

Thailand

Wats and Waterfalls

A Greentours Trip Report

24th October to 8th November 2016

Led by Paul Cardy

Daily Accounts and Systematic Lists written by Paul Cardy

Days 1 to 3 Monday 24th to Wednesday 26th October Arrival and Chiang Mai

Having been in south-east Asia for some time before the tour, I met the group in Bangkok Suvarnabhumi, from where we took the short flight, of about an hour, to Chiang Mai, the aircraft surprisingly large for an internal flight.

On arrival I soon located our drivers Kampanat and Jo, we loaded up the two vehicles, and made the short drive into town. As we waited outside the terminal for the vehicles a surprise was our first butterfly, a Gaudy Baron, attracted to a flowering tree.

Through the bustling streets and into the heart of the old town we were soon at our hotel in a leafy side street. Fine Lanna architecture, lovely rooms, and supremely tranquil environs made this a beautiful place to start the tour.

Time for a rest for most, this year no-one opted for the afternoon trip with me to a sizeable book shop in town. There I replaced my copy of 'Butterflies of Thailand', and bought five more volumes of 'Flora of Thailand', as usual adding much weight to my luggage!

Although weary we enjoyed an excellent dinner in the hotel restaurant.

The following morning, after a very good breakfast, as we waited in sunshine for the drivers to arrive, in the hotel grounds were Red-whiskered Bulbuls, Olive-backed Sunbirds, Ashy Woodswallows, and Pallas' Squirrel.

Above the city rise the fine forested slopes of Doi Suthep National Park. Centred on the eponymous temple, the main attraction here for most, the park comprises mixed oak/magnolia forest, dipterocarp forest, waterfalls, and caves. In less than an hour we were in this fine tranquil habitat. There followed a remarkably productive day and sitting down to write it in the evening, it's difficult to know where to start describing all that we saw.

At the first stop there were already many butterflies in the canopy, nectaring in tall flowering trees, among them Red-spot and Red-breast Jezebels, Common Windmill, Common Rose, and Golden Birdwing. A rather scruffy Blue Rock Thrush perched atop a telegraph post.

Around the lawns Cruiser and Clipper were both on the wing, the former common today, and the beautiful *Euploea mulciber* patrolled the leafy paths. The first of several Common Earls was at the forest edge. Butterflies continued with Common Palmfly, Banded Treebrown, and the metalmark *Abisara saturata*. Black Prince settled characteristically on the ground, and the only Courtesan of the tour was here. The hairstreak *Ticherra acte* was impressive, as was the lovely Indian Purple Sapphire. The wonderfully named Restricted Demon was among the skippers.

Streaked Spiderhunters called loudly, and Black-naped Monarch sallied at the forest edge. There was a large number of orthopterans, and a fine selection of lepidoptera larvae today. A great bonus was the discovery of many moths around striplights in one of the HQ buildings. Among these were swallowtails, magpies, many other fine geometers, hook-tips, tigers, pyralids, and noctuids. The highlight was a Moon Moth, *Actias selene*, and soon a second was found on the lawn allowing fine photos.

At the next stop was the distinctive orange banded skipper *Koruthaialos rubecula*, and the pyrgine skipper *Sarangesa dasahara*. Among the plants, a distinctive branched species of *Commelina* awaits identification, *Castanopsis acuminatissima* represented the Fagaceae, there was *Canarium bengalense*, a species of *Argyreia*, and an *Impatiens*. The nettle-tree *Libythea geoffroy* perched cryptically on a twig and butterflies continued with Common Caerulean, *Hyarotis adrastus*, Banded Treebrown, Angle Red Forester and Tree Flitter. Lemon Pansy was common, Red Lacewing was strikingly bright, and Red Helens patrolled the path. Various *Ypthima*, predominately *Ypthima baldus*, flew low along the grassy edges.

A beautiful porous bracket fungus was admired, there was an impressive robber fly, and the large 'black witch' type noctuid was *Erebus macrops*. An active flock of Pin-striped Tit Babblers moved through dense tangles and both Short-billed and Ashy Minivets worked the canopy. Emerald Dove was flushed from the forest floor and settled closely allowing good views. There were more fine lepidopterous larvae including that of a tussock moth.

Next was a viewpoint, the city and the extensive fine forested slopes of Doi Suthep below us. Here were many tiny snails and the satyrid *Orsotroiëna medus*. Lunch was excellent, taken at a small stall near the temple, authentic, delicious and speedily prepared. Sooty-headed Bulbuls were much in evidence, and as we were leaving a bonus was the superbly impressive large urania moth *Lyssa zampa*, and a chunky hawk moth larva.

As we drove further up, now on a narrow forest road, from the vehicle I was very pleased to spot several fine spikes of the single flowered broomrape *Aeginetia indica* blooming on the forest floor. These of course prompted a photography stop, and the satyrid *Lethe chandica* was on the wing.

A stroll around a deserted camp site yielded a species of *Miletus*, probably *Miletus ancon*, also seen here last year. We were to see a few of this interesting genus on the tour, the larvae carnivorous on Hemiptera. Beautiful Paris Peacocks were much in evidence nectaring on the planted rhododendrons. The skipper *Iton semamora*, the distinctive nymphalid *Laringa horsfieldi*, and Tailed Judy were all here too. *Mycalesis francisca* was identified and there were more Sooty-headed Bulbuls. Another fagaceous tree was *Castanopsis diversil* and in flower was the epiphytic orchid *Dendrobium compactum*. Another Moon Moth led some to believe the species common here, but this was the last we saw, and we had not seen the species on previous visits. Moths were however generally numerous this year, and gave an added dimension to the tour.

Lower down a side road took us to a small series of waterfalls where Great Barbets called. A fine selection of both hemipteran and homopteran bugs had been seen during the day, including a few

here, and there was a beautiful longhorn beetle. Special butterflies continued with the stunning skipper *Burara jaina*, a Tawny Rajah, Indian Yellow Nawab, *Polyura jalysus*, Rustic, and Small Yellow Sailor. *Calotes versicolor* was our first lizard.

This had been a day when fascinating things came one after the other, and the last highlight was several of the epiphytic orchid *Coelogyne trinervis* in flower.

Back at the hotel we enjoyed another excellent dinner, being more awake to appreciate it tonight.

Days 4 to 6 Thursday 27th to Saturday 29th October Doi Inthanon

It was time to say farewell to the beautiful Rachamankha where Western Striped Squirrels and Variable Squirrels frequented the garden trees. We left Chiang Mai and headed purposefully west towards Doi Inthanon National Park, at 2565m the eponymous mountain being Thailand's highest point. There was little to detain us on route and the quiet highway meant we made very good progress. At a supermarket supply stop was Magpie Robin in the car park, and many Globe Skimmers in the air.

Earlier than anticipated we arrived in the tranquil gardens of our lodge. The staff kindly let us check in immediately, despite the early hour. Whilst I sorted the practicalities everyone was already out and about spotting many things. The weather was again fine and there was much activity. Mottled Emigrants drifted over the lawns and Great Mormons flew past. Around the lake were a number of dragonflies including *Orthetrum pruinosum*, *Orthetrum sabina*, *Crocothemis servilia*, *Rhyothemis variegata*, *Trithemis festiva*, and *Pseudothemis jorina* especially distinctive with its prominent white abdomen blotch. The large gomphid *Ictinogomphus decoratus melaenops* patrolled the water, and *Ischnura senegalensis* represented the damselflies.

We settled into the comfortable rooms, named after local birds, and were soon out again in the gardens. A brief spell of rain soon passed to leave the rest of the afternoon warm and dry. The white flowered *Evolvulus nummularius* bloomed in the lawns, and I explained why the arachidi, peanuts, *Arachis*, were so called (paripinnate leaves with no rachis). The distinctive aquatic *Thalia geniculata*, with pendulous purple flowers, bloomed at the lake side. Belonging to the *Marantaceae*, this distinctive species is native to the neotropics.

Great Orange-tips nectared on bougainvillea, and Yellow Orange-tips were common. Swallowtails continued with Lime Butterfly and Common Mormon. One weedy corner, an overgrown garden of one of the chalets, where bloomed much *Bidens pilosa*, had many nectaring butterflies. Lycaenids were varied, among them Lesser Grass Blue, Plains Cupid, and Common Pierrot. Common Crows were a feature, and other danaiids were Glassy and Dark Blue Tigers. Commander settled on the roof of one of the attractive woodland houses here, and *Ypthima huebneri* was common at the woodland edge. Black Baza appeared now and again over the woodland, perhaps nesting here.

It was soon time for lunch, during which photos were compared of what had been seen already, which added more species to the list. We were soon out again in the afternoon for a three hour session for those who stayed the course. The dry woodland behind the hotel, with many weedy flowers on the verges, proved excellent for butterflies. The asclepiad vine with pale yellow flowers was *Telosma minor*. Both Golden and Common Birdwings flew gracefully in the gardens.

Among nymphalids, The Knight and Common Sailor were on the wing, there were several Leopard Lacewings, Common Leopards, and Blue Admiral was as always a good find. Female Great Eggfly was admired, and one productive spot had Common Nawab and Blackvein Sergeant. What was

probably Blue Nawab flew speedily past and did not stop. Copper Flash was seen, and Chestnut Bob and Indian Palm Bobs were among the skippers. Pierids included Common Wanderer, Three-spot Grass Yellow, and Tree Yellow. The only Yellow Pansy of the tour was here! The hairstreak *Ticherra acte* was admired, and there were again some impressive caterpillars.

Green-billed Malkoha crossing the track alerted us to a small bird flock which comprised mainly Greater Racket-tailed Drongos and White-headed Laughingthrushes. Chestnut-headed Bee-eaters were in the air.

The beautiful *Neurothemis fulvia* was much admired, a dragonfly with velvet red wings. On the edge of another small lake were all three species of *Copera*, *Copera ciliata*, *Copera marginipes* and *Copera vittata*, and a species of *Agriocnemis*. We found a beautiful striking green buprestid beetle, sadly deceased! 323 Buprestids are currently known from Thailand, and this was probably a species of *Sternocera*. Large *Nephila* spiders in their webs were a feature here. The pale yellow *Ipomoea obscura* was in flower.

Birds were somewhat few and far between but as well as the species already mentioned we did see Lineated Barbet, Indian Roller, Taiga Flycatcher, Common Tailorbird, Long-tailed Shrike, and last thing before dusk a flock of Red-billed Blue Magpies flying over the lodge. Our walk ended in lychee plantations outside the grounds.

The whole of the next day was spent on Doi Inthanon itself, the weather again fine. This was another superbly productive day. Just a couple of kilometres drive from the hotel and we were at Doi Inthanon park gates where I paid the entrance fees. Our first stop in dry forest had a number of impressive Common Archdukes patrolling the forest floor. The silvery geometer with short hindwing tails was *Micronia aculeata*, seen at several sites during the tour, and often numerous. Our first orchid of the day was the white flowered *Habenaria lindleyana*.

The next stop was remarkable for butterflies. Disturbed since my last visit, with concrete pipes piled up ready for laying, and mounds of excavated soil, the many silver cockscombs (Amaranthaceae) here attracted very many butterflies. The first indication of just how rich this site would be for butterflies was a flowering heliotrope attended by many Common, Glassy, and Dark Blue Tigers, and Common Crows. Moving on from that we soon realised just how many species were at this site. Danaids continued to be numerous, swallowtails included Common Rose and Common Mormon, and Striped Albatross represented the pierids. Two species of Silverstreak were a highlight, *Spindasis vulcanus* and *Spindasis lohita*. Among the skippers a *Tagiades* and a *Scobura* await identification. Among Nymphalids were *Pantoporia hordonia* and Chestnut-streaked Sailor. The deep crimson flowered, in fact almost black, legume *Macroptilum atropurpureum* was in flower.

Cascader dragonflies *Zygonyx iris* frequented the river rapids, where on rocks perched the damsel *Heliocypha perforata*.

Next we walked a forested path down towards a very impressive waterfall. The satyrid *Lethe confusa* was here and two species of yellow flowered gesneriaceae were in bloom. Blue Whistling Thrush frequented the waterfall. A highlight was the scarce metalmark White Punch, and in the large leafy car park were Studded Sergeant and many Brown Awls attracted by flowering trees. There was also a selection of grasshoppers and damselflies, the latter including the lovely *Coeliccia poungyi*. The falls were especially impressive today after recent rains.

