanaburi
<i>Lethe rohria</i>	Common Treebrown	Doi Inthanon and Sai Yok NP
<i>Lethe confusa</i>	Banded Treebrown	Doi Suthep
<i>Lethe naga</i>	Naga Treebrown	Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Lethe mekara</i>	Common Red Forester	Khao Sok
<i>Lethe chandica</i>	Angle Red Forester	Khao Sok
<i>Lethe sinorix</i>	Red-tailed Forester	Ob Khan 2017
<i>Lethe minerva</i>	Banded Red Forester	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Neorina crishna</i>	Tailed Yellow Owl	A fine individual at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Ethope diademoides</i>	White Diadem	1 at Si Nakharam Dam NP 2014
<i>PentHEMA darlisa</i>	Three-coloured Kaiser	A male on Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Xanthotaenia busiris</i>	The Pan	1 at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Mycalesis mnasicles</i>	Cyclops Bushbrown	Kanchanaburi
<i>Mycalesis sangaica</i>	Painted Bushbrown	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Mycalesis perseus</i>	Common Bushbrown	Scattered records
<i>Mycalesis mineus</i>	Dark Brand Bushbrown	Widespread

<i>Mycalesis intermedia</i>	Intermediate Bushbrown	Scattered records
<i>Mycalesis perseoides</i>	Burmese Bushbrown	Possibly this at Kaeng Krachan 2023
<i>Mycalesis visala</i>	Long-branded Bushbrown	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Mycalesis francisca sanatana</i>	Lilacine Bushbrown	Doi Inthanon
<i>Mycalesis gotama</i>	Chinese Bushbrown	Ob Khan and Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Mycalesis anaxias</i>	White-bar Bush Brown	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Mycalesis adamsoni</i>	Watson's Bushbrown	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Mycalesis maianeas</i>	Bandless Bushbrown	Khao Sok, new in 2023
<i>Mycalesis malsara</i>	White-line Bushbrown	Doi Suthep 2015
<i>Orsotriaena medus</i>		Khao Sok
<i>Erites argentina</i>	Eyed Cyclops	Khao Sok, new in 2023
<i>Ypthima baldus</i>	Common Fivering	Widespread and very common
<i>Ypthima singorensis</i>	Singor Fivering	Doi Inthanon
<i>Ypthima savara</i>	Pallid Fivering	Erawan
<i>Ypthima huebneri</i>	Common Fourring	Widespread
<i>Ypthima confusa</i>	Confusing Threering	Ob Khan 2017
<i>Ypthima watsoni</i>	Watson's Looped Threering	Scattered records 2014

Morphinae

<i>Faunis canens</i>	Common Faun	Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Faunis kirata</i>	Broad Striped Faun	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Faunis gracilis</i>	Narrow Striped Faun	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Aemona lena</i>	White Dryad	2+ at Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Aemona amathusia</i>	Yellow Dryad	2+ at Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Amathusia phidippus</i>	The Palmking	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Amathuxidia amythaon dilucida</i>	The Koh-I-Noor	A superb male at Khao Sok 2016
<i>Thaumantis diores</i>	The Jungleglory	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok in the past
<i>Thaumantis klugius</i>	Dark Jungleglory	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Thauria lathyi</i>	Siam Jungleglory	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Thauria aliris</i>	Tufted Jungleking	Khao Sok
<i>Discophora sondaica zal</i>	Common Duffer	Doi Inthanon
<i>Discophora sondaica despoliata</i>		Khao Sok 2016
<i>Discophora timora</i>	Great Duffer	Ob Khan 2019

Charaxinae

<i>Agatasa calydonia</i>	Glorious Begum	One on two days at Khao Sok, a superb record. 2023.
<i>Polyura schreiber assamensis</i>	Blue Nawab	1 at Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Polyura delphis</i>	Jewelled Nawab	Kaeng Krachan south
<i>Polyura moori</i>	Malayan Yellow Nawab	Kaeng Krachan south
<i>Polyura hebe</i>	Southern Nawab	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Polyura jalysus</i>	Indian Yellow Nawab	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Polyura athamas</i>	Common Nawab	Kaeng Krachan, Doi Suthep, Ob Khan
<i>Polyura arja</i>	Pallid Nawab	Erawan 2016
<i>Charaxes solon</i>	Black Rajah	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Charaxes bernardus crepax</i>	Common Tawny Rajah	Erawan, Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok
<i>Charaxes marmax</i>	Yellow Rajah	2015
<i>Charaxes distanti</i>	Malay Rajah	Khao Sok 2014

Heliconiinae

<i>Acraea violae</i>	Tawny Coster	Day 4, and en route to Kaeng Krachan
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<i>Cethosia biblis</i>	Red Lacewing	Several at Doi Suthep
<i>Cethosia hypsea</i>	Malay Lacewing	Khao Sok
<i>Cethosia cyane</i>	Leopard Lacewing	Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cethosia methypsea</i>	Orange Lacewing	Kaeng Krachan 2015
<i>Phalanta phalantha</i>	Common Leopard	Scattered records
<i>Phalanta alcippe</i>	Small Leopard	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Cupha erymanthis</i>	The Rustic	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Vagrans sinha</i>	The Vagrant	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Cirrochroa tyche</i>	Common Yeoman	Numerous at Kaeng Krachan, also Erawan
<i>Cirrochroa aoris</i>	Large Yeoman	1 at Kaeng Krachan north
<i>Cirrochroa emalea</i>	Malay Yeoman	Khao Sok
<i>Cirrochroa orissa</i>	Yellow-banded Yeoman	1 at Khao Sok 2019
<i>Vindula erota</i>	Common Cruiser	Several at Doi Suthep, Erawan, and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Terinos terpander robertsia</i>	Royal Assyrian	Khao Sok
<i>Terinos clarissa</i>	Malayan Assyrian	Kaeng Krachan, ssp. <i>malayana</i> ?
<i>Terinos atlita teuthras</i>	Large Assyrian	Khao Sok. Possibly ssp. <i>miletum</i> at Kaeng Krachan

Limenitidinae

<i>Pantoporia hordonia</i>	Common Lascar	Kaeng Krachan 2019
<i>Pantoporia paraka</i>	Parak Lascar	Ob Khan 2017
<i>Pantoporia aurelia boma</i>	Baby Lascar	Recorded on Day 3, 2017
<i>Lasippa tiga</i>	Malayan Lascar	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Neptis duryodana</i>	Malayan Sailor	Recorded
<i>Neptis clinia</i>	Clear Sailor	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Neptis hylas</i>	Common Sailor	Widespread
<i>Neptis yerburii</i>	Yerbury's Sailor	2015
<i>Neptis nata</i>	Sullied Brown Sailor	Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Neptis jumbah</i>	Chestnut-streak Sailor	Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Neptis harita</i>	Dingiest Sailor	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Neptis miah</i>	Small Yellow Sailor	Scattered records
<i>Neptis zaida</i>	Variable Sailor	Kaeng Krachan 2017
<i>Phaedyma columella</i>	Short-banded Grey Sailor	Ob Khan and Sai Yok NP, 2019
<i>Athyma pravara</i>	Lance Sergeant	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Athyma asura</i>	Studded Sergeant	Erawan
<i>Athyma perius</i>	Common Sergeant	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Athyma kanwa</i>	Dot-dash Sergeant	Erawan 2015
<i>Athyma selenophora</i>	Staff Sergeant	Chiang Mai and Erawan
<i>Athyma zeroa</i>	Small Staff Sergeant	Keang Krachan
<i>Athyma cama</i>	Orange Staff Sergeant	Chiang Mai
<i>Athyma nefte</i>	Colour Sergeant	A male, southern Kaeng Krachan, 2016
<i>Athyma ranga</i>	Black-veined Sergeant	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Sumalia daraxa</i>	Green Commodore	Doi Inthanon 2023
<i>Parasarpa dudu</i>	White Commodore	Sai Yok 2019
<i>Moduza procris</i>	Common Commander	Doi Suthep, Sai Yok, Kaeng Krachan, etc.
<i>Lebadea martha martha</i>	The Knight	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
<i>Lebadea martha malayana</i>	The Knight	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Parthenos sylvia</i>	The Clipper	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Tanaecia pelea</i>	Malay Viscount	Khao Sok
<i>Tanaecia clathrata</i>	Violet-bordered Viscount	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Tanaecia aruna</i>	Short-banded Viscount	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Tanaecia julii odilina</i>	Common Earl	Doi Suthep