The HQ gardens proved an excellent stop for odonata, among the species seen being *Matrona basilaris*, *Euphaea ochracea*, *Dysphaea dimidiata* and *Aristocypha fenestrella*. A male Orange Staff Sergeant was here and both Common Red-eye and Fringed Red-eye.

We had fine views of another very impressive high waterfall, and walked to its base amid lush gardens boasting many tree ferns, with *Selaginella uncinata* forming lush mats on the ground. A large white 'moth bug' was impressive, amid several other Hemipteran bugs. The impressive damsel *Megalestes kurahashii* perched, and *Mnais andersonii* was added to the list. A wooden pavilion had the noctuid *Erebus macrops* perched at two opposite corners! A number of Dark Judys nectared. A fine *Stibochiona nicea*, the Popinjay, perched low on a tree trunk.

An excellent lunch was enjoyed in the HQ restaurant, where the toilet block produced some more fine moths and an impressive mantid. Next we drove purposefully towards the end of the road, and Doi Inthanon summit, the fine weather continuing. Near the summit the lovely yellow *Impatiens longiloba* was in flower, as was *Rhododendron delavayi*. *Lithocarpus aggregatus* characterised the habitat, and there was a fine variety of ferns, including a beautiful 4-pinnate species. Here too were *Helicia nilagirica*, a member of the Proteaceae: the ericaceous *Agapetes hosseana* with tubular red flowers; *Streptolyrion volubile* belonging to the Commelinaceae; and *Viburnum cylindricum*. Flowery verges had much *Polygonum chinense*, a species of *Cyanotis*, the attractive *Hypericum hookerianum*, *Anaphalis margaritacea*, the gesneriid *Aeschynanthus hildebrandii*, and *Camchaya tenuifolia*.

This is the only site for Ashy-throated Warbler in Thailand, and we saw it well. Active mixed flocks comprised Bar-throated (Chestnut-tailed) Minlas, Dark-backed Sibias, and Silver-eared (Chestnut-crowned) Laughingthrushes, and we had fine close views. Characterful Yellow-cheeked Tits worked the lichen covered branches, and Rufous-winged Fulvettas were active in the shrub layer.

A great bonus (and indeed one of the highlights of my well travelled year) was the number of moths here, both in terms of species and individuals. Some very powerful spotlights had been installed since my last visit, which, obviously alight all night, had attracted vast numbers. The downside is that all these moths will never escape the pull of the lights, simply frantically attached to them each night, becoming ever more damaged. The first sign of this bonanza was a few more of the huge uraniid *Lyssa zampa*, on the ground, but then we realised the vegetation was awash with them, there were literally hundreds. This was stunning. There were at least six species of hawk moths, one being especially common, with two of the Death's Head Hawk *Acherontia lachesis*, and a species of Oleander Hawk, *Daphnis*. There were many fine geometers, noctuids, footmen, tigers, and pyralids. A stunning green catocaline with falcate forewings and orange flash coloured hindwings, and a strange projection at the head, was a species of *Eudocima*. Everywhere we looked we found new stunning species, such as a beautiful rosy tinted pug, a black arches, a green arches..... Black-headed Sibias were in attendance at this abundant food supply. Rather macabre was a beautiful sapphire taking liquids from the eyes of a dead rat!

Heading down the mountain, the last stop, for flowering *Habenaria malintana*, was much appreciated.

Thursday was a long driving day and we left as early as feasible for the all day journey. Interesting of course as we moved from the north to the centre of the country through some seven provinces, and varied vegetation zones and scenery. There was little time for stops however, other than rest stops and snacks. Although we could fly between centres, the time taken in dealing with airports, getting to and from them, connecting flights at BKK, etc., makes travelling overland the best option, and of course allows us to keep the same vehicle and Kampanat and Jo for the whole tour.

First we headed for Tak, then Kamphaeng Phet, Nakhon Sawan, and from there Suphan Buri, and onwards to Kanchanaburi. The only hitch came around Suphan Buri where we always get confused by the bypass, and I had to point out to Kampanant that we had in fact driven all the way around it this time, as we began to see certain landmarks for the second time. Finally we found the correct exit road.

Birds en route included Asian Openbills, Woolly-necked Stork, Black-shouldered Kite, Chinese Pond Herons, Grey-headed and Red-wattled Lapwings, Black-winged Stilts, and Black-collared Starling.

In the dark we arrived in Kachanaburi and our stylish hotel. The rooms were superb, and we enjoyed dinner in the newly reopened Thai restaurant on the banks of the River Kwai. The crepuscular dragonfly *Tholymis tillarga* was attracted by the corridor lights.

Days 7 to 9 Sunday 30th October to Tuesday 1st November Kanchanaburi

Beautiful forested limestone mountains characterise the River Kwai valleys that rise above the provincial capital of Kanchanaburi, and continue west to the Burmese border and Tenasserim. This is where the 'Death Railway' was built, and some 100,000 prisoners tragically died here. There are many memorials in the area, and the famous 'Bridge over the River Kwai' still carries trains across the river in town.

We spent two full days in the province of Kanchanaburi, visiting two of the fine national parks in the area, and found much of interest. On Sunday we first visited Sai Yok National Park, centred on an impressive waterfall. The weather was again fine. A stream supported the damsel *Heliocypha biforata*. Tokay Geckos called, and I located four of them crowded in a crevice in one of the outbuildings, their dangling banded tails betraying their hiding place. A pair of Ruby-cheeked Sunbirds worked through the trees. We saw a fine selection of impressive invertebrates, including a beautiful pink weevil, and an impressive large brown mantid. Slate Flash was added to the butterfly list, and *Aciagrion pallidum* was another new damsel.

Along one trail were several of the terrestrial orchid *Habenaria lindleyana*, white flowered and in fine form. Also in bloom was the green flowered *Habenaria lucida*. Small flocks of Striped Tit Babbler worked tangles, Black-naped Monarch and Grey-headed Canary Flycatcher attended mixed flocks, and Puff-throated Babblers worked the forest floor. We walked through forest towards a cave where I had located several of the very small endemic Kitti's Hog-nosed Bat on the recce. Not seen last year, we were delighted to find at least fifteen of this special endemic this year. Some of us ventured some way into the cave and saw this special species very closely. One or more larger species of bat was also flying around us. A bonus was a superb snake, a Yellow Black-tailed Racer, or Cave Racer, *Orthriophis taeniurus*, coiled on a ledge in the cave roof. Nearby was a hanging sloughed skin. This species feeds on the bats, and also rodents.

Common Evening Brown, Bamboo Treebrown and the amathusiid *Discophora sondaica* were on the wing. Poignant was a well preserved section of railway here in the forest, with sleepers still in place.

A feature in the park was the remarkable selection of fungi, and we saw many fine species today including a *Ramaria* relative, and various cup fungi.

Lunch was eaten at a basic but good roadside restaurant. That afternoon we visited the museum and memorial at Hellfire Pass. The museum was excellent, informative and moving, and conveyed well the terrible suffering here. We made a circuitous walk down to and along Hellfire Pass, and the atmospheric railway cutting. Natural history wise we saw a large number of earth stars, and another orchid in flower, *Habenaria dentata*. The skipper *Iton watsonii*, the only one of the tour, was here.

The following day Erawan proved an excellent site for butterflies. Famously the most impressive series of waterfalls in Thailand, our visit was deliberately on Monday not Sunday, which would have been crazily busy here. Indeed visitor wise today was the quietest I had known the site. We spent a full day here and saw much of interest. Near the entrance, around a small pond, was a lone *Pseudothemis jorina*.

Mud puddlers were already gathering, among them Striped Albatross, Common Albatross, Orange Gull, Common Nawab, Black Rajah, and Common Tawny Rajah. A highlight was the scarce *Charaxes distanti* with its distinctive white leading vein on the forewing costa. Golden Birdwing was on the wing and among other swallowtails were Common Rose, Yellow Helen, Common Mormon, Great Mormon, Common Jay, and several White Dragontails. The only Burmese Batwing of the tour was here. Black Prince was as always distinctive. *Ariadne specularia*, *Neptis miah*, and Dark Blue Tiger continued the variety, and Psyches fluttered weakly in the undergrowth. Among the many lycaenids were Straight Pierrot, Zebra Blue, *Castalius rosimon*, *Actyolepis puspa*, *Freyeria putli*, *Catachrysops panormus*, *Petreleia dana*, *Prosotas aluta coelestis*, Common Acacia Blue, and *Cheritra freija*. Yellow Orange-tip was much in evidence, and among other species were *Pareronia anais*, *Parantica aglea*, Rustic, Common Yeoman, Common Cruiser, and Common Palmfly.

Nymphalids continued with Little Map and Marbled Map, Indian Red Maplet, and the strangely named Sullied Brown Sailor. *Ariadne specularia* flew at the forest edge. Of particular note was the 'nettle-tree' butterfly, *Libythea geoffroy*. The sunbeam *Curetis bulis* and Yamfly continued the variety and Moore's Ace and Grass Demon were among the skippers.

Last year, by a forded stream, various emergent twigs had yielded many damsels including *Heliocypha biforata*, *Libellago lineata*, *Copera marginipes*, *Aristocypha iridea*, and *Calicnemia imitans*, and dragonflies including *Orthetrum chrysis*, *Orthetrum pruinosum*, and *Trithemis festiva*. Higher water levels this year meant no emergent twigs and consequently few odonata. We did however see *Neurobasis chinensis*, *Copera marginipes*, *Prodasinoura autumnalis*, *Orthetrum pruinosum*, *Neurothemis fluctuans*, and *Trithemis aurora* today.

There were several skinks, including Many-lined Sun Skink and Bowring's Slender Skink, the lichenose agamid *Calotes emma*, and a few impressively large Water Monitors.

Our attention as usual was on invertebrates, but among birds here were Shikra, Dark-necked Tailorbird, male and female Tickell's Blue Flycatchers, tame White-rumped Shama, Buff-breasted Babbler, Bronzed Drongo, Pied Fantail, and Bar-winged Flycatcher Shrike. The highlight was a Little Bronze Cuckoo perched high in a tree. Blue Whistling Thrush frequented the waterfalls.

Our hotel in Kanchanaburi was an excellent base, situated on the banks of the River Kwai, and ideally located for the journeys along both river valleys to the two parks we visited. Water Monitors were on the river banks, and among several birds seen in the gardens when we were occasionally there in daylight were Yellow-vented Bulbuls and White-browed Fantail.

Tuesday was another travelling day, leaving Kanchanaburi to head south to Kaeng Krachan, and our 'Boathouse' hotel at the northern end of the park. This was not as long a journey as our previous, and we arrived mid afternoon. Before leaving town we visited the famous 'Bridge over the River Kwai', where there were surprisingly few tourists today.

Later that morning, in Phetchaburi we made a supermarket stop which allowed for all sorts of practicalities to be achieved. The lunch stop provided a bonus as everyone was much more interested in the butterflies and dragonflies in the scrubby fields next door rather than ordering food. Peacock Pansy, Lime Blue, Moore's Ace, Leopards, and various danaiids were characteristic of the disturbed habitat. Flocks of Scaly-breasted Munias flew from shrub to shrub and Green Bee-eaters perched on the wires. Lunch here was superb.

Kaeng Krachan is Thailand's largest park, comprising a vast area of rainforest that stretches west to the Myanmar border. Arriving in the afternoon with ample time to explore before checking in to the hotel, we made our first visit into the park, which had just re-opened today following the closed season. This was a stunning afternoon for butterflies, no sooner had we crossed the entrance gate than clouds of them greeted us. Pierids formed the core, with Yellow Orange-tips, Common Gulls, Striped Albatross, and Orange Gulls much in evidence. Swallowtails featured with numbers of Common Mormons, a surprising number of Siamese Ravens, and Fivebar Swordtail. But it was the Marbled Maps that stole the show, there were HUNDREDS of them. One tree trunk for example (at sap or urine?) was heaving with them. Large Assyrian was new for us. Among all this were blues, skippers, and danaiids too. Two hawk moths perched on a tree trunk.

Driving further into the park, regular large congregations of mud puddling butterflies, even late into the afternoon, prompted more stops, and the butterflies were stunning. Not only was there mud puddling on the road but often the roadside vegetation was heaving with them too. The skipper *Bibasis sena* was added to the list, and a good selection of moths and other invertebrates included a stunning blue beetle.

Birds were, as we were now used to, elusive at this time. However Great Hornbills whooshed over, and we saw Black-crested Bulbuls, Verditer Flycatcher, Common Tailorbird, Black-naped Monarch, and Bronzed and Ashy Drongos. I spotted a fine large lepidopterous larva which looked very impressive in the 'scope. Crested Serpent Eagle took off from the road in front of us and landed in a tree.

Our boathouse rooms were comfortable, and we enjoyed a welcome dinner overlooking the large reservoir. Asian Pied Starling and White-breasted Waterhen were among the birds in the gardens.

Days 10 and 11 Wednesday 2nd and Thursday 3rd November Kaeng Krachan

After a rather cloudy start to the day the weather soon improved, and we enjoyed a superbly productive visit to the northern part of the park. Initially however this overcast weather was not good for bird or butterfly activity, and things were rather slow. Making short stops along the entrance road, very quiet today with almost no other visitors, we walked ahead. White-handed Gibbons called from the superb forest.

Great Hornbills again flew overhead. A day of many fine invertebrates started with Assassin Bugs and Tortoise Beetles. Danaiids were already settling on the road and again were numerous today. Small ponds had Red-wattled Lapwing scolding us, and Black-capped Kingfisher landed briefly atop a dead tree. Common Flameback flew over calling, and Crested Goshawk was in the air. A highlight was a pair of perched Black-thighed Falconets, distant yes, but a very special bird. Last

year among a fine selection of damsels here had been *Aristocypha fenestrella*, *Euphaea masoni*, *Ischnura senegalensis*, *Copera vittata*, *Ceriagrion auranticum*, and *Pseudagrion rubriceps*, but today Odonata were much fewer in number. There was however the emperor *Anax guttatus* hawking over the water, and the damsel *Pseudagrion microcephalum*.

Thick-billed Green Pigeons fed in fruiting trees and looked fine in the 'scope. Flowering shrubs attracted a myriad of crows and tigers, among them *Euploea sylvester*, *Euploea klugii*, and *Euploea midamus*. The hairstreak Common Tit was seen and the scarce papilionid Adamson's Rose mud puddled.

At the top of the drivable road we reached a campsite, an area that was so productive we spent the main part of the day here. There was superb mud puddling on both sides of the ford. Danaids continued numerous, and among the pierids were Red-spot Sawtooth, Orange Gull, Common Gull, Lesser Gull, Chocolate Albatross, Common Albatross, and Striped Albatross. There were very many Tailless Line Blues, and other lycaenids included Common Pierrot, Banded Blue Pierrot, Straight Pierrot, *Actyolepis puspa*, *Prosotas lutea*, and Common Lineblue.

Little Maps were numerous and Marbled Maps were ridiculously abundant (there were thousands of them!). Tailed Green Jay mud puddled and a highlight was another superb *Atrophaneura adamsoni* in fine condition. The only Spangle of the tour was here, and a Great Zebra. Orange nymphalids were a feature with Vagrant, Rustic, Leopard Lacewing, Common Yeoman, and Small Leopard all here. *Athyma zeroa* and *Athyma selenophora* were both here, and among the skippers were *Hasora taminatus*, Fulvous Pied Flat, Chestnut Angle and Chestnut Bob.

Some walked across the rushing ford whilst those who did not want wet feet asked Jo to drive them across. Red-spot Marquis settled on the track, Great Marquis settled on leaves at mid levels, and the beautiful amathusiid *Thaumantis diores* was admired. Black Giant Squirrel called and moved gracefully through the trees.

Butterflies became ridiculously numerous as the day warmed, all of the buildings around the campsite harbouring hundreds of massed danaids, with much else besides. The danaids were Dark Blue Tigers, Glassy Tigers, Chocolate Tigers, abundant Plain Blue Crows, Long-branded Blue Crows, Striped Blue Crows, and a lone Magpie Crow. There were many Brown Awls, a Blue Beak, Common Bluebottle, Common Jays, Red Helens, Siamese Ravens unusually numerous, several Cruisers, and more Sunbeams than I had ever seen anywhere. Common Nawab was also numerous and Autumn Leaf was a highlight.

Lunch was provided by Kampanat, as I'd given him cash to buy a selection of fruit, 7-11 snacks, etc., and we enjoyed this sitting outside, with butterflies all around us. There was a good visitor centre here with a very interesting selection of photographs, orchid charts, etc. After lunch there was more time to explore, and more mud puddling!

Stops on the way down were very productive, with again more mud puddling. White-spot Beak was new for us. Oriental Pied Hornbills, Black-naped Orioles, and Asian Fairy Bluebird were among the birds, and Vernal Hanging Parrots flew over calling distinctively. We stopped to watch a close troop of Stumptail (or Bear) Macaques at the forest edge.

On the lake near the entrance gate were prosaic Little Grebes and Moorhen, but also another Black-capped Kingfisher. The last stop of the day was to admire the fine selection of moths attracted by the gate house lights. The rangers here were pleased at our interest. A dynastid scarab beetle here was perhaps *Eupatorus gracilicornis*.

We enjoyed an interesting dinner back at the boat house.

The next day we drove to the southern part of Kaeng Krachan, centred on the Pala U waterfall, ironically the waterfall itself closed today due to too much water! There followed another very productive day. There was much Elephant evidence in the area, especially as we reached the southern boundary of the park, and another troop of Stumptail Macaques was encountered.

Nearby was one of the best butterfly sites of the tour, where a track had many species mud puddling, and very much else in the overgrown vegetation. This area produced some real highlights such as Silverstreak Blue, and a beautiful male Indian Leaf Butterfly that sat wings open on a low shrub, but all too briefly. Try as we might we could not relocate it. Sergeants were well represented by *Athyma pravara*, *Athyma nefte subrata*, and *Athyma zeroca*.

Gandaca harina, *Eurema blanda*, *Cepora iudith*, Lesser Albatross, and Common Wanderer were among the pierids. *Vagrans egista* was rather common, there were several Little Maps and Marbled Maps (but not in the numbers seen yesterday), the attractive *Terinos terpander* and *Terinos atlita*, Rustic, and Common Yeoman. A good number of Common Nawabs was notable, there was Black Rajah, and both Green and White Dragontails. Common Jay was rather common, we found the only Orange Albatross of the tour, Common Jester, and another Autumn Leaf. There were a good number of Yamflys, and Chestnut Angle was seen again.

Tanaecia lepida settled low on vegetation, Grey Pansy flew over the grassy verges, and Bamboo Treebrown flew at the forest edge. There were many plants, with a few in flower, of the impressively deep red aroid *Tylophium trilobatum*.

Again many crows were attracted to the exteriors of buildings here, among them Dark Blue Tiger, Glassy Tiger, Blue King Crow, *Euploea eunica*, *Euploea sylvester*, Striped Blue Crow, and a few Magpie Crows. Common Palmfly was much in evidence, of the striking blue form that is a mimic of the blue crows. Straight Pierrot mud puddled, *Prosotas nora* was rather common, and among the skippers were *Hasora taminatus* and Moore's Ace.

Michael and I spent some time releasing as many as we could of the butterflies trapped in some of the unused chalets here. Presumably they'd entered via the broken windows, but could not find their way out again.

There were also many dragonflies including *Trithemis aurora*; *Neurothemis fluctuans* and *Neurothemis fulvia* both with red wings; *Neurobasis chinensis*; the attractive damsel *Aristocypha fenestrella*; and *Orthetrum prunosum* and *Orthetrum sabina*. Tiger Beetles regularly flew up from the paths, and Bowring's Supple Skinks scuttled over the leaf litter.

By mid afternoon it was time to head to the coast and the hotel at which we would spend one night. This was a comfortable complex of self contained bungalows, and late afternoon in the extensive grounds we saw some ten Hoopoes, Blue-tailed and Little Green Bee-eaters, Red Collared Dove, Indian Roller, Yellow Wagtail, Paddyfield Pipits, and Scaly-breasted Munias. Berdmore's Ground Squirrel was here too. We later enjoyed a good dinner in the garden restaurant, some even choosing fish and chips!

Days 12 to 15 Friday 4th to Monday 7th November Khao Sam Roi Yot, and Khao Sok

We first spent a couple of hours exploring Khao Sam Roi Yot National Park, close to our hotel, with a fine mixture of habitat comprising karst formations, mangroves, salt marshes, and sandy beaches. The first short stop yielded Black-capped Kingfisher, Blue-throated Bee-eaters, Black-winged Stilts, and Little Cormorants. Among the plants typical of the habitat were *Calotropis gigantea* and *Solanum trilobatum*.

At the HQ I paid the fees, and a boardwalk took us through mangroves where on the recce I had watched Long-tailed Macaques catching Meder's Mangrove Crabs. The macaques were here today but we saw none of the endemic crab. The highlight today was a troop of Dusky Langurs, approachable very closely and watched for as long as we wished, the youngsters often coming incredibly close to give us quizzical looks. Mudskipper swam in the water rather than skipped on the mud, and Collared Kingfisher was seen all too briefly. Typical plants of this mangrove habitat were *Sesuvium portulacastrum*, *Suaeda maritima*, and *Lumnitzera racemosa*. On the limestone slopes above us were some impressive cycads, and a tree euphorbia. Serow occur on these limestone crags but we were not lucky enough to see any today. At Sam Phraya Beach we finally found a lone Bell's Butterfly Lizard, and on the shore both colour phases of Pacific Reef Egret. Christine found another beautiful green buprestid. Waders continued with Marsh Sandpiper, Redshank, Greenshank, and Common Sandpiper.

We had to tear ourselves away from this fascinating area to set out on a long drive south. Kampanat and Jo again did a fine job and we made steady progress, stopping regularly for rest stops. This year we just managed to arrive at Khao Sok in the light and settled into the rooms on the edge of impressive forest. The area boasts fine forested karst scenery, which looked especially beautiful in the late afternoon light as we approached the park.

Khao Sok boasts the largest expanse of pristine forest in southern Thailand. The following morning, after breakfast, we walked to the HQ, I bought tickets, and we spent the rest of the day exploring. As we neared the entrance gates, a Wallace's Hawk Eagle landed atop a low tree, a scarce raptor. We were momentarily distracted by an Atlas Moth on the wall of one of the houses, but sadly it was no longer alive! *Ipomoea quamoclit*, with beautiful red flowers, bloomed in scrub around the HQ and Grey Pansy flew in this disturbed habitat.

Being close to several of the most touristed beach and island destinations on the peninsula the park is very popular with backpackers. The number of visitors does not however detract from the wildlife here, and in this park in particular the more time one puts in the better it becomes, and we really saw some fine things here. Basically we walked one trail several times, leading to the first waterfalls, and saw different species every time, indicating the richness of the site. The dominant bamboo was *Thyrsostachys siamensis*, *Pandanus tectorius* was here, and a glaucous *Selaginella* was a feature. A very large leaved *Smilax* twined at the forest edge. A species of *Globba*, and *Costus speciosus* were in flower. There were several species of *Begonia*.

Along the forested path, with shaded and sunlit stretches, a selection of forest nymphalids included *Lexias pardalis*, *Lexias dirtea*, *Lebadea martha*, *Tanaecia flora*, *Tanaecia julii*, and several Great Marquis. Among swallowtails were Red Helen, Great Mormon, Common Bluebottle, and the only Banded Swallowtail, Common Clubtail, and Lesser Jays of the tour. Pierids included *Appias libythea* and Great Orange Tip. The distinctive Magpie Crow was here, and amathusiids were represented by *Faunis canens* at the forest edge, and the beautiful *Thaumantis diores*. Small Leopard was rather common and other nymphalids included *Hypolimnas bolina*, *Parthenos sylvia*, *Tanaecia pelea*, *Cyrestis cocles*, and *Polyura moori*.

Lycaenids were especially in evidence, and included Banded Blue Pierrot, Common Ciliate Blue, and among the oakblues the lovely *Arhopala democritus*. Impressive hairstreaks included the beautiful *Drupadia ravindra*, and several of the stunning *Neomyrina nivea*. Among the skippers were *Notocrypta paralysos* and the very distinctive Tiger Hopper. A species of *Pyronera* was distinctive, although not easy to ascribe to species!