<i>Tanaecia julii xiphiones</i>	Common Earl	Khao Sok
<i>Tanaecia jahnu</i>	Plain Earl	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cynitia lepidea</i>	Grey Count	Doi Suthep, Doi Inthanon, Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cynitia flora</i>	Blue Count	Khao Sok
<i>Cynitia cocytus</i>	Lavender Count	Two males at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cynitia godartii</i>	Malay Count	A female at Khao Sok 2019
<i>Cynitia cocytina</i>	Horsfield's Baron	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Euthalia monina</i>	Malay Baron	A male at Doi Inthanon
<i>Euthalia anosia</i>	Grey Baron	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Euthalia aconthea garuda</i>	Mango Baron	Dheva Mantra
<i>Euthalia alpheda</i>	Streaked Baron	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Euthalia phemius</i>	White-edged Blue Baron	A female Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Euthalia lubentina</i>	Common Gaudy Baron	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Euthalia adonia beata</i>	White-banded Red Baron	A female at Krabi, 2023
<i>Euthalia evelina compta</i>	Red-spot Duke	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Euthalia teuta</i>	Banded Marquis	Thanbok Khorani
<i>Euthalia recta</i>	Red-spot Marquis	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euthalia dunya</i>	Great Marquis	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Lexias dirtea</i>	Black-tip Archduke	Ob Khan
<i>Lexias pardalis</i>	Common Archduke	Widespread and reasonably common
<i>Lexias canescens</i>	Yellow Archduke	Khao Sok 2014

Cyrestinae

<i>Cyrestis themire</i>	Little Map	Scattered records
<i>Cyrestis cocles</i>	Marbled Map	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cyrestis thyodamus</i>	Common Map	Erawan
<i>Cyrestis nivea</i>	Straight-lined Map	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Chersonesia risa</i>	Common Maplet	Ob Khan and Khao Sok
<i>Chersonesia rahrioides</i>	Indian Red Maplet	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Chersonesia peraka</i>	Rounded Maplet	Khao Sok
<i>Pseudergolis wedah</i>	Tabby	Doi Inthanon 2017
<i>Stibochiona nicea</i>	Popinjay	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Dichorragia nesimachus</i>	Constable	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour

Biblidinae

<i>Ariadne ariadne</i>	Angled Castor	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Ariadne merione</i>	Common Castor	Doi Inthanon
<i>Ariadne specularia</i>	Banded Castor	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Laringa horsfieldi</i>	Banded Dandy	Usually at Doi Suthep
<i>Laringa castelnaui</i>	Blue Dandy	A female at Khao Sok, 2023

Apaturinae

<i>Mimathyma ambica</i>	Indian Purple Emperor	Two males Chiang Mai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Rohana parisatis</i>	Siamese Black Prince	Several at Kaeng Krachan and Doi Suthep
<i>Herona marathus</i>	Yellow Pasha	1 at Sai Yok 2017
<i>Euripus nyctelius</i>	The Courtesan	Doi Suthep (PGC), before the tour
<i>Hestina nama</i>	The Circe	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour

Nymphalinae

<i>Kaniska canace</i>	Blue Admiral	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Symbrenthia lilaea</i>	Common Jester	Kaeng Krachan, Doi Suthep, Erawan

<i>Symbrenthia hypselis</i>	Himalayan Jester	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Junonia iphita</i>	Chocolate Pansy	Widespread
<i>Junonia atlites</i>	Grey Pansy	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Junonia almana</i>	Peacock Pansy	Day 7
<i>Junonia lemonias</i>	Lemon Pansy	Widespread
<i>Junonia orithya</i>	Blue Pansy	Khao Sok
<i>Junonia hierta</i>	Yellow Pansy	Day 7
<i>Rhinopalpa polynice</i>	The Wizard	2 at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Yoma sabina</i>	The Lurcher	Doi Inthanon 2015
<i>Hypolimnias misippus</i>	Danaid Eggfly	A male on Day 14
<i>Hypolimnias bolina</i>	Great Eggfly	Ob Khan and Khao Sok
<i>Doleschallia bisaltide</i>	Autumn Leaf	Khao Sok, and several at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Kallima inachus</i>	Indian Leaf Butterfly	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Libytheinae</i>		
<i>Libythea celtis</i>	Common Beak	Erawan 2023
<i>Libythea myrrha</i>	Club Beak	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Libythea narina</i>	White-spot Beak	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Libythea geoffroy</i>	Blue Beak	Doi Suthep, Erawan, and Kaeng Krachan, 2016
<i>Lycaenidae</i>		
<i>Riodininae</i>		
<i>Zemeros flegyas</i>	The Punchinello	Doi Suthep, Doi Inthanon, Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok
<i>Dodona egeon</i>	Orange Punch	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Dodona eugenes</i>	Tailed Punch	Chiang Mai
<i>Dodona dipoea dracon</i>	Lesser Punch	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Dodona deodata</i>	White Punch	Several at Doi Suthep, also Doi Inthanon
<i>Abisara fylla</i>	Dark Judy	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Abisara echerius</i>	Common Plum Judy	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Abisara saturata</i>	Forest Judy	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Abisara neophron</i>	Tailed Judy	Several at Doi Suthep
<i>Paralaxita damajanti</i>	Malay Red Harlequin	A female at Khao Sok 2019
<i>Taxila haquinus</i>	Larger Harlequin	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok 2019
<i>Poritiinae</i>		
<i>Poritia hewitsoni</i>	Common Gem	1 at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Poritia erycinoides phraatica</i>	Blue Gem	Khao Sok
<i>Poritia</i> sp.	a gem	Sai Yok 2023
<i>Miletinae</i>		
<i>Miletus</i> species seen this year were unidentified. In the past, several have been seen.		
<i>Miletus chinensis</i>	Common Brownie	A few records 2019
<i>Miletus ancon</i>	Divided Brownie	Probably this species on Doi Suthep, 2015
<i>Miletus symethus petronius</i>	Great Brownie	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Miletus archilochus siamensis</i>	Siamese Brownie	Kaeng Krachan north 2017
<i>Allotinus subviolaceus</i>	Blue Darkie	Sai Yok 2019
<i>Allotinus substrigosus</i>	Lesser Darkie	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Allotinus horsfieldi</i>	Common Darkie	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Spalgis epius</i>	The Apefly	A female at Erawan 2015

Curetinae

<i>Curetis bulis</i>	Bright Sunbeam	A few records
<i>Curetis santana</i>	Malayan Sunbeam	Second segment of palpi speckled with red, recorded 2015
<i>Curetis insularis</i>	Narrow-banded Sunbeam	Probably this species Kaeng Krachan South, 2016
<i>Curetis saronis indosinica</i>	Indochine Sunbeam	Probably this species at Kaeng Krachan 2016