An indication of the richness of the site is that although we saw much of interest butterfly wise, and we had seen many fine species on our previous visits, the lists of species seen on each visit differ considerably from one another.

A fine selection of dragonflies included *Anax guttatus*, *Neurothemis fulvia*, *Neurothemis fluctuans*, *Orthetrum glaucum*, and *Rhyothemis phyllis*. The impressive large Tokay Gecko, and Parachute Gecko with fringing skin flaps laterally and on its tail, were both attracted by insects around the hotel lights.

The second morning saw much finer weather, and began at the fruiting fig near the hotel, where at least four of the large and beautiful Gold-whiskered Barbet fed avidly on the abundant fruits. Giant Red-eye, a crepuscular skipper, landed on the path. At the park gate was a beautiful pink and yellow saturniid. In the clear blue skies were Brown-backed Needletail and a high soaring White-bellied Sea Eagle. We admired Scarlet-backed Flowerpeckers working mistletoe clusters.

We again walked the productive trail, and several butterfly species were added to the list. The distinctive skipper *Celaenorrhinus aurivittatus* was a pleasing find, and Dark Evening Brown flew in the shade. The scarce Dried-leaf Palmfly was a fine mimic of one or more blue crow species. New species continued with Cyclops Bushbrown, Banded Marquis, Autumn Leaf, and Metallic Caerulean. Skippers were a feature, and included *Tagiades japetus*, *Oriens paragola*, Bright Red Velvet Bob, Chocolate Demon, Common Banded Demon, and *Iton semamora*. The highlight was a fine male Koh-I-Nor that allowed a very close approach.

Again there was a fine selection of invertebrates, among them several beetles, heteropteran bugs, orthoptera, and hymenoptera.

Reptiles were much in evidence here. Forest Crested Lizards were impressive, Barred Gliding Lizards ('flying lizards') 'flew' from trunk to trunk, and Many-lined Sun Skink and Long-tailed Sun Skinks were common on the forest floor. Harlequin Monitor was seen in the hotel grounds.

The whooping calls of White-handed Gibbons were a feature, sometimes even in the middle of the day, and often in the forest just behind the hotel. Dusky Langurs were seen very closely again, and Long-tailed Macaques were much in evidence.

A bird highlight was a pair of Red-bearded Bee-eaters which perched and sallied from a low perch beside the forest track and allowed a very close approach and very prolonged views. Vernal Hanging Parrots flew over calling distinctively, and Great Hornbills were as always impressive. Stripe-throated Bulbul, Grey-eyed Bulbul, Red-eyed Bulbul, and Spectacled Bulbul were all here. Olive-backed Sunbirds nested near our rooms. Grey-breasted Spiderhunter was a highlight and Maggie and Peter saw Black-and-Red Broadbill.

It's worth listing some of the notable birds seen on previous visits, which reveals the potential of the site, and again the interesting fact that the species seen on each visit have been almost completely different, again showing the richness of the site. Among these were Straw-headed

Bulbul at the riverside (few recent Thailand records), Ochraceous Bulbul, Yellow-bellied Bulbul, Hairy-backed Bulbul, Plaintive Cuckoo, Chestnut-breasted Malkoha, Red Junglefowl, Tiger Shrike, Orange-bellied Flowerpecker, Crimson Sunbird, and Little and Streaked Spiderhunters.

On the second afternoon we set out to explore the boundary areas of the park, finding one interesting site in particular at the base of densely forested limestone outcrops. *Orsotriaena medus* was on the wing, and Crimson Sunbird was seen very closely. Viewpoints allowed fine vistas of the forested karst scenery. At the furthest point of our stroll a small pond had a yellow flowered species of *Utricularia*. Small Asian Mongoose disappeared through the grass, and Rufous-bellied Swallows and Blue-tailed Bee-eaters were in the air.

The hotel 'open-air' restaurant attracted some interesting insects in the evenings, such as cicadas, mantids, beetles, and moths. The amathusiid Palmking, a crepuscular species, was here too.

On Saturday morning we left Khao Sok and headed south towards Krabi from where we would take the short flight to Bangkok.

There was time for a short coastal stop which afforded fine views.

In Bangkok we stayed at a small, and very good, hotel near the airport. Dinner was enjoyable and we reflected on what a productive and enjoyable tour it had been.

Day 16 Tuesday 8th November

Departure

The shuttle bus took us to the airport. From there we all returned to LHR, I rushed off to Gatwick and returned to Italy the following day.

Systematic List Number 1 Butterflies

The taxonomy follows 'Butterflies of Thailand' by Ek-Amnuay, 2nd revised edition, 2012. Species seen on the 2014 recce or on the 2015 tour, but not this year, are retained in the list and annotated with the year they were seen. Species added this year are annotated 2016. Of course all species with no annotated date were seen in 2016.

Papilionidae

<i>Troides helena</i>	Common Birdwing	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Troides aeacus</i>	Golden Birdwing	Widespread, e.g. Chiang Mai area, Kanchanaburi area, Khao Sok
<i>Atrophaneura varuna</i>	Burmese Batwing	1 at Erawan
<i>zaleucus</i>		
<i>Atrophaneura dasarada</i>	Great Windmill	Doi Suthep 2016
<i>Atrophaneura polyeuctes</i>	Common Windmill	Several on Doi Suthep
<i>Atrophaneura adamsoni</i>	Adamson's Rose	2 fine individuals at Kaeng Krachan north
<i>Losaria coon doubledayi</i>	Common Clubtail	1 at Khao Sok
<i>Pachliopta aristolochiae</i>	Common Rose	Widespread and common
<i>goniopeltis</i>		
<i>Papilio demoleus malayanus</i>	Lime Butterfly	Doi Inthanon resort
<i>Papilio demolion</i>	Banded Swallowtail	1 at Khao Sok 2016
<i>Papilio castor mahadeva</i>	Siamese Raven	Many at Kaeng Krachan this year
<i>Papilio helenus</i>	Red Helen	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Papilio nephelus</i>	Yellow Helen	Erawan
<i>Papilio iswara</i>	Great Helen	1 at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Papilio polytes romulus</i>	Common Mormon	Widespread and reasonably common
<i>Papilio memnon agenor</i>	Great Mormon	Widespread and common
<i>Papilio protenor</i>	The Spangle	1 at Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Papilio paris</i>	Paris Peacock	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
<i>Graphium aristeus hermocrates</i>	Stripe Swordtail	Kaeng Krachan 2014
<i>Graphium antiphates</i>	Fivebar Swordtail	1 at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Graphium xenocles</i>	Great Zebra	1 at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Graphium sarpedon</i>	Common Bluebottle	Scattered records
<i>Graphium doson axion</i>	Common Jay	Scattered records, e.g. Kaeng Krachan
<i>Graphium evemon</i>	Lesser Jay	1 at Khao Sok
<i>Graphium eurypylus</i>	Great Jay	Several at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Graphium bathycles</i>	Dark Veined Jay	2 at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Graphium arycles</i>	Spotted Jay	A few at Khao Sok 2015
<i>Graphium agamemnon</i>	Tailed Green Jay	Scattered records, seen on 5 days
<i>Lamproptera curius</i>	White Dragontail	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Lamproptera meges</i>	Green Dragontail	Kaeng Krachan north and south
<i>virescens</i>		

Pieridae

Pierinae

<i>Delias agoranis</i>	Burmese Jezebel	Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Delias pasithoe</i>	Red-base Jezebel	Erawan and Si Nakharam Dam NP 2014
<i>Delias acalis</i>	Red-breast Jezebel	Doi Suthep 2016
<i>Delias descombesi</i>	Red-spot Jezebel	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
<i>Delias agostina</i>	Yellow Jezebel	Doi Suthep 2015
<i>Delias hyparete indica</i>	Painted Jezebel	Scattered records

<i>Leptosia nina</i>	Psyche	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Prioneris philonome</i>	Red-spot Sawtooth	Several at Kaeng Krachan north
<i>Pieris brassicae</i>	Large White	1 Doi Suthep, 2015
<i>Artogeia canidia</i>	Indian Small White	Doi Suthep 2016
<i>Cepora nerissa</i>	Common Gull	Erawan, and many at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cepora nadina</i>	Lesser Gull	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cepora iudith</i>	Orange Gull	Erawan and several at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Udaiana cynis</i>	Forest White	Recorded?
<i>Appias lyncida vasava</i>	Chocolate Albatross	2, Kaeng Krachan north
<i>Appias libythea olferna</i>	Striped Albatross	1 Doi Inthanon, Erawan, and numerous at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Appias nero</i>	Orange Albatross	A male at Kaeng Krachan south 2016
<i>Appias albina darada</i>	Common Albatross	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Appias paulina distanti</i>	Lesser Albatross	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Appias pandione</i>	Banded Puffin	Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Saletara panda</i>	Malayan Albatross	A male at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Ixias pyrene</i>	Yellow Orange Tip	Widespread and often common, especially so at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Hebomoia glaucippe</i>	Great Orange Tip	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Pareronia anais</i>	Common Wanderer	Widespread, e.g. Doi Inthanon and Erawan
<i>Pareronia valeria</i>	Malayan Wanderer	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok

Coliadinae

<i>Catopsilia pyranthe</i>	Mottled Emigrant	Widespread and locally very common
<i>Catopsilia pomona</i>	Lemon Emigrant	Widespread and locally very common, the distinctive form <i>catilla</i> at e.g. Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan south
<i>Catopsilia scylla</i>	Orange Emigrant	Doi Inthanon 2015
<i>Eurema brigitta hainana</i>	Small Grass Yellow	Doi Inthanon etc.
<i>Eurema laeta pseudolaeta</i>	Spotless Grass Yellow	Doi Inthanon etc.
<i>Eurema hecabe</i>	Common Grass Yellow	Widespread
<i>Eurema simulatrix sarinoides</i>	Hill Grass Yellow	Doi Suthep
<i>Eurema blanda silhetana</i>	Three-spot Grass Yellow	Scattered records
<i>Eurema sari sodalis</i>	Chocolate Grass Yellow	Doi Suthep etc. 2015
<i>Eurema andersoni</i>	Anderson's Grass Yellow	Doi Suthep, Doi Inthanon, Erawan, and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Eurema nicevillei</i>	Banded Grass Yellow	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Eurema ada</i>	Talbot's Grass Yellow	Si Nakhairim Dam NP 2014
<i>Gandaca harina burmana</i>	Tree Yellow	Widespread in small numbers

Nymphalidae

Danainae

<i>Danaus chrysippus</i>	Plain Tiger	Scattered records in disturbed habitat
<i>Danaus genutia</i>	Common Tiger	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Danaus melanippus</i>	White Tiger	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2014
<i>Tirumala septentrionis</i>	Dark Blue Tiger	Widespread and rather common
<i>Tirumala limniace</i>	Broad Blue Tiger	Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Parantica agleoides</i>	Dark Glassy Tiger	Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Parantica aglea melanooides</i>	Glassy Tiger	Widespread
<i>Parantica melaneus</i>	Chocolate Tiger	Doi Suthep and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Parantica sita</i>	Chestnut Tiger	Doi Suthep

<i>Ideopsis vulgaris</i>	Dark Blue Glassy Tiger	Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Idea stollii</i>	Ashy-white Tree Nymph	Khao Sok
<i>Euploea modesta</i>	Plain Blue Crow	Abundant at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euploea caramalzeman</i>	Blue King Crow	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euploea core godartii</i>	Common Crow	Widespread and locally common
<i>Euploea algea limborgii</i>	Long-branded Blue Crow	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euploea doubledayi</i>	Greater Striped Black Crow	Scattered records
<i>Euploea eyndhovii gardineri</i>	Lesser Striped Black Crow	Khao Sok 2014
<i>Euploea sylvester harrisii</i>	Double-branded Blue Crow	Kaeng Krachan south
<i>Euploea mulciber</i>	Striped Blue Crow	Widespread and reasonably common
<i>Euploea tulliolus</i>	Dwarf Crow	Si Nakharam Dam NP 2014
<i>Euploea phaenareta</i>	Great Crow	1 at Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Euploea midamus</i>	Blue-spotted Crow	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euploea klugii</i>	Brown King Crow	Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Euploea eunice leucogonis</i>	Blue-branded King Crow	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euploea radamanthus</i>	Magpie Crow	A few at Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok

Satyrinae

<i>Melanitis leda</i>	Common Evening Brown	Sai Yok
<i>Melanitis phedima</i>	Dark Evening Brown	Khao Sok
<i>Melanitis zitenius</i>	Great Evening Brown	Sai Yok 2015
<i>Elymnias hypermnestra</i>	Common Palmfly	Widespread and rather common, sspp. <i>tinctoria</i> and <i>agina</i>
<i>Elymnias dara</i>	White-banded Palmfly	Sai Yok 2015
<i>Elymnias casiphona saueri</i>	Dried-leaf Palmfly	1 at Khao Sok 2016
<i>Lethe europa niladana</i>	Bamboo Treebrown	Scattered records
<i>Lethe confusa</i>	Banded Treebrown	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
<i>Lethe naga</i>	Naga Treebrown	Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Lethe mekara</i>	Common Red Forester	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Lethe chandica</i>	Angle Red Forester	1 at Doi Suthep
<i>Lethe minerva</i>	Banded Red Forester	Erawan and Sai Yok NP 2014
<i>Neorina crishna</i>	Tailed Yellow Owl	A fine individual at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Ethope diademoides</i>	White Diadem	1 at Si Nakharam Dam NP 2014
<i>Penthema darlisa</i>	Three-coloured Kaiser	A male on Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Xanthotaenia busiris</i>	The Pan	1 at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Mycalesis mnasicles</i>	Cyclops Bushbrown	1 at Khao Sok
<i>Mycalesis sangaica</i>	Painted Bushbrown	Doi Suthep 2014, also seen 2015
<i>Mycalesis perseus</i>	Common Bushbrown	Scattered records
<i>Mycalesis mineus</i>	Dark Brand Bushbrown	Widespread
<i>Mycalesis intermedia</i>	Intermediate Bushbrown	Scattered records
<i>Mycalesis perseoides</i>	Burmese Bushbrown	Probably this species at Khao Sok 2016
<i>Mycalesis visala</i>	Long-branded Bushbrown	Recorded 2015
<i>Mycalesis francisca sanatana</i>	Lilacine Bushbrown	Doi Suthep
<i>Mycalesis anaxias</i>	White-bar Bush Brown	Kaeng Krachan 2014, also seen 2015
<i>Mycalesis malsara</i>	White-line Bushbrown	Doi Suthep 2015
<i>Orsotriaena medus</i>		Khao Sok and Doi Suthep
<i>Ypthima baldus</i>	Common Fivering	Widespread and common
<i>Ypthima singorensis</i>	Singor Fivering	Scattered records
<i>Ypthima savara</i>	Pallid Fivering	Dai Suthep 2014
<i>Ypthima huebneri</i>	Common Fourring	Widespread and common
<i>Ypthima confusa</i>	Confusing Threering	Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Ypthima watsoni</i>	Watson's Looped Threering	Scattered records 2014

Morphinae

<i>Faunis canens</i>	Common Faun	Doi Inthanon and Khao Sok
<i>Faunis kirata</i>	Broad Striped Faun	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Faunis gracilis</i>	Narrow Striped Faun	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Aemona lena</i>	White Dryad	2+ at Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Aemona amathusia</i>	Yellow Dryad	2+ at Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Amathusia phidippus</i>	The Palmking	Khao Sok
<i>Amathuxidia amythaon dilucida</i>	The Koh-I-Noor	A superb male at Khao Sok
<i>Thaumantis diores</i>	The Jungleglory	Singletons at Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Thaumantis klugius</i>	Dark Jungleglory	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Thauria lathyi</i>	Siam Jungleglory	Khao Sok
<i>Thauria aliris intermedia</i>	Tufted Jungleking	Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Discophora sondaica zal</i>	Common Duffer	Sai Yok and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Discophora sondaica despoliata</i>		Khao Sok

Charaxinae

<i>Polyura schreiber assamensis</i>	Blue Nawab	1 at Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Polyura moori</i>	Malayan Yellow Nawab	Khao Sok 2015 and 2016
<i>Polyura hebe</i>	Southern Nawab	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Polyura jalysus</i>	Indian Yellow Nawab	Singletons at Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Polyura athamas</i>	Common Nawab	Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Khao Sok, and many at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Polyura arja</i>	Pallid Nawab	Probably one of this species at Erawan 2016
<i>Charaxes solon</i>	Black Rajah	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Charaxes bernardus</i>	Common Tawny Rajah	Doi Suthep, Erawan
<i>Charaxes marmax</i>	Yellow Rajah	2015
<i>Charaxes distanti</i>	Malay Rajah	1 at Erawan 2016

Heliconiinae

<i>Acraea violae</i>	Tawny Coster	Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Si Nakharin. Remarkably not seen in 2016.
<i>Cethosia biblis</i>	Red Lacewing	Several at Doi Suthep
<i>Cethosia hypsea</i>	Malay Lacewing	A male at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Cethosia cyane</i>	Leopard Lacewing	Widespread and reasonably common
<i>Cethosia methypsea</i>	Orange Lacewing	Kaeng Krachan 2015
<i>Phalanta phalantha</i>	Common Leopard	Scattered records
<i>Phalanta alcippe</i>	Small Leopard	Kaeng Krachan and several at Khao Sok
<i>Cupha erymanthis</i>	The Rustic	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Vagrans sinha</i>	The Vagrant	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cirrochroa tyche</i>	Common Yeoman	Sai Yok, Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cirrochroa emalea</i>	Malay Yeoman	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Vindula erota</i>	Common Cruiser	Common at Doi Suthep, Erawan, and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Terinos terpander</i>	Royal Assyrian	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Terinos clarissa</i>	Malayan Assyrian	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Terinos atlita</i>	Large Assyrian	Kaeng Krachan, common

Limenitidinae

<i>Pantoporia hordonia</i>	Common Lascar	Scattered records
<i>Pantoporia paraka</i>	Parak Lascar	Khao Sok 2015

<i>Neptis duryodana</i>	Malayan Sailor	Khao Sok 2014
<i>Neptis clinia</i>	Clear Sailor	Doi Inthanon and Erawan
<i>Neptis hylas</i>	Common Sailor	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Neptis nata</i>	Sullied Brown Sailor	1 at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Neptis yerburii</i>	Yerbury's Sailor	2015
<i>Neptis jumbah</i>	Chestnut-streak Sailor	Doi Inthanon
<i>Neptis harita</i>	Dingiest Sailor	Sai Yok NP 2014
<i>Neptis miah</i>	Small Yellow Sailor	Doi Suthep and Erawan
<i>Phaedyma columella</i>	Short-banded Grey Sailor	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Athyma pravara</i>	Lance Sergeant	Southern Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Athyma asura</i>	Studded Sergeant	Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Athyma kanwa</i>	Dot-dash Sergeant	Erawan 2015
<i>Athyma selenophora</i>	Staff Sergeant	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Athyma zeroca</i>	Small Staff Sergeant	Kaeng Krachan 2016
<i>Athyma cama</i>	Orange Staff Sergeant	A male at Doi Inthanon
<i>Athyma nefte</i>	Colour Sergeant	A male, southern Kaeng Krachan, 2016
<i>Athyma ranga</i>	Black-veined Sergeant	Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Moduza procris</i>	Common Commander	Scattered records
<i>Lebadea martha martha</i>	The Knight	Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Lebadea martha malayana</i>	The Knight	Khao Sok
<i>Parthenos sylvoia</i>	The Clipper	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Tanaecia pelea</i>	Malay Viscount	Khao Sok
<i>Tanaecia clathrata</i>	Violet-bordered Viscount	Khao Sok 2016
<i>Tanaecia julii odilina</i>	Common Earl	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
<i>Tanaecia julii xiphiones</i>	Common Earl	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Tanaecia jahnu</i>	Plain Earl	Erawan 2015
<i>Cynitia lepidea</i>	Grey Count	A few records
<i>Cynitia flora</i>	Blue Count	Khao Sok 2016
<i>Cynitia cocytus</i>	Lavender Count	A few records
<i>Cynitia cocytina</i>	Horsfield's Baron	Khao Sok
<i>Euthalia monina</i>	Malay Baron	Erawan
<i>Euthalia aconthea garuda</i>	Mango Baron	Khao Sok
<i>Euthalia alpheda</i>	Streaked Baron	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Euthalia lubentina</i>	Common Gaudy Baron	One at Chiang Mai airport 2016!
<i>Euthalia evelina compta</i>	Red-spot Duke	Sai Yok 2015
<i>Euthalia teuta</i>	Banded Marquis	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Euthalia recta</i>	Red-spot Marquis	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euthalia dunya</i>	Great Marquis	Several at Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
<i>Lexias dirtea</i>	Black-tip Archduke	Khao Sok
<i>Lexias pardalis</i>	Common Archduke	Widespread and reasonably common
<i>Lexias canescens</i>	Yellow Archduke	Khao Sok 2014
 Cyrestinae		
<i>Cyrestis themire</i>	Little Map	Erawan, abundant at Kaeng Krachan and 2 at Khao Sok
<i>Cyrestis cocles</i>	Marbled Map	Erawan, and ridiculously abundant at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cyrestis thyodamus</i>	Common Map	Khao Sok 2014
<i>Cyrestis nivea</i>	Straight-lined Map	Khao Sok 2014
<i>Chersonesia risa</i>	Common Maplet	Erawan
<i>Chersonesia rahrioides</i>	Indian Red Maplet	Recorded
<i>Pseudergolis wedah</i>	Tabby	Doi Suthep 2015

<i>Stibochiona nicea</i>	Popinjay	1 at Doi Inthanon
<i>Biblidinae</i>		
<i>Ariadne ariadne</i>	Angled Castor	Scattered records
<i>Ariadne merione</i>	Common Castor	Scattered records
<i>Ariadne specularia</i>	Banded Castor	Erawan
<i>Laringa horsfieldi</i>	Banded Dandy	Doi Suthep
<i>Apaturinae</i>		
<i>Rohana parisatis</i>	Siamese Black Prince	Doi Suthep and Erawan
<i>Euripus nyctelius</i>	The Courtesan	A male at Doi Suthep
<i>Nymphalinae</i>		
<i>Kaniska canace</i>	Blue Admiral	3+ at Doi Inthanon
<i>Symbrenthia lilaea</i>	Common Jester	Southern Kaeng Krachan
<i>Symbrenthia hypselis</i>	Himalayan Jester	Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Junonia iphita</i>	Chocolate Pansy	Widespread
<i>Junonia atlites</i>	Grey Pansy	Khao Sok
<i>Junonia almana</i>	Peacock Pansy	1 at lunch stop en route to Kaeng Krachan
<i>Junonia lemonias</i>	Lemon Pansy	Widespread and common
<i>Junonia orithya</i>	Blue Pansy	Day 8 lunch site 2015
<i>Junonia hierta</i>	Yellow Pansy	Doi Inthanon
<i>Rhinopalpa polynice</i>	The Wizard	2 at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Yoma sabina</i>	The Lurcher	A dead individual at Khao Sok
<i>Hypolimnias misippus</i>	Danaid Eggfly	Doi Inthanon and Day 8, 2015
<i>Hypolimnias bolina</i>	Great Eggfly	Widespread in small numbers
<i>Doleschallia bisaltide</i>	Autumn Leaf	3 at Kaeng Krachan, 1 at Khao Sok
<i>Kallima inachus</i>	Indian Leaf Butterfly	A male, southern Kaeng Krachan, 2016
<i>Libytheinae</i>		
<i>Libythea narina</i>	White-spot Beak	1 at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Libythea geoffroy</i>	Blue Beak	Doi Suthep, Erawan, and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Lycaenidae</i>		
<i>Riodininae</i>		
<i>Zemeros flegyas</i>	The Punchinello	Several at Doi Suthep, also at Doi Inthanon, 2015
<i>Dodona egeon</i>	Orange Punch	1 at Doi Suthep 2015
<i>Dodona deodata</i>	White Punch	A female at Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Abisara fylla</i>	Dark Judy	5+ Doi Inthanon
<i>Abisara echerius</i>	Common Plum Judy	1 at Doi Suthep 2014, also seen 2015
<i>Abisara bifasciata</i>	Twoband Plum Judy	2015
<i>Abisara saturata</i>	Forest Judy	1 at Doi Suthep
<i>Abisara neophron</i>	Tailed Judy	1 at Doi Suthep
<i>Taxila haquinus</i>	Larger Harlequin	Kaeng Krachan 2015
<i>Poritiinae</i>		
<i>Poritia hewitsoni</i>	Common Gem	A dead individual at Doi Suthep
<i>Poritia</i> sp.	a gem	Si Nakharam Dam 2015