Polyommatainae

<i>Castalius rosimon</i>	Common Pierrot	Widespread and often common
<i>Discolampa ethion</i>	Banded Blue Pierrot	Erawan, Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok, Doi Inthanon
<i>Caleta roxus</i>	Straight Pierrot	Scattered records
<i>Caleta elna</i>	Elbowed Pierrot	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Caleta decidia</i>	Angled Pierrot	Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Everes lacturnus</i>	Indian Cupid	Doi Inthanon
<i>Tongeia potanini</i>	Dark Cupid	Day 7 2019
<i>Megisba malaya</i>	The Malayan	Kaeng Krachan and Doi Suthep
<i>Pithecopus corvus</i>	Forest Quaker	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Neopithecopus zalmora</i>	The Quaker	Doi Suthep, Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok
<i>Actyolepis puspa</i>	Common Hedge Blue	Widespread
<i>Lestranicus transpectus</i>	White-banded Hedge Blue	Doi Suthep
<i>Udara dilecta</i>	Pale Hedge Blue	Doi Inthanon 2017
<i>Zizina otis</i>	Lesser Grass Blue	Scattered records
<i>Zizeeria maha</i>	Pale Grass Blue	Scattered records
<i>Zizula hylax</i>	Tiny Grass Blue	Widespread
<i>Chilades putli</i>	Small Grass Jewel	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Chilades lajus</i>	Lime Blue	Doi Inthanon and Erawan
<i>Chilades pandava</i>	Plains Cupid	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euchrysops cnejus</i>	Gram Blue	Scattered records
<i>Catachrysops strabo</i>	Forget-me-not	Erawan
<i>Catachrysops panormus</i>	Silver Forget-me-not	Doi Suthep
<i>Leptotes plinius</i>	Zebra Blue	Several at Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Lampides boeticus</i>	Long-tailed Blue (Pea Blue)	Day 2
<i>Jamides bochus</i>	Dark Caerulean	Erawan and Khao Sok
<i>Jamides celeno</i>	Common Caerulean	Widespread and often common
<i>Jamides malaccanus</i>	Malacca Caerulean	Khao Sok
<i>Jamides alecto</i>	Metallic Caerulean	Doi Suthep and Khao Sok
<i>Jamides pura</i>	White Caerulean	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Nacaduba angusta</i>	White Lineblue	Erawan 2019
<i>Nacaduba kurava</i>	Transparent Six-line Blue	Scattered records
<i>Nacaduba beroe</i>	Opaque Six-line Blue	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Ionolyce helicon</i>	Pointed Lineblue	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Prosotas nora</i>	Common Lineblue	Widespread and often common, abundant at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Prosotas dubiosa</i>	Tailless Lineblue	Erawan, abundant at Kaeng Krachan, and Khao Sok
<i>Prosotas lutea sivoka</i>	Banded Lineblue	Erawan
<i>Prosotas aluta coelestis</i>	Barred Lineblue	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Prosotas bhutea</i>	Bhutea Lineblue	Khao Sok
<i>Prosotas gracilis ni</i>	Dark-based Lineblue	2015
<i>Una usta</i>	The Singleton	A few at Kaeng Krachan

<i>Petrelaea dana</i>	Dingy Lineblue	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Niphanda asialis</i>	White-banded Pierrot	A female at Doi Suthep, 2015
<i>Anthene emolus</i>	Common Ciliate Blue	Widespread and often common, as at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Anthene lycaenina</i>	Pointed Ciliate Blue	Erawan, numerous at Kaeng Krachan
Lycaeninae		
<i>Heliophorus epicles</i>	Common Purple Sapphire	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Heliophorus indicus</i>	Indian Purple Sapphire	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
Theclinae		
<i>Cigaritis vulcanus</i>	Common Silverline	2 at Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Cigaritis syama</i>	Club Silverline	Erawan and Sai Yok
<i>Cigaritis lohita senama</i>	Long-banded Silverline	Khao Sam Roi Yot
<i>Cigaritis sp.</i>	a silverline	Day 10, 2023
<i>Arhopala pseudocentaurus</i>	Common Oakblue	A few records
<i>Arhopala ijaensis</i>	White-banded Oakblue	Khao Sok 2023
<i>Arhopala aedias</i>	Large Metallic Oakblue	Probably this species at Khao Sok 2019
<i>Arhopala perimuta</i>	Yellow-disc Oakblue	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Arhopala democritus</i>	White-dot Oakblue	Chiang Rai (2023), before the tour
<i>Flos fulgida</i>	Shining Plushblue	On two days at Khao Sok
<i>Surendra quercetorum</i>	Common Acacia Blue	2 at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Surendra vivarna</i>	Green-scaled Acacia Blue	Erawan 2017
<i>Iraota timoleon</i>	Silverstreak Blue	A female at Kaeng Krachan south 2016
<i>Amblypodia narada</i>	Blue Leaf Blue	Erawan 2016
<i>Amblypodia anita</i>	Purple Leaf Blue	Doi Suthep
<i>Neomyrina nivea</i>	Great White Imperial	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Loxura atymnus</i>	Yamfly	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Yasoda tripunctata</i>	Three-spot Yamfly	Doi Suthep
<i>Cheritra freja</i>	Common Imperial	Doi Suthep
<i>Ticherra acte</i>	Blue Imperial	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Drupadia ravindra</i>	Common Posy	Doi Suthep, Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok ssp. <i>boisduvalii</i> and <i>moorei</i>
<i>Drupadia theda thesmia</i>	Dark Posy	form <i>minara</i> , with a large orange patch on forewing, at Khao Sok
<i>Horaga onyx</i>	Common Onyx	1 at Kaeng Krachan 2015
<i>Tajuria diaeus</i>	Straight-lined Royal	A few at Kaeng Krachan 2017
<i>Suasa lisides</i>	Red Imperial	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Ancema ctesia</i>	Bi-spot Royal	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Hypolycaena erylus</i>	Common Tit	Rather common and widespread
<i>Hypolycaena amasa</i>	Fluffy Tit	Kanchanaburi and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Hypolycaena othona</i>	Orchid Tit	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Deudorix epijarbus</i>	Common Cornelian	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Rapala pheretima</i>	Copper Flash	Erawan
<i>Rapala iarbus</i>	Common Red Flash	Erawan 2019
<i>Rapala manea</i>	Slate Flash	Ob Khan and Erawan 2017
<i>Rapala scintilla</i>	Scarce Shot Flash	A male at Khao Sok 2017
<i>Rapala varuna</i>	Indigo Flash	Erawan 2017
<i>Rapala rhoecus</i>	Brilliant Flash	Recorded 2019
<i>Rapala melida</i>	Fruhstorfer's Flash	Doi Suthep 2015
<i>Rapala rosacea</i>	Rosy Flash	Doi Inthanon 2015

Hesperiidae

Coeliadinae

<i>Burara jaina</i>	Orange-striped Awlet	Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Bibasis sena</i>	Orange-tailed Awl	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Hasora chromus</i>	Common Banded Awl	Erawan 2019
<i>Hasora taminatus</i>	White-banded Awl	Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Hasora leucospila</i>	Violet Awl	Khao Sok 2015, this species?
<i>Badamia exclamationis</i>	Brown Awl	Several at Doi Inthanon, Kanchanaburi area, common at Kaeng Krachan, all 2016
<i>Choaspes benjaminii formosanus</i>	Formosa Awlking	2 at Doi Suthep

Pyrginae

<i>Capila phanaeus</i>	Fulvous Dawnfly	Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Celaenorrhinus pyrrrha</i>	Main Spotted Flat	1 on Doi Inthanon 2015
<i>Celaenorrhinus dhanada affinis</i>	Himalayan Yellow-banded Flat	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Celaenorrhinus aurivittatus</i>	Dark Yellow-banded Flat	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Sarangesa dasahara</i>	Common Small Flat	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Pseudocoladenia dan</i>	Fulvous Pied Flat	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Gerosis sinica</i>	Extensive White Flat	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Gerosis phisara</i>	Variable White Flat	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Tagiades japedus</i>	Common Snow Flat	Erawan
<i>Tagiades cohaerens</i>	Evan's Snow Flat	Doi Suthep 2019
<i>Tagiades menaka</i>	Spotted Snow Flat	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Odontoptilum angulatum</i>	Chestnut Angle	Kaeng Krachan 2019
<i>Odontoptilum pygela</i>	Banded Angle	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Spialia galba</i>	Indian Skipper	Doi Inthanon 2019

Hesperiinae

<i>Aeromachus stigmatus shanda</i>	Veined Scrub Hopper	Chiang Rai (PGC), before the tour
<i>Ampittia dioscorides</i>	Common Bush Hopper	Doi Inthanon 2019
<i>Ampittia maroides</i>	Banded Bush Hopper	Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Sovia albipecta</i>	Silver-breast Ace	Erawan
<i>Ochus subvittatus</i>	Tiger Hopper	Khao Sok
<i>Thoressa masoni</i>	Golden Ace	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Halpe zola</i>	Long-banded Ace	Kaeng Krachan and Erawan
<i>Halpe porus</i>	Moore's Ace	Erawan
<i>Halpe hauptwelli</i>	Pale Marked Ace	Erawan
<i>Pithauria stramineipennis stramineipennis</i>	Light Straw Ace	Day 8, 2019
<i>Iambrix salsala</i>	Chestnut Bob	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Koruthaialos rubecula hector</i>	Narrow-banded Velvet Bob	Doi Suthep
<i>Koruthaialos rubecula rubecula</i>		Kaeng Krachan
<i>Koruthaialos sindu</i>	Bright Red velvet Bob	Khao Sok
<i>Psolos fuligo</i>		Scattered records
<i>Ancistroides nigrita</i>	Chocolate Demon	Scattered records
<i>Ancistroides armatus</i>	Red Demon	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Ancistroides gemmifer</i>	Gem Red Demon	Doi Suthep 2017
<i>Notocrypta paralysos</i>	Common Banded Demon	Ob Khan and Doi Suthep
<i>Notocrypta pria</i>	Dwarf Banded Demon	Khao Sok 2014

<i>Notocrypta clavata theba</i>	Clavate Banded Demon	Doi Suthep
<i>Notocrypta curvifascia</i>	Restricted Demon	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
<i>Notocrypta feisthamelii alysos</i>	Spotted Demon	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Udaspes folus</i>	Grass Demon	Erawan 2016
<i>Suada swerga suava</i>	Grass Bob	Recorded 2019?
<i>Scobura isota</i>	Swinhoe's Forest Bob	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Suastus gremius</i>	Indian Palm Bob	Doi Inthanon and Day 11, 2019
<i>Cupitha purreea</i>	Waxy Dart	Doi Suthep 2023
<i>Zographetus satwa</i>	Purple and Gold Flitter	Khao Sok
<i>Zographetus ogygioides</i>	Red Flitter	Khao Sok 2014
<i>Hyarotis adrastus</i>	Tree Flitter	Scattered records
<i>Isma protoclea bicolor</i>	Bicolour Long-horned Flitter	Khao Sok. Distinctly long antennae.
<i>Pyroneura</i> sp.		Khao Sok 2016
<i>Pseudokerana fulgur</i>	Orange-banded Lancer	Khao Sok 2017
<i>Lotongus calathus</i>	White-tipped Palmer	Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Gangara lebadea</i>	Banded Redeye	A male at Kaeng Krachan 2023
<i>Matapa aria</i>	Common Redeye	
<i>Matapa cresta</i>	Fringed Redeye	Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Hidari irava</i>	Coconut Skipper	Khao Sok 2019
<i>Taractrocera maeivius</i>	Common Grass Dart	Scattered records
<i>Taractrocera ziclea</i>	Veined Grass Dart	Doi Inthanon 2015
<i>Oriens paragola</i>	Malay Dartlet	A distinctive female at Khao Sok 2017
<i>Oriens goloides</i>	Ceylon Dartlet	Possibly this on Day 2, 2023
<i>Oriens gola</i>	Common Dartlet	Khao Sok
<i>Potanthus omaha</i>	Red Lesser Dart	Recorded 2019
<i>Potanthus confucius</i>	Confucian Dart	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Potanthus</i> spp.	darts	Several seen. Dissection necessary for positive id.
<i>Parnara bada</i>	Grey Swift	Scattered records
<i>Parnara apostata</i>	Dark Straight Swift	Lunch site en route to Kaeng Krachan 2017
<i>Pelopidas mathias</i>	Small Branded Swift	Dheva Mantra 2017
<i>Pelopidas agna</i>	Bengal Swift	
<i>Caltoris</i> sp.		
<i>Iton semamora</i>	Common Wight	Doi Suthep
<i>Iton watsonii</i>	Watson's Wight	Sai Yok

Systematic List Number 2 Dragonflies

Works used were 'Atlas of the Dragonflies of Thailand' by Matti Hamalainen and Bro.Amnuay Pinratana, 1999, 'A List of the Odonata from Thailand (Parts I-XXI)', by Dr.Syoziro Asahina, edited by Bro.Amnuay Pinratana, 1993, and 'Dragonflies of Peninsular Malaysia and Singapore' by A.G.Orr, 2005.

Calopterygidae

<i>Matrona basilaris nigripectus</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Mnais andersoni</i>	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
<i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	Widespread, e.g. Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok, Sri Nakharin Dam
<i>Vestalis anne</i>	Probably this at Sai Yok
<i>Vestalis gracilis</i>	Doi Inthanon etc.

Chlorocyphidae

<i>Aristocypha fenestrella</i>	Doi Inthanon, Kaeng Krachan, etc.
<i>Aristocypha iridea</i>	
<i>Heliocypha biforata</i>	Ob Khan, Erawan, Doi Inthanon, Sai Yok, Kaeng Krachan
<i>Heliocypha perforata limbata</i>	Doi Inthanon and Khao Sok
<i>Libellago lineata</i>	Erawan and Sai Yok

Euphaeidae

<i>Euphaea masoni</i>	Ob Khan, Doi Inthanon, Kaeng Krachan, and Khao Sok
<i>Euphaea ochracea</i>	Doi Inthanon, Khao Sok, etc.

Chlorolestidae

<i>Megalestes kurahashii</i>	1 at Doi Inthanon
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Megapodagrionidae

<i>Rhinagrion mima</i>	Sai Yok and Than Bok Khorani
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Coenagrionidae

<i>Aciagrion occidentale</i>	
<i>Aciagrion pallidum</i>	Sai Yok and Khao Sok
<i>Agriocnemis femina</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Agriocnemis nana</i>	
<i>Agriocnemis pygmaea</i>	Doi Inthanon resort
<i>Agriocnemis rubescens</i>	
<i>Ceriagrion auranticum</i>	Doi Suthep and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Ceriagrion chaoi</i>	
<i>Ceriagrion indochinense</i>	
<i>Ischnura aurora</i>	Doi Suthep
<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	Common and widespread, e.g. Sai Yok
<i>Mortonagrion aborense</i>	
<i>Onychargia atrocyanea</i>	Sai Yok
<i>Pseudagrion australasiae</i>	
<i>Pseudagrion microcephalum</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Pseudagrion pruinatum</i>	Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan south
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps</i>	Doi Inthanon

Platycnemididae

<i>Calicnemia imitans</i>	Erawan
<i>Coeliccia chromothorax</i>	Doi Suthep
<i>Coeliccia didyma</i>	Khao Sok and Erawan
<i>Coeliccia poungyi</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Copera ciliata</i>	Doi Inthanon. White legs.
<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Sai Yok. Yellow legs.
<i>Copera vittata</i>	Erawan, Kaeng Krachan. Orange legs.
<i>Indocnemis orang</i>	Pala-U waterfall

Protoneuridae

<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Sai Yok
<i>Prodasineura laidlawii</i>	

Aeshnidae

<i>Anax guttatus</i>	Doi Inthanon and Khao Sok
<i>Gynacantha subinterrupta</i>	

Gomphidae

<i>Ictinogomphus decoratus melaenops</i>	Doi Inthanon lodge
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Libellulidae