Miletinae

<i>Miletus chinensis</i>	Common Brownie	A few records
<i>Miletus croton</i>	Plain Brownie	1 at Doi Inthanon 2015
<i>Miletus ancon</i>	Divided Brownie	Probably this species on Doi Suthep
<i>Miletus mallus</i>	Narrow-banded Brownie	2015
<i>Allotinus subviolaceus</i>	Blue Darkie	Sai Yok NP (probably this species), 2014
<i>Allotinus substrigosus</i>	Lesser Darkie	Possibly this species at Khao Sok 2015
<i>Allotinus horsfieldi</i>	Common Darkie	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Spalgis epius</i>	The Apefly	A female at Erawan 2015

Curetinae

<i>Curetis bulis</i>	Bright Sunbeam	Erawan and in numbers at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Curetis santana</i>	Malayan Sunbeam	Second segment of palpi speckled with red, recorded 2015
<i>Curetis insularis</i>	Narrow-banded Sunbeam	Probably this species at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Curetis saronis indosinica</i>	Indochine Sunbeam	Probably this species at Kaeng Krachan

Polyommatainae

<i>Castalius rosimon</i>	Common Pierrot	Widespread
<i>Discolampa ethion</i>	Banded Blue Pierrot	Widespread
<i>Caleta roxus</i>	Straight Pierrot	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Caleta elna</i>	Elbowed Pierrot	Khao Sok 2014
<i>Caleta decidia</i>	Angled Pierrot	Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Tongeia potanini</i>	Dark Cupid	Recorded 2015
<i>Pithecopus corvus</i>	Forest Quaker	Doi Suthep and Sai Yok NP
<i>Neopithecopus zalmora</i>	The Quaker	2015
<i>Actyolepis puspa</i>	Common Hedge Blue	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Lestranicus transpectus</i>	White-banded Hedge Blue	2015
<i>Udara dilecta</i>	Pale Hedge Blue	Doi Inthanon
<i>Zizina otis</i>	Lesser Grass Blue	Scattered records
<i>Zizeeria maha</i>	Pale Grass Blue	Scattered records
<i>Zizula hylax</i>	Tiny Grass Blue	Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Khao Sok, etc.
<i>Chilades putli</i>	Small Grass Jewel	Erawan
<i>Chilades lajus</i>	Lime Blue	Lunch stop en route to Kaeng Krachan
<i>Chilades pandava</i>	Plains Cupid	Scattered records, e.g. Doi Inthanon
<i>Euchrysops cnejus</i>	Gram Blue	Scattered records
<i>Catachrysops panormus</i>	Silver Forget-me-not	Erawan 2016
<i>Leptotes plinius</i>	Zebra Blue	Several at Erawan
<i>Lampides boeticus</i>	Long-tailed Blue (Pea Blue)	Erawan 2015
<i>Jamides bochus</i>	Dark Cearulean	Doi Suthep
<i>Jamides celeno</i>	Common Caerulean	Scattered records
<i>Jamides malaccanus</i>	Malacca Caerulean	Khao Sok 2014
<i>Jamides alecto</i>	Metallic Caerulean	Khao Sok
<i>Jamides pura</i>	White Caerulean	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Jamides spp.</i>		
<i>Nacaduba kurava</i>	Transparent Six-line Blue	Scattered records
<i>Nacaduba beroe</i>	Opaque Six-line Blue	Scattered records
<i>Prosotas nora</i>	Common Lineblue	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Prosotas dubiosa</i>	Tailless Lineblue	Erawan and abundant at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Prosotas lutea sivoka</i>	Banded Lineblue	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Prosotas aluta</i>	Barred Lineblue	Erawan
<i>Prosotas gracilis ni</i>	Dark-based Lineblue	2015

<i>Petrelaea dana</i>	Dingy Lineblue	Erawan 2016
<i>Niphanda asialis</i>	White-banded Pierrot	A female Doi Suthep 2015
<i>Anthene emolus</i>	Common Ciliate Blue	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Anthene lycaenina</i>	Pointed Ciliate Blue	Erawan

Lycaeninae

<i>Heliophorus indicus</i>	Indian Purple Sapphire	Doi Suthep
<i>Heliophorus</i> sp.		Doi Inthanon summit
<i>Heliophorus</i> spp.	sapphire spp.	Others unidentified

Theclinae

<i>Cigaritis vulcanus</i>	Common Silverline	2 at Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Cigaritis syama</i>	Club Silverline	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Cigaritis lohita</i>	Long-banded Silverline	Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Arhopala pseudocentaurus</i>	Common Oakblue	Doi Inthanon and Day 8 2015
<i>Arhopala ijaensis</i>	White-banded Oakblue	1 at Khao Sok 2014
<i>Arhopala antimuta</i>	Small Tailless Oakblue	This species at Doi Inthanon 2014?
<i>Arhopala democritus</i>	White-dot Oakblue	Khao Sok
<i>Arhopala</i> spp.	oakblue spp.	Others unidentified
<i>Flos fulgida</i>	Shining Plushblue	Doi Suthep 2015
<i>Surendra quercetorum</i>	Common Acacia Blue	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Surendra vivarna</i>	Green-scaled Acacia Blue	Doi Inthanon 2015
<i>Iraota timoleon</i>	Silverstreak Blue	A female at Kaeng Krachan south 2016
<i>Amblypodia narada</i>	Blue Leaf Blue	Erawan 2016
<i>Amblypodia anita</i>	Purple Leaf Blue	Doi Inthanon and Erawan
<i>Neomyrina nivea</i>	Great White Imperial	Khao Sok
<i>Loxura atymnus</i>	Yamfly	Erawan and several at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Yasoda tripunctata</i>	Three-spot Yamfly	2 at Doi Inthanon 2014
<i>Cheritra freja</i>	Common Imperial	Doi Inthanon and Erawan
<i>Ticherra acte</i>	Blue Imperial	Doi Inthanon
<i>Drupadia ravindra</i>	Common Posy	Si Nakhairim Dam NP, Kaeng Krachan, and Khao Sok 2015. Khao Sok 2016.
<i>Drupadia theda</i>	Dark Posy	Day 9, 2015
<i>Horaga onyx</i>	Common Onyx	1 at Kaeng Krachan 2015
<i>Tajuria diaeus</i>	Straight-lined Royal	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Hypolycaena erylus</i>	Common Tit	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Hypolycaena amasa</i>	Fluffy Tit	Doi Inthanon 2015
<i>Deudorix epijarbus</i>	Common Cornelian	Doi Inthanon 2015
<i>Rapala pheretima</i>	Copper Flash	Doi Inthanon
<i>Rapala iarbus</i>	Common Red Flash	Si Nakhairim Dam NP 2015
<i>Rapala manea</i>	Slate Flash	Sai Yok
<i>Rapala scintilla</i>	Scarce Shot Flash	Doi Inthanon 2015
<i>Rapala varuna</i>	Indigo Flash	Erawan 2015
<i>Rapala melida</i>	Fruhstorfer's Flash	Erawan
<i>Rapala rosacea</i>	Rosy Flash	Doi Inthanon 2015

Hesperiidae

Coeliadinae

<i>Burara jaina</i>	Orange-striped Awlet	Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Bibasis sena</i>	Orange-tailed Awl	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Hasora taminatus</i>	White-banded Awl	Several at Kaeng Krachan
<i>Hasora leucospila</i>	Violet Awl	Khao Sok 2015, this species?

Hasora sp.

Kaeng Krachan

Badamia exclamationis Brown Awl Several at Doi Inthanon, Kanchanaburi area, common at Kaeng Krachan

Pyrginae

Capila phanaeus Fulvous Dawnfly Doi Inthanon 2016
Celaenorrhinus pyrrha Main Spotted Flat 1 on Doi Inthanon 2015
Celaenorrhinus aurivittatus Dark Yellow-banded Flat Khao Sok
Sarangesa dasahara Common Small Flat Doi Suthep
Pseudocoladenia dan Fulvous Pied Flat Several at Kaeng Krachan
Tagiades japetus Common Snow Flat Khao Sok
Tagiades parra naxos Straight Snow Flat Possibly this species at Khao Sok 2014
Tagiades cohaerens Evan's Snow Flat Doi Suthep
Tagiades spp.
Odontoptilum angulatum Chestnut Angle Kaeng Krachan
Spialia galba Indian Skipper Doi Inthanon 2015

Hesperinae

Ampittia dioscorides Common Bush Hopper Erawan
Ampittia maroides Banded Bush Hopper Kaeng Krachan
Ochus subvittatus Tiger Hopper Khao Sok
Halpe porus Moore's Ace Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
Halpe hauxwelli Pale Marked Ace 1 at Doi Inthanon 2015
Halpe sp. ace sp. Khao Sok 2014
Iambrix salsala Chestnut Bob Scattered records
Koruthaialos rubecula hector Narrow-banded Velvet Bob Several at Doi Suthep
Koruthaialos sindu Bright Red velvet Bob Khao Sok
Psolos fuligo Pale Spotted Coon Scattered records
Ancistroides nigrita Chocolate Demon Scattered records
Ancistroides gemmifer Gem Red Demon Khao Sok
Notocrypta paralysos Common Banded Demon Sai Yok and Khao Sok
Notocrypta pria Dwarf Banded Demon Khao Sok 2014
Notocrypta curvifascia Restricted Demon Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
Udaspes folus Grass Demon Erawan
Scobura sp. Doi Inthanon 2016
Suastus gremius Indian Palm Bob Doi Inthanon
Zographetus ogygioides Red Flitter Khao Sok 2014
Hyarotis adrastus Tree Flitter Doi Suthep 2016
Pyroneura sp. Khao Sok 2016
Pseudokerana fulgur Orange-banded Lancer Khao Sok 2014
Lotongus calathus White-tipped Palmer Doi Suthep 2014
Gangara thyrsis Giant Redeye Khao Sok 2016
Matapa aria Common Redeye Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan
Matapa cresta Fringed Redeye Doi Inthanon
Hidari irava Coconut Skipper A dead individual at Khao Sok
Taractrocera maevius Common Grass Dart Scattered records
Taractrocera ziclea Veined Grass Dart Doi Inthanon 2015
Oriens paragola Malay Dartlet A distinctive female of this dartlet at Khao Sok 2016
Oriens gola Common Dartlet Khao Sok 2014
Potanthus confucius Confucian Dart Scattered records
Potanthus spp. dart spp.
Telicota ohara Narrow-branded Palm Dart This species 2015?

<i>Parnara bada</i>	Grey Swift	Scattered records
<i>Pelopidas mathias</i>	Small Branded Swift	Doi Suthep 2014
<i>Pelopidas agna</i>	Bengal Swift	Probably this at Dheva Mantra, 2015
<i>Caltoris</i> sp.		2015
<i>Iton semamora</i>	Common Wight	Doi Suthep, Kaeng Krachan, and Khao Sok
<i>Iton watsonii</i>	Watson's Wight	Hellfire Pass

Systematic List Number 2 Dragonflies

Works used were 'Atlas of the Dragonflies of Thailand' by Matti Hamalainen and Bro.Amnuay Pinratana, 1999, and 'A List of the Odonata from Thailand (Parts I-XXI)', by Dr.Syoziro Asahina, edited by Bro.Amnuay Pinratana, 1993.

Calopterygidae

<i>Matrona basilaris nigripectus</i>	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
<i>Mnais andersoni</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Neurobasis chinensis</i>	Widespread, e.g. Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok
<i>Vestalis gracilis</i>	Doi Inthanon etc.