<i>Acisoma panorpoides</i>	Widespread
<i>Aethriamanta aethra</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Aethriamanta brevipennis</i>	Erawan
<i>Brachydiplax chalybaea</i>	
<i>Brachydiplax farinosa</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Brachydiplax sobrina</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	Widespread
<i>Cratilla lineata</i>	
<i>Cratilla metallica</i>	Khao Sok
<i>Crocothemis servilia</i>	Common, e.g. Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Diplacodes nebulosa</i>	
<i>Diplacodes trivialis</i>	Widespread, e.g. Kaeng Krachan
<i>Lathrecista asiatica</i>	
<i>Neurothemis fluctuans</i>	Widespread, e.g. Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Neurothemis fulvoia</i>	Widespread
<i>Neurothemis intermedia atalanta</i>	Erawan
<i>Neurothemis tullia</i>	
<i>Onychothemis culminicola</i>	Khao Sok
<i>Onychothemis testacea</i>	Ob Khan
<i>Orthetrum chrysis</i>	Erawan
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	Scattered records
<i>Orthetrum luzonicum</i>	Khao Sok
<i>Orthetrum pruinatum neglectum</i>	Ob Khan, Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Kaeng Krachan
<i>Orthetrum sabina</i>	Widespread
<i>Orthetrum testaceum</i>	Kaeng Krachan and Sai Yok
<i>Orthetrum triangulare</i>	Ob Khan, Doi Inthanon, etc.
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Widespread and often numerous
<i>Potamarcha congener</i>	Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok, Sai Yok

<i>Pseudothemis jorina</i>	Doi Inthanon resort. Very distinctive with a prominent white patch at base of abdomen.
<i>Rhodothemis rufa</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Rhyothemis phyllis</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Rhyothemis plutonia</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Rhyothemis variegata</i>	Doi Inthanon resort and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Tetrathemis platyptera</i>	Doi Inthanon and Sai Yok
<i>Tholymis tillarga</i>	Dheva Mantra and Doi Inthanon
<i>Trithemis aurora</i>	Scattered records, e.g. Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Sai Yok
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Doi Inthanon, Erawan, etc.
<i>Trithemis pallidinervis</i>	Petchaburi
<i>Tyriobapta torrida</i>	Khao Sok
<i>Urothemis signata</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Zygonyx iris malayana</i>	Around waterfalls at Ob Khan and Doi Inthanon

Systematic List Number 3 Mammals

The systematic order and taxonomy follow ‘A Field Guide to the Mammals of South-east Asia’ by Charles M. Francis, New Holland 2008.

Common Treeshrew	<i>Tupaia glis</i>	Khao Sok on recce
Greater Short-nosed Fruit Bat	<i>Cynopterus sphinx</i>	A dead individual of probably this species at Doi Inthanon, 2015
Kitti’s Hog-nosed Bat	<i>Craseonycteris thonglongyai</i>	Several of this restricted range endemic were seen in a cave at Sai Yok NP
Bat spp.		Several other species of bat were seen during the trip, both insectivorous and frugivorous, e.g. in the Sai Yok cave.
Dusky Langur	<i>Trachypithecus obscurus</i>	Troops at Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
Rhesus Macaque	<i>Macaca mulatta</i>	Erawan, 2023
Long-tailed Macaque	<i>Macaca fascicularis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot and Khao Sok
Southern Pig-tailed Macaque	<i>Macaca nemestrina</i>	Khao Sok
Stump-tail Macaque	<i>Macaca arctoides</i>	Khao Sok
White-handed Gibbon	<i>Hylobates lar</i>	Heard at Khao Sok and Kaeng Krachan (3 troops)
Sun Bear	<i>Helarctos malayanus</i>	Two seen superbly well at Kaeng Krachan north in 2023, a tour highlight
Yellow-throated Marten	<i>Martes flavigula</i>	2 at Kaeng Krachan north 2023
Small Asian Mongoose	<i>Herpestes javanicus</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Leopard	<i>Panthera pardus</i>	One seen closely in the afternoon in Kaeng Krachan, 2019
Asian Elephant	<i>Elephas maximus</i>	Much sign at Kaeng Krachan
Red Muntjak	<i>Muntiacus muntjak</i>	2 at Kaeng Krachan north 2023
Sambar	<i>Cervus unicolor</i>	Sign at Kaeng Krachan
Black Giant Squirrel	<i>Ratufa bicolor</i>	Heard at various sites, seen at Kaeng Krachan
Grey-bellied Squirrel	<i>Callosciurus caniceps</i>	Scattered records, e.g. Khao Sok
Pallas’s Squirrel	<i>Callosciurus erhthraeus</i>	Widespread
Variable Squirrel	<i>Callosciurus finlaysonii</i>	Chiang Mai etc.
Red-cheeked Squirrel	<i>Dremomys rufigenis</i>	Khao Sok 2015
Western Striped Squirrel	<i>Tamiops mccllellandii</i>	Chiang Mai and Doi Inthanon
Indochinese Ground Squirrel	<i>Menetes berdmorei</i>	Boathouse and Talay Tara, 2019

Systematic List Number 4

Amphibians and Reptiles

‘A Field Guide to the Reptiles of Thailand’ by Chan-ard et al, OUP 2015, is an excellent guide. ‘A Field Guide to the Reptiles of South-East Asia’ by Indraneil Das, 2010, was previously the standard work.

Asian Giant Toad	<i>Bufo asper</i>	
Banded Bullfrog	<i>Kaloula pulchra</i>	Dheva Mantra 2019
Taylor’s Frog	<i>Limnonectes taylori</i>	Doi Inthanon
	<i>Limnonectes</i> sp.	Khao Sok 2019
Malayan Stream Frog	<i>Sylvirana malayana</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Dark-sided Chorus Frog	<i>Microhyla heymonsi</i>	
	<i>Clinotarsus penelope</i>	Khao Sok?
Common Tree Frog	<i>Polypedates leucomystax</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Geoemydidae		
Black-striped Leaf Turtle	<i>Cyclemys oldhami</i>	Seen in Chiang Mai by PGC before the group arrived, 2019
Spiny Terrapin	<i>Heosemys spinosa</i>	Khao Sok 2017
Testudinidae		
Elongated Tortoise	<i>Indotestudo elongata</i>	Kaeng Krachan north 2019
Gekkonidae		
Tiger Cave Gecko	<i>Cyrtodactylus tigroides</i>	One in the cave at Sai Yok NP, where endemic, 2017
Spiny-tailed House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus frenatus</i>	Widespread and common
Garnot’s House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus garnotii</i>	Scattered records
Common Frilly Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus platyurus</i>	Widespread and very common
Common Four-clawed Gecko	<i>Gehyra mutilata</i>	Widespread
Common Tokay Gecko	<i>Gekko gecko</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Common Parachute Gecko	<i>Ptychozoon lionotum</i>	One in my room at Khao Sok, 2017
Agamidae		
Orange-winged Gliding Lizard	<i>Draco maculatus</i>	Khao Sok
Barred Gliding Lizard	<i>Draco taeniopterus</i>	This or the following species at Doi Inthanon 2019
Blandford’s Gliding Lizard	<i>Draco blandfordii</i>	2 at Pala-U Waterfall 2017
Scale-bellied Tree Lizard	<i>Acanthosaura lepidogaster</i>	Chiang Mai 2017
Cross-bearing Tree Lizard	<i>Acanthosaura crucigera</i>	Khao Sok (Masked Spiny Lizard)
Changeable Crested Lizard	<i>Calotes versicolor</i>	Scattered records
Moustached Crested Lizard	<i>Calotes mystaceus</i>	Doi Inthanon resort 2016
Forest Crested Lizard	<i>Calotes emma</i>	Erawan and Khao Sok
Common Butterfly Lizard	<i>Leiolepis belliana</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2016
Skincidae		
Many-lined Sun Skink	<i>Eutropis multifasciata</i>	Scattered records, e.g. Erawan
Long-tailed Sun Skink	<i>Eutropis longicaudata</i>	Scattered records
Variable Sun Skink	<i>Eutropis macularia</i>	Scattered records
Common Striped Skink	<i>Lipinia vittigera</i>	Small with a red tail. Kaeng Krachan south.

Common Forest Skink	<i>Sphenomorphus maculatus</i>	Widespread and locally very common
Indian Forest Skink	<i>Sphenomorphus indicus</i>	
Bowring's Slender Skink	<i>Lygosoma bowringii</i>	Widespread and common
Herbert's Slender Skink	<i>Lygosoma herberti</i>	Probably present too at Khao Sok
Varanidae		
Harlequin Monitor	<i>Varanus dumerilii</i>	Khao Sok 2016
Water Monitor	<i>Varanus salvator</i>	River Kwai, Erawan, and Khao Sok
Pythonidae		
Reticulated Python	<i>Python reticulatus</i>	A road casualty, 2019
Colubridae		
Black-spotted Slug-eating Snake	<i>Pareas macularius</i>	A dead individual at Kaeng Krachan south, 2017
Cave or Yellow Black-tailed Racer	<i>Orthriophis taeniurus</i> <i>ssp.helfenbergeri</i>	In the cave at Sai Yok, 2016
Rat Snake sp.	<i>Ptyas</i> sp.	Possibly the large snake seen briefly on the road at Khao Sam Roi Yot, 2017
Wall's Bronzeback	<i>Dendrelaphis cyanochloris</i>	Krabi 2015
Golden Tree Snake	<i>Chrysopelea ornata</i>	On the pavilion at Kaeng Krachan north, 2017. Chiang Mai 2019 (PGC).
Oriental Whip Snake	<i>Ahaetulla prasina</i>	A superb individual at Kaeng Krachan north, 2017
Red-necked Keelback	<i>Rhabdophis subminiatus</i>	The aquatic snake at Khao Sok 2017. A road casualty at Kaeng Krachan north in 2019.
King Cobra	<i>Ophiophagus hannah</i>	One at Erawan 2019
Pope's Green Pit Viper	<i>Popeia popeiorum</i>	Kaeng Krachan north, a beautiful snake, 2017

Systematic List Number 5 Birds

The nomenclature and systematic order generally follow ‘Birds of Thailand’ by Uthai Treesucon and Wich’yanan Limparungpatthanakij, Lynx 2018. ‘Birds of Thailand’ by Craig Robson, 2016 is the other standard work. The focus of the tour was generally on butterflies and other invertebrates, hence this rather impoverished bird list! Species added to the list this year are annotated 2023. Species seen previously but not this year are annotated with the year in which they were last seen. Of course all species not annotated with a year were also seen this year.

Rufous-throated Hill Partridge	<i>Arborophila rufogularis</i>	Three seen superbly at Doi Inthanon 2019. Only heard there 2023.
Green Peafowl	<i>Pavo muticus</i>	Some 5 females near Chiang Mai, before the tour (PGC), 2023.
Red Junglefowl	<i>Gallus gallus</i>	Chiang Mai area before the tour (PGC), 2023
Lesser Whistling-duck	<i>Dendrocygna javanica</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot and Day 7, 2023
Garganey	<i>Spatula querquedula</i>	Many at Khao Sam Roi Yot 2023
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	Feral Pigeon widespread
Spotted Dove	<i>Streptopelia chinensis</i>	Widespread and common
Red Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia tranquebarica</i>	Widespread in small numbers
Zebra Dove	<i>Geopelia striata</i>	Widespread
Grey-capped Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2023
Pink-necked Green Pigeon	<i>Treron vernans</i>	From the hotel at BKK 2017
Thick-billed Green Pigeon	<i>Treron curvirostra</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Crested Treeswift	<i>Hemiprocne coronata</i>	Hellfire Pass 2019
Brown-backed Needletail	<i>Hirundapus giganteus</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Western Glossy Swiftlet	<i>Collocalia (esculenta) affinis</i>	Khao Sok
Himalayan Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus brevirostris</i>	Scattered records
Black-nest Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus maximus</i>	Khao Sok
Germain’s Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus germani</i>	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
Asian Palm Swift	<i>Cypsiurus balasiensis</i>	Scattered records
Pacific Swift	<i>Apus pacificus</i>	Scattered records
House Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>	Scattered records
Greater Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>	Widespread, often heard
Lesser Coucal	<i>Centropus bengalensis</i>	Boathouse hotel, 2023
Black-bellied Malkoha	<i>Phaenicophaeus diardi</i>	A few records 2017
Green-billed Malkoha	<i>Phaenicophaeus tristis</i>	Sai Yok and Erawan
Western Koel	<i>Eudynamis scolopaceus</i>	Widespread, often heard
Large Hawk Cuckoo	<i>Hierococcyx sparverioides</i>	Heard occasionally
Asian Emerald Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx maculatus</i>	Doi Suthep 2019
Violet Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx xanthorhynchus</i>	A female at Doi Suthep
Banded Bay Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis sonneratii</i>	Heard occasionally
Plaintive Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis merulinus</i>	Heard occasionally
White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>	Seen on Day 7
Black-backed Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio indicus</i>	Near Talay Tara 2017
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	Near Talay Tara 2019
Painted Stork	<i>Mycteria leucocephala</i>	10+ Khao Sam Roi Yot, 2023
Asian Openbill	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>	Many on paddies, and in the air, in the central provinces
Yellow Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus sinensis</i>	Khao sam Roi Yot

Cinnamon Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus cinnamomeus</i>	2 at Khao Sam Roi Yot, 2017
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2019
Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	Widespread and common
Javan Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola speciosa</i>	Surely seen too, this and the previous species being indistinguishable in non-breeding plumage
Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus</i>	Widespread and common
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Eastern Great Egret	<i>Ardea (alba) modesta</i>	Scattered records, numerous at Khao Sam Roi Yot
Intermediate Egret	<i>Mesophoyx intermedia</i>	Scattered records
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	Widespread
Chinese Egret	<i>Egretta eulophotes</i>	1 at Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
Little Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax niger</i>	Scattered wetland records
Indian Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax fuscicollis</i>	Scattered wetland records
Oriental Darter	<i>Anhinga melanogaster</i>	Boathouse hotel and Kaeng Krachan, 2023
Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	Numerous at Khao Sam Roi Yot
Pacific Golden Plover	<i>Pluvialis fulva</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	Near Talay Tara and Khao Sam Roi Yot, 2019
Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
Lesser Sand Plover	<i>Charadrius mongolus</i>	Many at Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
Greater Sand Plover	<i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
Grey-headed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus cinereus</i>	Near Suphanburi 2017
Red-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	Widespread in small numbers
Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	Krabi 2019
Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2023
Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2017
Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2017
Long-toed Stint	<i>Calidris subminuta</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Red-necked Stint	<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2017
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Brown-headed Gull	<i>Larus brunnicephalus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2023
Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2023
Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2023
Collared Owlet	<i>Glaucidium brodiei</i>	Heard at Kaeng Krachan
Asian Barred Owlet	<i>Glaucidium cuculoides</i>	Chiang Mai area, PGC before the tour
Collared Scops Owl	<i>Otus bakkamoena</i>	Heard at Kanchanaburi
Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	Seen on Day 5 2017
Oriental Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i>	1 near Khao Sok 2019
Black Baza	<i>Aviceda leuphotes</i>	6 near Khao Sok
Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Mountain Hawk Eagle	<i>Nisaetus nipalensis</i>	Erawan