Chlorocyphidae

<i>Aristocypha fenestrella</i>	Doi Inthanon, Khao Sok, etc.
<i>Aristocypha iridea</i>	Doi Inthanon and Erawan
<i>Heliocypha biforata</i>	Sai Yok
<i>Heliocypha perforata</i>	Doi Inthanon 2016
<i>Libellago lineata</i>	Erawan 2015

Euphaeidae

<i>Dysphaea dimidiata</i>	Doi Inthanon, Khao Sok, etc. 2016
<i>Euphaea masoni</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Euphaea ochracea</i>	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon

Chlorolestidae

<i>Megalestes kurahashii</i>	Doi Inthanon
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Lestidae

Coenagrionidae

<i>Aciagrion occidentale</i>	This species Kaeng Krachan?
<i>Aciagrion pallidum</i>	Sai Yok and Khao Sok
<i>Agriocnemis femina</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Agriocnemis nana</i>	
<i>Agriocnemis pygmaea</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Agriocnemis rubescens</i>	
<i>Ceriagrion auranticum</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2015
<i>Ceriagrion chaoi</i>	
<i>Ceriagrion indochinense</i>	
<i>Ceriagrion</i> sp.	Doi Suthep
<i>Ischnura aurora</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Ischnura senegalensis</i>	Common and widespread
<i>Mortonagrion aborense</i>	
<i>Pseudagrion australasiae</i>	
<i>Pseudagrion microcephalum</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Pseudagrion pruinsum</i>	Kaeng Krachan south
<i>Pseudagrion rubriceps</i>	Kaeng Krachan

Platycnemididae

<i>Calicnemia imitans</i>	Erawan
<i>Coeliccia didyma</i>	Khao Sok
<i>Coeliccia poungyi</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Copera ciliata</i>	Doi Inthanon

<i>Copera marginipes</i>	Doi Inthanon and Erawan
<i>Copera vittata</i>	Doi Inthanon
Protoneuridae	
<i>Prodasineura autumnalis</i>	Erawan
<i>Prodasineura</i> sp.	Doi Inthanon 2016
Aeshnidae	
<i>Anax guttatus</i>	Kaeng Krachan north
<i>Gynacantha subinterrupta</i>	2015
Gomphidae	
<i>Ictinogomphus decoratus melaenops</i>	Doi Inthanon lodge
Libellulidae	
<i>Acisoma panorpoides</i>	Widespread
<i>Aethriamanta brevipennis</i>	Erawan
<i>Brachydiplax chalybaea</i>	
<i>Brachydiplax farinosa</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Brachydiplax sobrina</i>	
<i>Brachythemis contaminata</i>	Widespread
<i>Cratilla lineata</i>	
<i>Crocothemis servilia</i>	Common, e.g. Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan
<i>Diplacodes nebulosa</i>	
<i>Diplacodes trivialis</i>	Widespread
<i>Lathrecista asiatica</i>	
<i>Neurothemis fluctuans</i>	Widespread, e.g. Erawan
<i>Neurothemis fulvia</i>	Widespread and locally very common
<i>Neurothemis intermedia atalanta</i>	
<i>Neurothemis tullia</i>	
<i>Orthetrum chrysis</i>	Erawan
<i>Orthetrum glaucum</i>	Scattered records
<i>Orthetrum pruinatum neglectum</i>	Doi Inthanon, Erawan, Kaeng Krachan
<i>Orthetrum sabina</i>	Widespread and common
<i>Orthetrum testaceum</i>	Kaeng Krachan
<i>Orthetrum triangulare</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Pantala flavescens</i>	Widespread and often numerous
<i>Potamarcha congener</i>	Doi Inthanon, Erawan, etc.
<i>Pseudothemis jorina</i>	Doi Inthanon resort and Erawan. Very distinctive with a prominent white patch at base of abdomen.
<i>Rhyothemis phyllis</i>	
<i>Rhyothemis variegata</i>	Doi Inthanon resort
<i>Tholymis tillarga</i>	Dheva Mantra
<i>Trithemis aurora</i>	Scattered records, e.g. Sai Yok and Erawan
<i>Trithemis festiva</i>	Doi Inthanon
<i>Trithemis pallidinervis</i>	Boathouse hotel
<i>Tyriobapta torrida</i>	Khao Sok 2015
<i>Urothemis signata</i>	
<i>Zygonyx iris malayana</i>	Around waterfalls at Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan

Systematic List Number 3 Mammals

The systematic order and taxonomy follow 'A Field Guide to the Mammals of South-east Asia' by Charles M. Francis, New Holland 2008.

Common Treeshrew	<i>Tupaia glis</i>	Khao Sok on recce
Greater Short-nosed Fruit Bat	<i>Cynopterus sphinx</i>	A dead individual of probably this species at Doi Inthanon 2015
Kitti's Hog-nosed Bat	<i>Craseonycteris thonglongyai</i>	This restricted range endemic was seen at Sai Yok NP, some fifteen roosting individuals seen closely
Bat spp.		Several other species of bat were seen during the trip, both insectivorous and frugivorous.
Dusky Langur	<i>Trachypithecus obscurus</i>	A troop at Khao Sam Roi Yot seen very closely, and also at Khao Sok
Long-tailed Macaque	<i>Macaca fascicularis</i>	Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sam Roi Yot and Khao Sok
Northern Pig-tailed Macaque	<i>Macaca leonina</i>	Sai Yok NP on the recce
Stump-tail Macaque	<i>Macaca arctoides</i>	Kaeng Krachan north and south
White-handed Gibbon	<i>Hylobates lar</i>	Heard at Khao Sok and Kaeng Krachan. Seen at Khao Sok on the recce.
Small Asian Mongoose	<i>Herpestes javanicus</i>	Khao Sok area
Asian Elephant	<i>Elephas maximus</i>	Much sign at Kaeng Krachan, where we met a lone male along the entrance road in 2015.
Sambar	<i>Cervus unicolor</i>	Sign only
Black Giant Squirrel	<i>Ratufa bicolor</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2016
Grey-bellied Squirrel	<i>Callosciurus caniceps</i>	Scattered records
Pallas's Squirrel	<i>Callosciurus erhthraeus</i>	Widespread
Variable Squirrel	<i>Callosciurus finlaysonii</i>	Chiang Mai etc.
Red-cheeked Squirrel	<i>Dremomys rufigenis</i>	Khao Sok 2015
Western Striped Squirrel	<i>Tamiops mccllellandii</i>	Scattered records, e.g. Chiang Mai
Indochinese Ground Squirrel	<i>Menetes berdmorei</i>	Talay Tara

Systematic List Number 4

Amphibians & Reptiles

‘A Field Guide to the Reptiles of Thailand’ by Chan-ard et al, OUP 2015, is an excellent new guide. ‘A Field Guide to the Reptiles of South-East Asia’ by Indraneil Das, 2010, was previously the standard work.

Asian Giant Toad	<i>Bufo asper</i>	Khao Sok
Taylor’s Frog	<i>Limnonectes taylori</i>	Doi Inthanon
Dark-sided Chorus Frog	<i>Microhyla heymonsi</i>	A few records
a frog	<i>Clinotarsus penelope</i>	This species at Khao Sok?
Common Tree Frog	<i>Polypedates leucomystax</i>	Scattered records
Gekkonidae		
Spiny-tailed House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus frenatus</i>	Widespread and common
Garnot’s House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus garnotii</i>	Scattered records
Common Frilly Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus platyurus</i>	Widespread and often common
Common Four-clawed Gecko	<i>Gehyra mutilata</i>	Widespread
Common Tokay Gecko	<i>Gekko gekko</i>	Heard at various sites, seen at Sai Yok and Khao Sok
Common Parachute Gecko	<i>Ptychozoon lionotum</i>	A superb individual on rooms at Khao Sok
Agamidae		
Barred Gliding Lizard	<i>Draco taeniopterus</i>	Khao Sok
Cross-bearing Tree Lizard (Masked Spiny Lizard)	<i>Acanthosaura crucigera</i>	Khao Sok
Changeable Crested Lizard	<i>Calotes versicolor</i>	Scattered records
Moustached Crested Lizard	<i>Calotes mystaceus</i>	Doi Inthanon resort
Forest Crested Lizard	<i>Calotes emma</i>	Erawan, Khao Sok etc.
Common Butterfly Lizard	<i>Leiolepis belliana</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot, beach
Skincidae		
Many-lined Sun Skink	<i>Eutropis multifasciata</i>	Scattered records, e.g. Khao Sok
Long-tailed Sun Skink	<i>Eutropis longicaudata</i>	Scattered records
Variable Sun Skink	<i>Eutropis macularia</i>	Scattered records
Common Forest Skink	<i>Sphenomorphus maculatus</i>	Scattered records
Indian Forest Skink	<i>Sphenomorphus indicus</i>	
Bowring’s Slender Skink	<i>Lygosoma bowringii</i>	Widespread and common
Varanidae		
Harlequin Monitor	<i>Varanus dumerilii</i>	Khao Sok
Water Monitor	<i>Varanus salvator</i>	A few at Erawan, Kanchanaburi, etc.
Pythonidae		
Reticulated Python	<i>Python reticulatus</i>	A road casualty Surat Thani on the recce
Colubridae		
Wall’s Bronzeback	<i>Dendrelaphis cyanochloris</i>	This was the snake in the hut roof at the Krabi coast stop, 2015
Red-necked Keelback	<i>Rhabdophis subminiatus</i>	This was probably the aquatic snake seen at Khao Sok, 2015
Cave or Yellow Black-tailed Racer	<i>Orthriophis taeniurus</i> ssp. <i>helfenbergeri</i>	In the cave at Sai Yok, 2016

Systematic List Number 5 Birds

The nomenclature and systematic order follow 'Birds of South-east Asia' by Craig Robson, second edition, 2015. The focus of the group was generally on butterflies and other invertebrates, hence this rather impoverished bird list! Indeed birds were incredibly few and far between this year. Species seen on previous visits but not this year are annotated with the year in which they were last seen. Species new for the tour this year are annotated 2016. Of course all species with no annotated year were seen in 2016 too!

Rufous-throated Partridge	<i>Arborophila rufogularis</i>	Heard at Doi Inthanon 2015
Red Junglefowl	<i>Gallus gallus</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2015
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	2 at Kaeng Krachan
Asian Openbill	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>	Scattered records, including BKK airport
Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>	Scattered records
Little Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax niger</i>	Scattered records
Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Yellow Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus sinensis</i>	Wetland en route to Kanchanaburi 2015
Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2015
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2015
Great Egret	<i>Casmerodius albus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot etc.
Intermediate Egret	<i>Mesophoyx intermedia</i>	Scattered records
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	Widespread
Pacific Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot, dark and white colour phases
Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	Widespread and common
Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>	Widespread
Collared Falconet	<i>Microhierax caerulescens</i>	1 at Doi Inthanon resort 2015
Black-thighed Falconet	<i>Microhierax fringillarius</i>	2 at Kaeng Krachan 2016
Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	1 over Krabi 2015
Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	Several sightings on journeys, 2016
Oriental Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i>	Doi Suthep, Kaeng Krachan etc.
Black Baza	<i>Aviceda leuphotes</i>	Doi Inthanon 2016
White-bellied Sea Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucogaster</i>	1 at Khao Sok 2016
Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	Kaeng Krachan, Khao Sok etc.
Blyth's Hawk Eagle	<i>Nisaetus alboniger</i>	1 seen well at Khao Sok on the recce
Wallace's Hawk Eagle	<i>Nisaetus nanus</i>	1 at Khao Sok 2016
Crested Goshawk	<i>Accipiter trivirgatus</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
Japanese Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter gularis</i>	c.40 on Day 11, 2015
White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>	Boathouse hotel, etc.
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	1 at Kaeng Krachan 2016
Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot etc.
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Grey-headed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus cinereus</i>	Near Suphanburi 2016
Red-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	Scattered records
Red-necked Stint	<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2015
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2015
Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2015
Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot

Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2015
Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	Feral Pigeon widespread
Oriental Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia orientalis</i>	Scattered records, e.g. Khao Sok
Spotted Dove	<i>Streptopelia chinensis</i>	Widespread and common
Red Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia tranquebarica</i>	Scattered records, e.g. Khao Sam Roi Yot
Peaceful Dove	<i>Geopelia striata</i>	Scattered records
Thick-billed Green Pigeon	<i>Treron curvirostra</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>	Doi Suthep
Vernal Hanging Parrot	<i>Loriculus vernalis</i>	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sok
Large Hawk Cuckoo	<i>Hierococyx sparverioides</i>	Heard occasionally, e.g. Doi Suthep
Banded Bay Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis sonneratii</i>	Heard at Doi Suthep, etc.
Plaintive Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis merulinus</i>	Heard at various sites
Little Bronze Cuckoo	<i>Chalcites minutillus</i>	1 at Erawan 2016
Asian Koel	<i>Eudynamys scolopacea</i>	Widespread, often heard
Black-bellied Malkoha	<i>Phaenicophaeus diardi</i>	A few records
Green-billed Malkoha	<i>Phaenicophaeus tristis</i>	Widespread in small numbers
Chestnut-breasted Malkoha	<i>Phaenicophaeus curvirostris</i>	1 at Khao Sok on recce
Greater Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>	Scattered records
Collared Owlet	<i>Glaucidium brodiei</i>	Heard at Kaeng Krachan 2015
Asian Barred Owlet	<i>Glaucidium cuculoides</i>	Seen well at Doi Inthanon 2015
Collared Scops Owl	<i>Otus bakkamoena</i>	Dheva Mantra, and a dead individual at Doi Inthanon, 2015
Crested Treeswift	<i>Hemiprocne coronata</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Brown-backed Needletail	<i>Hirundapus giganteus</i>	Khao Sok
Glossy Swiftlet	<i>Collocalia esculenta</i>	Khao Sok
Himalayan Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus brevirostris</i>	Kaeng Krachan etc.
Black-nest Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus maximus</i>	Khao Sok
Asian Palm Swift	<i>Cypsiurus balasiensis</i>	Scattered records
Fork-tailed Swift	<i>Apus pacificus</i>	Scattered records
House Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>	Scattered records
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	Heard only!
White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	Scattered records
Black-capped Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon pileata</i>	Kaeng Krachan and Khao Sam Roi Yot
Collared Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus chloris</i>	1 at Khao Sam Roi Yot
Red-bearded Bee-eater	<i>Nyctyornis amictus</i>	A pair seen superbly at Khao Sok, 2016
Green Bee-eater	<i>Merops orientalis</i>	Widespread
Chestnut-headed Bee-eater	<i>Merops leschenaulti</i>	Kaeng Krachan etc.
Blue-throated Bee-eater	<i>Merops viridis</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot, 2016
Blue-tailed Bee-eater	<i>Merops philippinus</i>	Scattered records
Indian Roller	<i>Coracias benghalensis</i>	Scattered records
Dollarbird	<i>Eurystomus orientalis</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2015
Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot, 10+
Great Hornbill	<i>Buceros bicornis</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Oriental Pied Hornbill	<i>Anthracoceros albirostris</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Great Barbet	<i>Psilopogon virens</i>	Heard at Doi Suthep
Lineated Barbet	<i>Psilopogon lineatus</i>	Doi Inthanon etc.
Green-eared Barbet	<i>Psilopogon faiostrictus</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Gold-whiskered Barbet	<i>Psilopogon chrysopogon</i>	4+ seen well in fruiting fig at Khao Sok
Red-throated Barbet	<i>Psilopogon mystacophanos</i>	Heard at Khao Sok
Golden-throated Barbet	<i>Psilopogon franklinii</i>	Doi Inthanon
Blue-throated Barbet	<i>Psilopogon asiaticus</i>	Doi Suthep and Doi Inthanon
Blue-eared Barbet	<i>Psilopogon australis</i>	Kaeng Krachan

Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Psilopogon haemacephalus</i>	Sai Yok
White-browed Piculet	<i>Sasia ochracea</i>	1 at Si Nakharim Dam NP on recce
Bamboo Woodpecker	<i>Gecinulus viridis</i>	A male at Si Nakharim Dam NP on recce
Grey-headed Woodpecker	<i>Picus canus</i>	A male at Si Nakharim Dam NP on recce
Black-headed Woodpecker	<i>Picus erythropygius</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Common Flameback	<i>Dinopium javanense</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Great Slaty Woodpecker	<i>Mulleripicus pulverulentus</i>	Kaeng Krachan 2015
Black-and-Red Broadbill	<i>Cymbirhynchus macrorhynchos</i>	Khao Sok 2016
Silver-breasted Broadbill	<i>Serilophus lunatus</i>	Doi Suthep 2015
White-bellied Erpornis	<i>Erpornis zantholeuca</i>	Doi Suthep
Bar-winged Flycatcher Shrike	<i>Hemipus picatus</i>	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan 2016
Grey-chinned Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus solaris</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Short-billed Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus brevirostris</i>	Doi Suthep
Ashy Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus divaricatus</i>	Doi Suthep 2016
Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>	Scattered records
Black-naped Oriole	<i>Oriolus chinensis</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Ashy Woodswallow	<i>Artamus fuscus</i>	Widespread
Yellow-bellied Fantail	<i>Rhipidura hypoxantha</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
White-browed Fantail	<i>Rhipidura aureola</i>	Dheva Mantra
White-throated Fantail	<i>Rhipidura albicollis</i>	Doi Inthanon
Pied Fantail	<i>Rhipidura javanica</i>	Erawan
Black-naped Monarch	<i>Hypothymis azurea</i>	Scattered records
Asian Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone paradisi</i>	Heard at Khao Sok
Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	Widespread and common
Ashy Drongo	<i>Dicrurus leucophaeus</i>	Scattered records
Bronzed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus aeneus</i>	Erawan and Kaeng Krachan
Spangled Drongo	<i>Dicrurus hottentottus</i>	Sai Yok
Red-billed Blue Magpie	<i>Urocissa erythroryncha</i>	Doi Inthanon 2016
Common Green Magpie	<i>Cissa chinensis</i>	Doi Suthep 2015
Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	ssp. <i>leucotis</i> at Doi Suthep on recce
Rufous Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta vagabunda</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Eastern Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus leuallantii</i>	Widespread in small numbers
Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>	Widespread
Great Iora	<i>Aegithina lafresnayei</i>	Scattered records
Tiger Shrike	<i>Lanius tigrinus</i>	A female at Khao Sok on recce
Brown Shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>	Scattered records
Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>	1 at Doi Inthanon 2016
Ruby-cheeked Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes singalensis</i>	Sai Yok NP
Olive-backed Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia jugularis</i>	Widespread
Black-throated Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga saturata</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Mrs Gould's Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga gouldiae</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Green-tailed Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga nipalensis</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Crimson Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga siparaja</i>	Scattered records
Little Spiderhunter	<i>Arachnothera longirostra</i>	Doi Inthanon and Kanchanaburi
Streaked Spiderhunter	<i>Arachnothera magna</i>	Doi Suthep
Grey-breasted Spiderhunter	<i>Arachnothera modesta</i>	1 at Khao Sok 2016
Thick-billed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum agile</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Orange-bellied Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum trigonostigma</i>	A male at Khao Sok on recce
Plain Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum concolor</i>	Doi Inthanon
Scarlet-backed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum cruentatum</i>	Khao Sok
Blue-winged Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis cochinchinensis</i>	Si Nakharim Dam NP 2015
Golden-fronted Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis aurifrons</i>	A few records 2015

Asian Fairy Bluebird	<i>Irena puella</i>	Doi Inthanon and Kaeng Krachan
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	Around habitation
Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	Widespread and common
White-rumped Munia	<i>Lonchura striata</i>	Scattered records
Scaly-breasted Munia	<i>Lopnchura punctulata</i>	Widespread
Forest Wagtail	<i>Dendronanthus indicus</i>	Sai Yok NP 2015
Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	Scattered records
Paddyfield Pipit	<i>Anthus rufulus</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot
Velvet-fronted Nuthatch	<i>Sitta frontalis</i>	Doi Suthep 2015
Brown-throated Treecreeper	<i>Certhia discolor</i>	2 at Doi Inthanon on recce
Asian Pied Starling	<i>Gracupica contra</i>	Boathouse hotel
Black-collared Starling	<i>Gracupica nigricollis</i>	Near Suphanburi
Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	Widespread and common
Jungle Myna	<i>Acridotheres fuscus</i>	Scattered records
Great Myna	<i>Acridotheres grandis</i>	Widespread and common
Blue Whistling Thrush	<i>Myophonus caeruleus</i>	Doi Inthanon and Erawan
Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>	1 at Doi Inthanon 2016
White-browed Shortwing	<i>Brachypteryx montana</i>	A male and a female at Doi Inthanon on recce
Oriental Magpie Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>	Widespread
White-rumped Shama	<i>Copsychus malabaricus</i>	Erawan and Sai Yok NP
Siberian Stonechat	<i>Saxicola maura</i>	Khao Sok on recce
Grey Bushchat	<i>Saxicola ferrea</i>	Doi Inthanon and Doi Suthep, 2015
Asian Brown Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa dauurica</i>	Scattered records
Brown-streaked Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa williamsoni</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yok on recce
Taiga Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicilla</i>	Widespread and common
Hill Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis banyumas</i>	Seen on recce
Tickell's Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis tickelliae</i>	Male and female at Erawan
Verditer Flycatcher	<i>Eumyias thalassinus</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Grey-headed Canary Flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>	Scattered records
Yellow-cheeked Tit	<i>Parus spilonotus</i>	Doi Inthanon
Straw-headed Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus zeylanicus</i>	2 at Khao Sok on recce
Black-headed Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus atriceps</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Black-crested Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus melanicterus</i>	Widespread
Red-whiskered Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>	Chiang Mai etc.
Sooty-headed Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus aurigaster</i>	Chiang Mai etc.
Stripe-throated Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus finlaysoni</i>	Widespread
Flavescent Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus flavescens</i>	Doi Inthanon and Doi Suthep
Yellow-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus goiavier</i>	Kanchanaburi
Streak-eared Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus blanfordi</i>	Scattered records
Red-eyed Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus brunneus</i>	Khao Sok
Spectacled Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus erythrophthalmos</i>	Khao Sok
Puff-throated Bulbul	<i>Alophoixus pallidus</i>	Doi Suthep
Ochraceous Bulbul	<i>Alophoixus ochraceus</i>	Khao Sok
Yellow-bellied Bulbul	<i>Alophoixus phaeocephalus</i>	Khao Sok 2015
Hairy-backed Bulbul	<i>Tricholestes criniger</i>	Khao Sok 2015
Olive Bulbul	<i>Iole virescens</i>	Kaeng Krachan
Grey-eyed Bulbul	<i>Iole propinqua</i>	Khao Sok 2016
Black Bulbul	<i>Hypsipetes leucocephalus</i>	Doi Inthanon
Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	Scattered records

Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	Widespread and common
Pacific Swallow	<i>Hirundo tahitica</i>	Khao Sok and Bangkok Airport
Striated Swallow	<i>Cecropis striolata</i>	Khao Sok
Rufous-bellied Swallow	<i>Cecropis badia</i>	Khao Sok 2016
Oriental Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus orientalis</i>	Heard from the hotel in Bangkok
Slaty-bellied Tesia	<i>Tesia olivea</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Eastern Crowned Leaf Warbler	<i>Seicercus coronatus</i>	A few records
Pale-legged Leaf Warbler	<i>Seicercus tenellipes</i>	Sai Yok
Grey-crowned Warbler	<i>Seicercus tephrocephalus</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Chestnut-crowned Warbler	<i>Seicercus castaniceps</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Yellow-browed Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i>	Scattered records
Ashy-throated Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus maculipennis</i>	Doi Inthanon
Arctic Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus borealis</i>	Erawan etc.
Blyth's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus reguloides</i>	Scattered records
Rufous-winged Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe castaneiceps</i>	Doi Inthanon
Grey-cheeked Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe morrisonia</i>	Doi Inthanon 2015
Rufous-fronted Babbler	<i>Stachyris rufifrons</i>	Doi Suthep and Erawan
Striped Tit Babbler	<i>Macronous gularis</i>	Scattered records
Eyebrowed Wren Babbler	<i>Napothera epilepidota</i>	2 at Doi Inthanon on recce
Buff-breasted Babbler	<i>Trichastoma tickelli</i>	Sai Yok and Erawan 2016
Puff-throated Babbler	<i>Pellorneum ruficeps</i>	Sai Yok
Sooty-capped Babbler	<i>Malacopteron affine</i>	Khao Sok 2015
White-crested Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax leucolophus</i>	A flock at Doi Inthanon 2016
Silver-eared Laughingthrush	<i>Trochalopteron melanostigma</i>	Doi Inthanon
Bar-throated Minla	<i>Chrysominla strigula</i>	Doi Inthanon
Rufous-backed Sibia	<i>Leioptila annectens</i>	Doi Inthanon on recce
Dark-backed Sibia	<i>Malacias melanoleucus</i>	Doi Inthanon
Mountain Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus cuculatus</i>	Doi Inthanon on recce
Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>	Scattered records
Dark-necked Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus atrogularis</i>	Erawan
Yellow-bellied Prinia	<i>Prinia flaviventris</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2015
Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>	Khao Sam Roi Yot 2015