Wallace's Hawk Eagle	<i>Nisaetus nanus</i>	1 at Khao Sok 2019
Crested Goshawk	<i>Accipiter trivirgatus</i>	Erawan on two days
Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>	Erawan 2019
Chinese Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter soloensis</i>	A female at Khao Sam Roi Yot 2017
White-bellied Sea Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucogaster</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
Brahminy Kite	<i>Haliastur indus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Eurasian Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo vulpinus</i>	Day 13
White-crowned Hornbill	<i>Berenicornis comatus</i>	Fine views of 2 at Khao Sok, 2023
Great Hornbill	<i>Buceros bicornis</i>	Fine views at Kaeng Krachan
Oriental Pied Hornbill	<i>Anthracoceros albirostris</i>	Kaeng Krachan on 2 days
Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	Sri Nakharin Dam NP, several at Talay Tara, and Day 8, not seen 2023
Asian Green Bee-eater	<i>Merops orientalis</i>	Scattered records, Chiang Mai, and Khao Sam Roi Yot
Chestnut-headed Bee-eater	<i>Merops leschenaulti</i>	Kaeng Krachan and Kanchanaburi
Blue-tailed Bee-eater	<i>Merops philippinus</i>	Doi Inthanon
Indochinese Roller	<i>Coracias affinis</i>	Widespread in small numbers
Dollarbird	<i>Eurystomus orientalis</i>	Khao Sok
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
Stork-billed Kingfisher	<i>Pelargopsis capensis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2019
White-breasted Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	Widespread in small numbers
Black-capped Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon pileata</i>	Khao Sok 2017
Collared Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus chloris</i>	2 at Khao Sok
Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Megalaima haemacephala</i>	Doi Inthanon, Erawan, and Kaeng Krachan
Blue-eared Barbet	<i>Megalaima australis</i>	Heard at various sites
Great Barbet	<i>Megalaima virens</i>	Heard at Doi Suthep
Red-throated Barbet	<i>Megalaima mystacophanos</i>	Heard at Khao Sok
Green-eared Barbet	<i>Megalaima faiostricta</i>	Kaeng Krachan and Kanchanaburi
Lineated Barbet	<i>Megalaima lineata</i>	Scattered records
Malay Golden-throated Barbet	<i>Megalaima franklinii</i>	Day 13
Moustached Barbet	<i>Megalaima incognita</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2017
Blue-throated Barbet	<i>Megalaima asiatica</i>	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
Greater Flameback	<i>Chrysocolaptes lucidus</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2019
Common Flameback	<i>Dinopium javanense</i>	On two days at Erawan
Bamboo Woodpecker	<i>Gecinulus viridis</i>	Heard at Khao Sok
Greater Yellownape	<i>Chrysophlegma flavinucha</i>	Sai Yok 2017
Black-naped Woodpecker	<i>Picus guerini</i>	Sai Yok 2017
White-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus javensis</i>	Heard at Ob Khan 2017
Black-thighed Falconet	<i>Microhierax fringillarius</i>	One seen superbly at Kaeng Krachan 2024
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot and Khao Sok 2017
Oriental Hobby	<i>Falco severus</i>	Near Khao Sok 2019
Vernal Hanging Parrot	<i>Loriculus vernalis</i>	Heard at various sites
Rusty-naped Pitta	<i>Pitta oatesi</i>	Heard at Doi Inthanon
Silver-breasted Broadbill	<i>Serilophus lunatus</i>	Chiang Mai (PGC) before the tour, 2023
Golden-bellied Gerygone	<i>Gerygone sulphurea</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot mangroves 2023
Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>	Sri Nakharin Dam 2019
Black-naped Oriole	<i>Oriolus chinensis</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Mangrove Whistler	<i>Pachycephala cinerea</i>	Heard at Khao Sam Roi Yot
White-bellied Erpornis	<i>Erpornis zantholeuca</i>	Chiang Mai area (PGC) before the tour

Grey-chinned Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus solaris</i>	On three days Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
Short-billed Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus brevirostris</i>	A female at Erawan
Long-tailed Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus ethologus</i>	Chiang Mai
Scarlet Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus flammeus</i>	Day 3 2019
Ashy Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus divaricatus</i>	Doi Suthep and Kaeng Krachan
Brown-rumped Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus cantonensis</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2017
Large Cuckooshrike	<i>Coracina javensis</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2017
Black-winged Cuckooshrike	<i>Lalage melaschistos</i>	Ob Khan 2019
Ashy Woodswallow	<i>Artamus fuscus</i>	Widespread
Bar-winged Flycatcher Shrike	<i>Hemipus picatus</i>	Chiang Mai area (PGC) before the tour
Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Pied Fantail	<i>Rhipidura javanica</i>	Lowlands, 2019
Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	Widespread and common
Ashy Drongo	<i>Dicrurus leucophaeus</i>	Scattered records (Sooty Drongo <i>D.(l) leucophaeus</i>)
		Chinese White-faced Drongo <i>D.(l) innexus</i> seen at Khao Sok
Bronzed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus aeneus</i>	Scattered records
Lesser Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus remifer</i>	Kanchanaburi 2017
Hair-crested Drongo	<i>Dicrurus hottentottus</i>	Kaeng Krachan and Erawan
Greater Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus paradiseus</i>	Scattered records
Black-naped Monarch	<i>Hypothymis azurea</i>	Widespread in small numbers
Oriental Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone affinis</i>	Heard often
Brown Shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>	Khao Sok
Burmese Shrike	<i>Lanius colluriooides</i>	Near Talay Tara 2017
Grey-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius tephronotus</i>	Chiang Mai
Racquet-tailed Treepie	<i>Crypsirina temia</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2019
Rufous Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta vagabunda</i>	Doi Inthanon 2019
Red-billed Blue Magpie	<i>Urocissa erythroryncha</i>	1 at Dheva Mantra, 2023
Common Green Magpie	<i>Cissa chinensis</i>	Sai Yok 2017
White-faced Jay	<i>Garrulus leucotis</i>	Doi Suthep
Eastern Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus levaillantii</i>	Doi Inthanon and Bangkok
Southern Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>	Scattered records
Yellow-bellied Fairy-Fantail	<i>Chelidorhynch hypoxantha</i>	Recorded 2019
Grey-headed Canary Flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>	Scattered records
Yellow-browed Tit	<i>Sylvioparus modestus</i>	Doi Inthanon 2019
Sultan Tit	<i>Melanochlora sultanea</i>	Sri Nakharin Dam 2019
Japanese Tit	<i>Parus minor</i>	Doi Suthep 2019
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2017
Hill Prinia	<i>Prinia superciliaris</i>	Chiang Mai area 2023
Yellow-bellied Prinia	<i>Prinia flaviventris</i>	En route to Kanchanaburi, 2023
Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2019
Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>	Scattered records
Dark-necked Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus atrogularis</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Black-browed Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus bistrigiceps</i>	En route to Kanchanaburi, 2023
Oriental Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus orientalis</i>	Heard at Khao Sam Roi Yot
Pygmy Cupwing	<i>Pnoepyga pusilla</i>	Doi Inthanon 2017
Asian House Martin	<i>Delichon dasypus</i>	Doi Suthep 2019
Asian Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	Chiang Mai
Striated Swallow	<i>Cecropis striolata</i>	Chiang Mai
Rufous-bellied Swallow	<i>Cecropis badia</i>	Khao Sok 2019

House Swallow	<i>Hirundo javanica</i>	Bangkok Airport
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	Widespread and common
Hairy-backed Bulbul	<i>Tricholestes criniger</i>	Khao Sok 2017
White-throated Bulbul	<i>Alophoixus flaveolus</i>	Chiang Mai 2023
Puff-throated Bulbul	<i>Alophoixus pallidus</i>	Doi Suthep
Ochraceous Bulbul	<i>Alophoixus ochraceus</i>	Daily at Khao Sok
Olive Bulbul	<i>Iole virescens</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2017
Grey-eyed Bulbul	<i>Iole propinqua</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Buff-vented Bulbul	<i>Iole charlottae</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Ashy Bulbul	<i>Hemixos flava</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Southern Mountain Bulbul	<i>Ixos (mcclellandii) tickelli</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Black Bulbul	<i>Hypsipetes leucocephalus</i>	Ob Khan 2019
Black-crested Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus melanicterus</i>	Widespread and common
Red-whiskered Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>	Chiang Mai
Sooty-headed Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus aurigaster</i>	Widespread in the first week
Stripe-throated Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus finlaysoni</i>	Scattered records
Flavescent Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus flavescens</i>	Doi Suthep and Kaeng Krachan
Yellow-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus goiavier</i>	Khao Sok
Olive-winged Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus plumosus</i>	Khao Sok 2023
Streak-eared Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus blanfordi</i>	Widespread
Cream-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus simplex</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Red-eyed Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus brunneus</i>	Khao Sok
Spectacled Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus erythroptalmos</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Black-headed Bulbul	<i>Brachypodius atriceps</i>	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
Yellow-browed Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i>	Scattered records
Ashy-throated Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus maculipennis</i>	Several on Doi Inthanon, its only site in Thailand
Buff-barred Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus pulcher</i>	Doi Inthanon 2017
Radde's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus schwarzi</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2023
Greenish Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochiloides</i>	A few records
Pale-legged Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus tenellipes</i>	Krabi 2023
Sulphur-breasted Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus ricketti</i>	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan 2023
Blyth's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus reguloides</i>	Doi Inthanon
Yellow-bellied Warbler	<i>Abroscopus superciliaris</i>	Sai Yok and Kaeng Krachan
Mountain Tailorbird	<i>Phyllergates cucullatus</i>	Doi Inthanon 2017
Striated Yuhina	<i>Yuhina castaniceps</i>	Chiang Mai area (PGC)
Chestnut-flanked White-eye	<i>Zosterops erythropleurus</i>	Doi Inthanon 2017
Japanese White-eye	<i>Zosterops japonicus</i>	Doi Suthep
White-browed Scimitar Babbler	<i>Pomatorhinus schisticeps</i>	Heard on Doi Suthep
Grey-throated Babbler	<i>Stachyris nigriceps</i>	Chiang Mai area (PGC)
Pin-striped Tit Babbler	<i>Macronous gularis</i>	Widespread
Rufous-fronted Babbler	<i>Stachyridopsis rufifrons</i>	Sai Yok
Rufous-winged Fulvetta	<i>Schoeniparus castaneiceps</i>	Doi Inthanon
Puff-throated Babbler	<i>Pellorneum ruficeps</i>	Hellfire Pass 2019
Buff-breasted Babbler	<i>Pellorneum tickelli</i>	Erawan
Abbott's Babbler	<i>Malacocincla abbotti</i>	Khao Sok
Brown-cheeked Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe poioicephala</i>	Chiang Mai area
Yunnan Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe (morrisonia) fratercula</i>	Chiang Mai area 2019
Lesser Necklaced Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax moniliger</i>	Sai Yok 2017
Eastern White-crested Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax (leucolophus) diardi</i>	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon 2019

Greater Necklaced Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax pectoralis</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2019
Silver-eared Laughingthrush	<i>Trochaloxyeron melanostigma</i>	Doi Inthanon
Dark-backed Sibia	<i>Heterophasia melanoleuca</i>	Doi Inthanon
Bar-throated Minla	<i>Chrysominla strigula</i>	Doi Inthanon
Velvet-fronted Nuthatch	<i>Sitta frontalis</i>	Doi Suthep
Asian Pied Starling	<i>Gracupica contra</i>	Near Suphanburi, and Boathouse
Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	Widespread and common
Asian Pied Starling	<i>Gracupica contra</i>	Near Suphanburi, and Boathouse
Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	Widespread and common
Great Myna	<i>Acridotheres grandis</i>	Widespread and common
Hill Myna	<i>Gracula religiosa</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2019
Asian Pied Starling	<i>Gracupica contra</i>	Near Suphanburi, and Boathouse
Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	Widespread and common
Great Myna	<i>Acridotheres grandis</i>	Widespread and common
Hill Myna	<i>Gracula religiosa</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2019
Vinous-breasted Myna	<i>Acridotheres leucocephalus</i>	Day 7, 2023
Great Myna	<i>Acridotheres grandis</i>	Widespread and common
Common Hill Myna	<i>Gracula religiosa</i>	On two days at Erawan
Orange-headed Thrush	<i>Geokichla citrina</i>	A casualty at Kaeng Krachan, 2019
Eyebrowed Thrush	<i>Turdus obscurus</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2019
Oriental Magpie Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>	Scattered records
White-rumped Shama	<i>Copsychus malabaricus</i>	Sai Yok, Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok
Dark-sided Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa (sibirica) cacabata</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Asian Brown Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa dauurica</i>	Scattered records
Zappey's Flycatcher	<i>Cyanoptila cumatilis</i>	A male on Day 3 2019. Formerly considered conspecific with Blue-and-white Flycatcher, <i>C.cyanomelana</i> .
Verditer Flycatcher	<i>Eumyias thalassinus</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Pale Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis unicolor</i>	A male at Kaeng Krachan 2019
Hill Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis (banyumas) whitei</i>	Doi Suthep, Doi Inthanon, Kaeng Krachan
Indochinese Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis sumatrensis</i>	Sai Yok 2019
Blue-throated Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis rubeculoides</i>	A male at Hellfire Pass 2019
Himalayan Shortwing	<i>Brachypteryx cruralis</i>	Heard on Doi Inthanon
Yellow-billed Whistling Thrush	<i>Myophonus (caeruleus) flavirostris</i>	Day 13
Red-throated Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicilla</i>	Scattered records
Plumbeous Water-redstart	<i>Phoenicurus fuliginosus</i>	A female at Doi Inthanon 2024
Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>	Chiang Mai
Grey Bush Chat	<i>Saxicola ferreus</i>	Doi Inthanon 2019
Japanese Stonechat	<i>Saxicola (torquatus) stejnegeri</i>	Near Suphanburi 2017
Asian Fairy Bluebird	<i>Irena puella</i>	Kaeng Krachan and Kanchanaburi
Golden-fronted Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis aurifrons</i>	Doi Inthanon
Orange-bellied Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis hardwickii</i>	Doi Suthep
Blue-winged Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis moluccensis</i>	Scattered records
Yellow-breasted Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum maculatus</i>	Khao Sok 2017
Orange-bellied Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum trigonostigma</i>	On two days at Khao Sok, 2023
Plain Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum minullum</i>	Doi Inthanon
Scarlet-backed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum cruentatum</i>	Khao Sok 2019
Fire-breasted Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum ignipectus</i>	Chiang Mai area (PGC) before the tour, 2023
Thick-billed Spiderhunter	<i>Arachnothera crassirostris</i>	Krabi 2019
Little Spiderhunter	<i>Arachnothera longirostra</i>	Doi Suthep and Khao Sok 2019

Streaked Spiderhunter	<i>Arachnothera magna</i>	Doi Suthep 2019
Grey-breasted Spiderhunter	<i>Arachnothera modesta</i>	Khao Sok 2017
Ruby-cheeked Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes singalensis</i>	A pair on Day 13
Brown-throated Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes malacensis</i>	Khao Sok
Purple Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris asiaticus</i>	Doi Inthanon
Ornate Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris (jugularis) ornatus</i>	Widespread
Black-throated Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga saturata</i>	Doi Inthanon
Doi Inthanon Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga (nipalensis) angkanensis</i>	Doi Inthanon, where endemic
Mrs Gould's Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga gouldiae</i>	Several on Doi Inthanon
Greater Crimson Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga (siparaja) seheriae</i>	Erawan
Oriental Baya Weaver	<i>Ploceus (philippinus) infortunatus</i>	Nests on Day 8, 2019
White-rumped Munia	<i>Lonchura striata</i>	Scattered records
Scaly-breasted Munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>	Scattered records
Chestnut Munia	<i>Lonchura atricapilla</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Indian Sparrow	<i>Passer (domesticus) indicus</i>	Scattered around habitation
Plain-backed Sparrow	<i>Passer flaveolus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	Widespread and common
Forest Wagtail	<i>Dendronanthus indicus</i>	Sai Yok NP
Olive-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>	Kaeng Krachan north 2017
Richard's Pipit	<i>Anthus richardi</i>	Day 13, 2023
Paddyfield Pipit	<i>Anthus rufulus</i>	Day 7
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	Scattered records
Eastern Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla tschutschensis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	Ob Khan